

# THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLIX] No 50 — E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

## GREAT FACTORY SALE — of — BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS

AT THE

### Royal Shoe Store

### SPECIAL LINES:

Men's Storm Rubbers at 75c worth \$1.00.

Women's Croquet Rubbers at 50c, worth 75c.

Women's Dongola Bluchers \$2.75, worth 3.50.

Women's Box Kip Blucher \$1.25, worth 1.75.

Women's Dongola Kid Blucher \$1.25, worth 1.75.

Men's Velour Calf Blucher \$2.75, worth 3.50.

Men's Box Calf Blucher \$1.75, worth 2.50.

Men's 2 Buckle Rubbers, Snag Proof, \$2.50 worth \$3

We have determined to make this the Greatest Shoe Sale in the history of Napanee.

Sale Commences Saturday Morning

ROYAL SHOE STORE, Napanee, Ontario

W. D. DICK, Manager.

#### TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,  
Nov. 21st, 1910.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor T. W. Simpson in the chair.

Present — Reeve Alexander and Councillors Meng, Osborne, Kimmerly.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from W. E. Vine, secretary of the Fire Brigade, asking the council for the amount of \$300, the usual amount of the firemen's remuneration, less the sum of \$15 which had previously been paid. Ordered placed on the pay list.

A communication was read from the Napanee Poultry, Pigeon and pet stock asking the council for the usual grant of \$25 towards the expenses of their annual show, also that the use of the town hall be granted for the days of January 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th, 1911. On motion the request was granted. Councillor Waller entered.

A communication was read from C. M. Warner, secretary-treasurer of the Historical Society, in reference to a couple of questions pertaining to that society. The first question was the payment of an account of \$9.17 for electrical wiring, lamps, etc., in their hall over the public library. The account was ordered paid. The next question was the repairing of the roof on the front part of the building. The roof is leaking and causing the plaster to fall from the ceiling. This question was referred to the Town Property Committee to look into and have the repairs made.

A communication was read from W. G. Wilson, solicitor for the Napanee Gas Company, in reference to damage done in the breaking of gas mains by the blasting in the sewers being constructed. In one of the breaks 7000 feet of gas was lost, in another 12000 feet was lost, and at another break the service had to be cut off altogether. The company did not want to make trouble for the town, but would expect payment for the losses. The town was fully protected in their contract for the construction of the sewers, but private parties must look to the town for any damage incurred.

Referred to the town solicitor. Councillor Steacy entered.

A petition was presented by Chas. Anderson, Chas. Stevens, F. W. Vandusen; V. Kouber and Potter and Blanchard, asking that the contractor in charge of the construction of the sewer on Dundas street be allowed to open the street easterly as far as the cement crossing in front of Anderson's livery stable.

The request was granted.

The Fire Water and Light Committee reported on several accounts which had been referred to them. They also reported: 1st — That no action be taken on the petition of P. Gleeson for a light on the corner near his coal office, at the foot of Centre street; 2nd — In reference to the petition of D. L. Hill, for a light on the corner near the Dominion Bank, the report stated that two 60 candle power lights had been placed on the front of the town hall building, and it was thought they would furnish sufficient light. The committee recommended the placing of four 100 series lamps as follows: One on Dundas street, east of G. B. Joy's residence, one at the foot of Centre street, on C. A. Graham's corner, one on Centre street at the corner of Mill and Centre, and one near the West Ward school. Also that the arc lamp at the corner of Centre and Ann

Now is the  
Time to Buy  
Underwear.

We carry All Kinds.

Tigar Brand, fleece lined, sizes 34 to 46, 50c to 75c.

Tigar Brand, wool, all sizes, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.40.

Turnbull's. all wool, "Cretee" all sizes, \$1.50 and \$2.50.

Combination Suits—Ellis' Spring Needle \$3.50 per suit.

Tigar Brand, elastic ribbed, \$2.50 per suit.

Cretee, all wool, \$4.50 per suit.

Boys' Underwear

in fleece lined and all wool, all sizes, 25c to 75c per garment.

J. L. BOYES,

The Men's Clothier.

street, in the trenches they provided for said sewers. It being understood that said town by this request grants said Waterworks Co., the right free from expense to said Waterworks Co., to so use said sewer trenches, and said town will cover said water pipe when filling their sewer trench, it being also understood that if said Waterworks Co., grants this request it is in no way detrimental to either party, and does no effect the contract entered into between the Waterworks Co., and the town.

On motion of Councillor Waller and Ming the Fire Water and Light Committee were instructed to have an electric light placed at the corner of Donald and Thomas streets.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Contract Record, Toronto.....	\$ 3 00
M. S. Madole.....	23 65
E. S. Lapum.....	1 75
E. A. Grange.....	2 50
Napanee Express.....	59 55
Dafoe & Waller.....	25 60
Geo. Greer.....	28 00

Council adjourned.

How to Get a 50c Psyshine Free.

Write to T. A. Stoeck Co., of Toronto, and say T. B. Wallace is your druggist, they will send you a coupon. Bring it to Wallace's Drug Store and we will supply you, free of charge, one regular 50 cent bottle.

CRIPPEN HANGED.

London, Nov. 23—Dr. Hawley Harvey Crippen to-day paid the penalty for the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, the



# EE EXPRESS

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

finds us in the lead for  
Plumbing, Steam, Hot  
Water and Hot Air  
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25th, 1910

## LOCAL OPTION.

The following is supplied by the Local Option Committee.

Galt is an important manufacturing centre of some 10,000 population, with a strong Scotch element. They have been canny enough down there to see the business advantage of local option, and, once in the ranks, would not entertain the idea of going back to the wet disorderlies again.

Mr. Cavers says: "In reference to the result of local option in Galt, there is very little question but that it has been and is a most pronounced success. We had expected that when it came into force there would probably be considerable confusion and inconvenience along many lines, but this did not prove to be so. Things went on just as if nothing had happened. We had seven hotels in town previously. One of these was closed and has since been vacant. The remainder continued and are all doing business."

The following is a copy of a letter received from the town of Winchester, Ont., signed by twenty-two of the business men of the place:

"This is the fourth year that Local Option has been in force and we have had a pretty good opportunity to judge as to its effects. We have no hesitation in saying that morally it has been a great improvement. It has done away with the open bar and almost entirely stopped the sale of liquor in the place. The law has been well observed. There has not been a single complaint entered for violation of the Act since it came into force nearly four years ago. While a limited quantity has been brought in by private parties we are satisfied that its use is steadily decreasing. Our largest employers of labor are strong advocates for local option on the ground that the men are steadier, lose less time and do better work than they did under the license system. The general business of the place has not suffered as a result of local option. This is

shown by the increased traffic at the railway station which shows a steady gain year by year since the act came into force, the present year being the largest since the railway was built. The business men of the place with the experience they have had are almost unanimously in favor of the act. That the citizens generally are satisfied is shown from the fact that no move has ever been made to bring on a repeal vote though this could have been done either last year or this.

One argument that is used against Local Option is that many people will pass a dry town to do their business where there is license. We have this true to a very small extent, but also have found that the increased purchasing power of the home wage earners more than makes up for any loss so caused. We are informed that bank deposits have materially increased during the past four years. The rate of taxation has not increased; it has in fact averaged lower for the four years of Local Option than for several years previous. The tax collector has had very little trouble over collections. In 1908 when the council met on Dec. 14th to balance up their books for the year there was less than ten dollars of uncollected taxes. In 1909 on the same date (outside one small property the owner of which was non resident) not one dollar of tax remained unpaid. Winchester suffered from a bad fire soon after local option came into force both hotels and several business places being wiped out. This interfered with business for the time being but now that we have ample hotel accommodation that trouble has been done away with. We are of the opinion that if Local Option were put to a vote of the people to-day it would be sustained by a larger majority than when it was first carried."

## DENBIGH.

Winter set in here very early this season, and a number of our farmers have not been able to finish their intended fall plowing. Many also complain of scarcity of water for their live stock and household purposes, as their wells and nearby creeks, some of which never failed before, have dried up.

The open season for hunting big game is over again for this season, and all the outside sportsmen who made things lively here for a couple of weeks have returned to their homes, and the usual quietness prevails again in the woods. Quite a number of them, as well as some of our local nimrods, failed to get even the one deer, which the game act allows them.

Game and fishery inspector, J. Tandoid, of Kingston, who spent a couple of weeks here, returned home again without having any occasion to prosecute any one for infractions of the game act.

Frank Chatson, jr., of Brockville, who enjoyed a pleasant visit with his parents and other relatives here, and also some successful sport in his native woods, has also returned home.

Joseph Marquardt, eldest son of Mr. E. Marquardt, died after an illness of only six days in Sudbury hospital, on

## POLITE REMINDER

To the Local Option Committee.

Mr. Editor,—

I have read with some amusement the product of the Literature Committee in your last issue. Does this Committee consider that reply a manly one? When arguments are advanced upon a public question and put forward in a gentlemanly spirit and courteous language by a citizen who pays as much taxes and has as good a claim to respectability as any members of that committee, is it an evidence of good citizenship, honest argument and gentlemanly bearing to reply as follows: "These are men who are looking to you to legalize their business, so that they can deal out over the bar to old and young, both men and women, their intoxicants, pure and impure, until their patrons are beastly drunk, as they have been seen on our streets by day and night, and no one will have the right to utter a protest against such because no statute will be broken, no law dishonored."

I would respectfully suggest to the Literature Committee that before

## DAFOE & WALLER

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,  
Posts, Sash, Doors,  
Mouldings, Etc.

AGENTS for Canadian Fairbanks Gas and Marine Engines.

AGENTS for Ruberoid Roofing and Flooring.

FACTORY next to the Big Mill. 'Phone 14

## Veteran Land Grants Wanted

Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated  
MULHOLLAND & CO.,  
28-1-y McKinnon Bldg., Toronto.

HOUSES TO RENT — Two desirable  
houses on Bridge street east. Apply to  
G. B. JOY.

WANTED — A Two-Horse Tread or  
Sweep Power in good repair. C. W.  
VANDERVOORT, Napanee. 46dp

FOR SALE — The brick residence on East  
Street, formerly occupied by the late  
Mrs. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON  
WARNER & GRANGE. 51

HOUSE FOR SALE, with two lots, new  
house 38 x 24, barn 28 x 24, electric light,  
hard and soft water, a splendid property at a  
low price. Apply to M. PIZZARIELLO. 11

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and  
Belleville districts. Many of these are  
valuable farms, and at right price. Call at  
once or write for list. We can suit you, and  
you will save time and money. Also some  
good town properties. W. G. H. BROWN,  
Real Estate. Opposite Royal Hotel, Napanee.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR  
SALE — 300 acres of land, more or less, in  
the 4th concession of the Township of Camden,  
at Varty Lake, being the farm of the late  
George Hartman. There are 2 dwellings, 2  
good barns and outbuildings on the premises,  
and good wells. Also for sale the Hotel Prop-  
erty in the Village of Colebrook. For further  
particulars apply to Mrs. A. C. Warner or Mrs.  
P. S. Wartman, Colebrook; or to Herrington,  
Warner & Grange, Barristers, Napanee.  
Dated October 26th, 1910. 46dp

FARM AND HOUSE AND LOT FOR  
SALE — Farm composed of west 85 acres  
of lot 14 in the seventh concession of the  
Township of Sheffield, and lot number 17 con-  
taining 200 acres in the seventh concession of  
the Township of Sheffield. This land is well  
watered by the Salmon river, good barns and  
drive house, warm, new 8 room dwelling house  
with woodshed. The farm carries a stock of  
eighteen head of cattle.

A good frame house, two storeys, cottage  
roof, veranda on two sides, cellar, living  
room, water well, cistern, barn, and half an acre of  
good garden, in the village of Camden East.  
Apply to A. B. GORDANER on the farm, or  
J. A. CARROLL, Yarker. 47d

## NOTICE OF MEETING.

THE CANADIAN BANK

## MILLINERY !

Advertising will not sell goods.  
All that advertising will do is to  
bring people to see whether they  
want to buy. Now that our tables  
are filled with all your needs we ask  
you to compare and see if our show-  
ing and prices are not just as good,  
if not a little wee bit better than any  
you have seen elsewhere.

This week we have opened up and  
have in stock the latest shapes in  
Satin, Silk, Felt and Velvet.

Also Beavers in white and black.  
It will pay you to see them before  
buying.

The latest Novelties in Collars,  
Belts, Jabots, etc.

## DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House

## THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

Capital Paid up ..... \$4,000,000.  
Reserve Fund and Undivided  
Profits ..... 5,300,000

Total Deposits by the Public ..... 45,700,000

Total Assets ..... 58,900,000

Travellers and Commercial Letters of  
Credit issued available throughout  
the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Manager, Napanee Branch.

## MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.



The German women have burst into speech to rebuke their kaiser. They were silent when he laid it down as the law years ago that children, the church, and the kitchen rounded out woman's sphere of action, beyond which she should not wander. But the other day at Knoigsberg he returned to the subject of woman's duty, and bade his petticoated subjects "devote themselves to the quiet of the home," and not to the "attainment of supposed rights."

That was too much. Not all German women are patient Griseldas. The league of associations of German women has taken the emperor to task. His attention is respectfully invited to "the modern conditions of life, which drive 9,500,000 women into the struggle for life outside of the home." He is assured that those millions of women appreciate the importance of woman's domestic duties, but that it is "absolutely necessary for them to go beyond the bounds of domestic duty. We regret, therefore, most deeply that our efforts to fit women better than heretofore for modern conditions of life have, by this imperial criticism, been brought into discredit among the unthinking and unreasonable."

These women talk sense. That very industrial development of Germany of which the kaiser is so proud, and which has done so much to promote, has forced women to breadwinners in one way and another and made the old notions of woman's heaven ordained sphere appear ridiculous. "No man putteth new wine into old bottles." The kaiser may try to do it, but in the nature of things he cannot keep the new wine from bursting the bottle.

Wonders never cease. The Chinese imperial government has issued a decree advancing the date for the assembling of the parliament. The remarkable petition of the senate and of leading merchants and provincial officials is thus granted, although a few months ago a similar petition was rejected with an air of finality.

It does not really much matter, either to the world or to China herself, whether the first Chinese parliament sees the light in 1916 or in 1913. What are three years after so many cycles of Cai-thay? But it does matter—it is, indeed, of the highest significance—that an active and powerful reform sentiment exists in China, that the need of a real parliament is felt and recognized and that the throne finds it prudent and advisable to go with the current. These facts do indicate an awakening, a progressive movement in life instead of merely an official paper, an appreciation of the fact that the old or-

# THE SECRET OF PEACE

## Confidence That Permanent Ill Can Come Only From Within, Never From Without

"Keep yourselves in the love of God."—Jude xxi.

Every man creates his own environment.

He may be unable to determine the character of all the circumstances that shall press about his life, but between his true self and the things without he erects an enveloping, protecting wall of thought. The character of your life depends largely on this closest environment, on your own attitude and cast of mind.

A good man may go into the worst places and get some good out of them, while the evil mind will wander through sacred scenes and amongst good people and still gather to itself only evil. Each has his own habit of mind, enveloping him like an invisible cloud and absorbing that which it discovers as appropriate food.

What you are, whether you will be happy, useful, good, and true, or not, is determined by this atmosphere of the soul. It does not depend on where you are, nor on what you may have of the things of life to enjoy. It depends on the contacts you make with your circumstances and possessions.

Fortune may seem to cast us here and there, our lot may seem to be peculiarly hard.

OUR PROSPECTS BARREN, yet neither foes nor misfortunes can determine for us how we shall look on life, in what terms we shall take it, what we shall get out of it, whether we shall lay bare to adversaries the quick of the soul, or turn to them the stiff front of courage, whether we shall in hours of pain put about us the sensitizing vapor of despair, or the anodyne of a calm confidence that all ill are but fleeting, that all work together for good, and we may from the bitterness of all pluck the best powers for ourselves.

This is the secret of the life of a good man, not that he is somehow set always in circumstances of prosperity and safety, but that faith in the eternal goodness is as an armor closer than any circumstances can ever be.

The things without can only reach him, only affect him through the medium of his belief in regard to them and to all things. They will be to him largely what he believes them to be.

The confidence in an eternal Father of Love sets itself about the inner life as a garment. It gives peace within no matter what storms may prevail without. It gives stability of heart amidst all changes of scene and fortune. It becomes the atmosphere of the life of thought and feeling and through it all things are seen and understood.

To keep oneself in the love of God is simply to maintain the confidence that the central fact of all our universe must be taken in terms of love, that that life from which all life springs, from which all energy ever flows is goodness, works ever

### FOR ULTIMATE GOOD.

To keep oneself in the love of God is to maintain this as the law of our lives, the axiom by which we live, that though definitions of the Lord of life must all fail, though none of us by our logic can discover God, yet since we are the fruitage of this eternal goodness we are in the hands of love, and upholding, guiding, aiding the life that sincerely seeks the good is this great law of love and this great life which we can only express in terms of personality.

This is to live by the law that goodness, right, and love must be eternally victorious. This is to test all life's ways and all its fruitage by this, whether they yield the fruits of righteousness, of love and truth. No losses can impoverish him who is becoming rich in heart, nor any foes wound him who gains courage in the conflict and who serves the cause of love.

Nearer to us than the things we see are the things we believe. More potent than the forces that press us without are the confidences we have within, and these determine the riches or poverty, the joy or sorrow of your life and its richness or poverty to other lives.

HENRY F. COPE.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

### INTERNATIONAL LESSON, NOV. 27.

Lesson IX.—The Trial of Jesus,  
Matt. 26. 57-68. Golden Text,  
1. Pet. 2. 23.

Verse 57. They that had taken Jesus—The soldiers sent out by the chief priests and elders.

The house of Caiaphas—An interval must be thought of between this and the arrest, as described by Luke. For a description of the method of procedure before the Sanhedrin, see Dummelow's Commentary.

Were gathered together—It is not

form of our Lord's reply is given differently in Mark ("I am"), but the meaning is the same.

Nevertheless—Introducing an emphatic statement to offset what had preceded. "It is true I now stand condemned before an earthly tribunal because of my claim to Messiahship; but this is not the end; from now on (henceforth) you may look for another scene when I, the Son of man, shall sit as Judge at the right hand of Power.

66. The high priest rent his garments—Not "an affection of horror," "a mere pretense" (David Smith). This is a very old way of expressing anguish. Here it is the high priest's official, rather than his personal, distress. "The high priest was not allowed to rend his clothes for his own sorrows, but he was expected to do so when a gross offense against God took place in words, that Jesus had spoken blasphemy is full of suggestiveness.

## HOME

### SOME DAINTY DISHES.

Apples and raisins cooked together as follows, make an excellent dish if served with custard or cream. Peel, core, and quarter a dozen large cooking apples, then add one pound of stoned raisins. Add sugar to taste, and stew together till the apples are tender. Serve cold.

Cauliflower with cheese sauce is generally liked. Boil a cauliflower, taking care to keep it perfectly whole. When nearly cold, pour over it some good white sauce, strongly flavored with grated cheese and with cayenne and salt. Set in the oven, and when quite hot, serve.

Little short cakes are useful for afternoon tea. Rub four ounces of butter into one pound of dried flour, add four ounces of caster sugar and two ounces of currants. Make into a dough with an egg, and if necessary a little milk. Roll out the paste to about a quarter of an inch thick, cut into rounds, pinch up the edges, and bake.

A veal goose makes a good joint for a family at a small expense. Bone a good-sized breast of veal, trim it neatly, and lay it, skin downwards, on a board. Cover it thickly with a sage-and-onion stuffing. Roll it up tightly, sew the flap, and bind it with tape. Roast it well, basting carefully. Send to table with good gravy, and a tureen full of apple sauce.

A Cheap Cake—Rub three ounces of dripping into three-quarters of a pound of flour, add two ounces of sugar, a quarter of a pound of currants, and one ounce of copped peel. Dissolve half a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda in a gill of milk, add a beaten egg, and then stir into the dry ingredients. Beat well together and then put into a greased tin and bake. The oven should be hot when the cake is first put in, and then be allowed to cool a little.

Patties of cold meat make a nice change for lunch or early dinner. Chop finely half a pound of cold meat, season with pepper and salt, a small teaspoonful of mixed herbs, add a little gravy, and dredge all with flour. For the paste, rub three ounces of dripping into six ounces of flour, add a teaspoonful of baking powder, and make into a stiff paste with cold water. Roll out thin, line some patty-pans with the paste, put a spoonful of the meat in each, cover with paste, and bake for twenty minutes to half an hour.

Stewed mutton and rice is a nice dish for children, and is easily cooked. Put about two pounds and a half of neck of mutton into a stewing jar with two sliced carrots, an onion, and a turnip cut up small, a teaspoonful of salt, a saltspoonful of pepper, and half pint of water. Cover it closely, and stand it in a saucepan of water, which should be kept boiling for three hours. Put a border of nicely boiled rice on a dish, with the meat in the centre. Garnish with the chopped vegetables and scatter chopped capers or parsley over.

Toby Pudding—Take three cupfuls of flour and mix into it a small teaspoonful of baking soda and a cupful of suet, finely shredded. Stone and chop enough raisins to fill a cup

raisins. In the fader, cigar, into syrup, into melted sins, to Bake us straw.

Carrot carrots full of s milk, tses, one half Bake in pumpkin.

Cream cream and a half tote a pie crust. the do

Give drink, than co small ti not hur

To elec ing rem a bit of affin an preserv

For t chair w economi use it on a h

Apply the aeci up with cerine, hand & way.

Yellow sewing by wett ammoni spots w laundry

When hold the the stea a mom stick to ing the

To pc piece of nail hal This kei used to them in If a l used ins amelld smooth also th stains f

It is pair of wearing will be f in many pairs w

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the need of a real parliament is felt and recognized and that the throne finds it prudent and advisable to go with the current. These facts do indicate an awakening, a progressive movement in life instead of merely an official paper, an appreciation of the fact that the old order has passed away. In view of the developments in Japan, Persia, Turkey, India and Egypt the news from Peking is not so astonishing after all.

Where is the best English spoken? James Russell Lowell used to maintain that it was spoken at Cambridge, Mass. Professor Mahaffy and other Irishmen would probably contend that it was spoken at Trinity College, Dublin. It was in this environment that a proposal made by an outsider to refer a disputed point to the dictionary was met by the plump declaration: "We are the dictionary." The latest claimant to the best English is Kentucky—at least that claim is made on Kentucky's behalf in the Pall Mall Gazette. The assertion seems to be based on the belief that the inhabitants of the eastern Kentucky mountains, more nearly than any other modern community, speak the language of Shakespeare.

This basis is insufficient. Nothing is more certain than that during the three centuries between Shakespeare and ourselves the vowel-scheme of the English language has radically shifted; in fact, the oral delivery of Shakespearean text by Elizabethan threats would be considerate of a puzzle to modern ears. It is useless to look for the best English in the backwaters of remote and isolated districts. It is rightly to be expected among cultivated people out "in the world"—people who have "lived gently" and have been instructed in the best schools and disciplined by social intercourse.

#### DO YOU LICK STAMPS?

A Machine That Will do it For You and Do it Quickly.

An automatic postage stamp machine which not only sells stamps but licks them on your letters is now installed in some of the London (England) postoffices. All you have to do is to insert a penny in the slot and your letter in a slit and press a knob. The machine does the rest—produces the stamp, moistens it, and presses it on the letter. It will stamp 50,000 letters without refilling. It declines to be defrauded, and will confiscate metal discs inserted as pennies without yielding a stamp. For private office use the machine is capable of stamping 6,000 letters an hour at the same time automatically registering the number of stamps used, wherein it will be found a distinct improvement upon the human and fallible file boy.

But you can't be sued for non-payment of a debt of gratitude.

Jesus—the soldiers sent out by the chief priests and elders.

The house of Caiaphas—An interval must be thought of between this and the arrest, as described by Luke. For a description of the method of procedure before the Sanhedrin, see Dummelow's Commentary.

Were gathered together—it is not clear (compare Mark) whether they had already met and were anticipating the arrival of their victim, or whether they came together as he was led in. At any rate, the minimum number of twenty-three were certainly present.

58. Peter—He and John had recovered from the fright which led them to flee upon their Master's being arrested, and at a safe distance they kept track of what was going on. At first Peter remained outside the court of the high priest, but afterward he gained admission through John, who had some kind of passport there from previous visits (John 18, 16).

59. Sought false witness—If this is an accurate statement, it simply shows that the case was prejudged. What they sought was not evidence but pretext. (Compare Mark: "They sought witness . . . to put him to death.") Any testimony would do, whether false or true, so long as it contributed to the desired result. "They met not to try but to condemn." No witness was called in the prisoner's behalf, and there was no attempt whatever to secure a just and impartial judgment.

60. Many false witnesses came—They doubtless volunteered all sorts of information, but none of it was of the incriminating kind; and, besides, no two of them agreed. The law required that at least two should offer the same testimony.

61. I am able to destroy the temple—In this way, the saying of Jesus by which he meant to refer to his body, was perverted and distorted (John 2, 19). Matthew and Mark report differently the words of these witnesses, a fact which tallies with Mark's statement that they did not agree. It was this disagreement, doubtless, that caused the implied charge of blasphemy and anarchy to fall flat.

62. Stand up—in order to add dignity and weight to his questions.

63. Jesus held his peace—it was this that elicited the interrogations from Caiaphas. So long as Jesus said nothing and the witnesses contradicted one another, there could be no ground for condemning him. But, as they did not agree, there was no necessity for him to answer. Besides, were not his life and work a sufficient defense against such accusations?

I adjure thee by the living God—This was the most solemn possible way of putting Jesus under oath, and the solemnity of it is increased when it is remembered that Caiaphas occupied the highest position in the church and nation.

Whether thou art the Christ—it is not necessary to believe that the high priest considered Messiah and Son of God as equivalent terms. Perhaps he united the two with a subtle purpose; for, if he could get Jesus to claim the latter, he would have a sufficient ground for condemnation. No doubt he was prompted to put the question by his intimate knowledge of the events connected with the triumphal entry.

64. Thou hast said—to have kept silent at this critical moment would have been a practical setting aside of all his claims for all time. The

Smith). This is a very old way of expressing anguish. Here it is the high priest's official, rather than his personal, distress. "The high priest was not allowed to rend his clothes for his own sorrows, but he was expected to do so when a gross offense against God took place in words, that Jesus had spoken blasphemy, is full of suggestiveness.

What further need have we of witnesses?—The glee and sense of relief on the part of Caiaphas is thinly concealed. "He had compelled Jesus to speak, and, with consummate dexterity, had extorted from him such a declaration as the Sanhedrin's malign purpose required." To be guilty of blasphemy was to be worthy of death (66). So answered his associates. And they had the law with them (Lev. 24, 16). It is not probable that such men as Nicodemus and Joseph of Arimathea were present.

65. Spit in his face—Such treatment of a condemned prisoner was extraordinary in its shamelessness. This smirch upon the record of the Jewish court some of their own historians have sought in vain to wipe out.

66. Who . . . struck thee!—An idle and ironical question, called forth by the fact that they had blindfolded him (Mark 14, 65).

#### CASTE'S HOLD IN INDIA.

#### Western Innovations Loosen It In Many Respects.

The Hindus will not touch water which has not been drawn by their own people, and they must not eat food cooked in water supplied by different caste. This fact for a long time hindered the use of the water works which the English have introduced into some of the cities, but by a special dispensation granted by the Brahmins they are now raising the ban as to water on tap. This is tending to modify caste.

Another is the railways and tramways. At first the Brahmins and others of the higher castes wanted cars of their own. They could not get them, and now all must travel together. The schools of the Government admit pupils of all castes, and the Brahmin boys now sit with boys of scavenger caste.

The Brahmins have also changed certain caste rules as to drink. The stores are full of new things from abroad, and these are desired by all castes in common. It is allowable now to use patent medicines and soda water without losing one's soul. A man is not damned if he buys ice made by a foreigner, and he can eat soda crackers without being polluted. It is the same with ginger ale and other soft drinks.

It is different as to meats. The flesh of the cow is sacred, and any Hindu who would eat the liquid extract of beef would be damned, and a ham sandwich is a passport to hell.

A Hindu will not defile himself by even uttering the word for steak.

#### FREE FIELD.

"It is easier to be good than great," remarked the moralizer.

"Yes," rejoined the demoralizer,

"one has less opposition."

Some mothers are so boastful they manage to act uppish over the way their children have the measles.

border of nicely boiled rice on a dish, with the meat in the centre. Garnish with the chopped vegetables and scatter chopped capers or parsley over.

Toby Pudding—Take three cupfuls of flour and mix into it a small teaspoonful of baking soda and a cupful of suet, finely shredded. Stone and chop enough raisins to fill a cup and add to other ingredients. Warm a cupful of treacle, and add it to the same quantity of milk, and make all into a light dough. If spices are not objected to, flavor the pudding with a teaspoonful of powdered cinnamon and ginger, mixed well. Place the pudding in a well-buttered mould, tie down with a floured cloth, and boil for three hours, taking great care that the water keeps at the full boil, or the pudding will be spoilt.

#### MOCK MEAT DISHES.

Nut and Cereal Roast.—One cupful of cold boiled barley, one cupful of any left over cereal or mixture of cereals (cropped macaroni and rice included), one cupful of fine white or brown bread crumbs, one cupful of finely ground roasted peanuts, one teaspoonful of salt, and one saltspoonful of white pepper. Chop one good sized onion full of butter until slightly colored, add two tablespoonyfuls of flour, stir until it cleaves to the spoon, then gradually add a cupful (hot) of the water in which the barley was cooked, or any vegetable stock; let simmer, stirring constantly for five minutes, then blend with the dry ingredients which have been well mixed. Mold into an oval loaf with the hands, place in a well buttered roasting pan and cook in a hot oven ten minutes, after which time baste every five minutes while cooking for one-half hour. Serve piping hot with a brown sauce made in the pan or a tomato or olive sauce. The olive sauce is prepared by adding four olives, minced, to the brown sauce. An excellent tomato sauce may be made by adding three table-spoonfuls of tomato catsup to a cupful of brown sauce. Stewed celery or oyster plant is good with this dish.

Poor Man's Turkey.—Season one and one-half pounds of pork chops with salt, pepper, and sage and roll in cracker or bread crumbs. Pile in row in the roaster and place on one side a row of Irish potatoes cut in half. Bake forty minutes.

#### CAKE.

Spice Cake.—Stir well together the yolks of three eggs, two cupfuls granulated sugar, one heaping cupful shortening, one grated nutmeg, one-half teaspoonful allspice, one-half teaspoonful ground cloves, one heaping teaspoonful cinnamon, one heaping teaspoonful ginger. Add one cupful sweet milk and stir again. Sift into four even cups of flour and stir all well together, then last of all add the whites of the three eggs well beaten first, and then stir the cake well.

Cake Hint.—To prevent your cake from sticking, put a paper in your pan, grease it, then sprinkle flour in, put your cake in and bake. When done your cake will come out and paper pull off of the cake without any trouble of sticking.

Cheap Ginger Bread.—One cup sugar, one cup syrup, one cup sour milk, three tablespoons melted lard or butter, four cups sifted flour, one scant teaspoon ginger, one teaspoon baking powder, one teaspoon cinnamon, pinch cloves, one cup chopped

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raisins, one scant teaspoon soda. In the flour put ginger, baking powder, cinnamon, cloves. Have sugar in mixing bowl, turn on the syrup, put soda in sour milk, put into sugar and syrup, then the melted butter or lard, flour the raisins, turn in, and beat thoroughly. Bake until successfully dried with a straw.

#### PIE.

Carrot Pie.—One cupful cooked carrots mashed fine, one-half cupful of sugar, two eggs, one pint of milk, two tablespoonfuls of molasses, one-half teaspoonful of ginger, one-half teaspoonful of cinnamon. Bake in one crust. It is better than pumpkin pie.

Cream Cheese Pie.—Mash a cream cheese. Add two beaten eggs and a half cup of white sugar. Mix all together and pour this filling in a pie plate lined with ordinary pie crust. Lay on the cream strips of the dough, lengthwise and crosswise, and set in a moderate oven.

#### WORTH KNOWING.

Give children plain cold water to drink. It is better far for them than constant milk or lemonade. A small tumblerful of pure water will not hurt a child at any time.

To clean linoleum without washing remove all the dust, then take a bit of flannel sprinkled with paraffin and rub the linoleum. It will preserve it and make it like new.

For the kitchen a folding camp chair will be found useful. To economize space when it is not in use it can be folded up, and hung on a hook flat against the wall.

Apply glycerine to a scald directly the accident happens, and cover it up with strips of rag soaked in glycerine. If the glycerine is not at hand apply salad oil in the same way.

Yellow stains on cloth caused by sewing-machine oil can be removed by wetting them thoroughly with ammonia and then rubbing the spots well before being sent to the laundry.

When you have bought raisins, hold the paper containing them over the steam escaping from a kettle for a moment. The fruit will not then stick to the paper when you are taking them out.

To polish an iron—On a smooth piece of board, such as a box cover, nail half a sheet of emery cloth. This kept at hand when ironing, and used to rub the irons on, will keep them in perfect order.

If a little common salt is always used instead of soap for cleaning enamelled things, they will remain smooth and white like new. It is also the best thing for removing stains from china.

It is true economy to have two pair of boots in use instead of one, wearing them on alternate days. It will be found that the two pairs will, in many cases, last as long as three pairs worn continuously.

To remove ink stains apply a paste of salt and lemon juice to the stained part of the cloth. Leave it for an hour or two, and if necessary repeat the application.

When repairing wall paper do not put on a square patch, but cut the edges as much as possible after the pattern. On a plain paper it is a good plan to tear the paper, as this makes a thinner edge, which adheres closely.

The temperature of a child's sick

## On the Farm

#### THE FARM HEN.

The easiest money picked up on the farm is eggs, and of all farm products they are the quickest turned into money. On most farms they are very carelessly handled, but to get the most money out of them they must be handled with care. Note the range in price on the city markets and the difference in handling. To command the highest price the eggs must be spotlessly clean and newly laid. To get a uniformed grade of eggs you should weed out of your flock of hens all old and sickly undersized and scrubby stock and change your roosters each year. To harden the shell of the eggs will ship well, the fowls should be fed oyster shells occasionally, or fed a bran mash two or three times each week. It matters not how good a range your flock has they should be fed grain at least once each day. Do not keep them in damp spring houses or musty cellars or hot kitchens. Keep them in a cool room and cover them so that they will not get fly speckles or dust on them. The soiled eggs should be cleaned with a dry cloth. Do not wash them. A washed egg quickly spoils and breaks in shipping. Do not put pin holes into them for grease to keep them from hatching. Do not carry your eggs to market in bran, oats, saw dust or fine hay or they will look old. At the prevailing prices for fresh eggs it is not profitable to fool with holding them in pickle, sold or insinglass or the like fakes. If the egg buyer in your section is slow and out of date, do not sacrifice your eggs by selling to him; but combine with your neighbors and ship to dealers familiar with the modern methods used in handling eggs and will pay for your eggs according to their quality.

#### GRAIN FOR COWS.

There is plenty of people who would feed grain to their dairy cows if they had it. They will not think of working the horse without grain, but they think it does not matter so much with the cow.

When the pasture starts to get short and cows need grain the most is just the time they are without it. Good cows under these conditions will milk all the surplus flesh from their bodies. When they get better fed they are not in shape to respond to it. Then people say it does not pay to grain the cow because she does not respond at once. She is then in no shape to respond to grain.

The man who feeds his cows a heavy grain ration six months of the year and lets them shift for themselves the other six months, is the man who is feeding his cows at a loss.

On the other hand, the man who feeds his cows a good liberal ration 12 months of the year and keeps his cows in good shape all the time is the man who is investing his money where it will bring him liberal returns. The key of the year to successful dairying is to breed better, to feed better and to butcher the boarders.

#### COWS AND ROUGHAGE.

## THE TOWERS OF SILENCE

#### PARSEE DEAD ARE FED TO THE VULTURES.

White Towers on Hill Where Fire Worshippers Expose Their Dead.

A visitor to India has described his visit to the Towers of Silence, where the Parsees of India expose their dead to be eaten by vultures.

The place where the towers of the dead stand is a beautiful one, on Malabar Hill, an elevation rising almost straight up from the sea, and washed by the winds from the ocean. The hill is covered with a beautiful garden. You walk up to it over well paved roads, shaded by tropical trees and bordered with flowers and shrubs. Winding your way through this luxuriant vegetation you at last reach a point from whence you can see far out over the Indian Ocean, and turning landward view the whole of Bombay. Here among the trees, shut off by an iron railing so that none but the priests may enter, stand five great circular towers as white as the bones that lie on their top.

#### LAID ON A GRIDIRON.

Each tower is about 25 feet high and 90 feet in diameter. It is crowned with a grating or great circular gridiron which slopes toward the centre, where a well five feet in width runs down to the sea.

The gridiron grating is cast in sections and so formed that there are foot paths here and there through it. In each tower there are certain divisions for the classes of the dead. One section is devoted to the bodies of men, another to those of women and a third to the children. The bodies are stripped naked before they are placed upon the towers, and after the flesh has been devoured by the vultures the skeletons are left to bleach and dry in the sun.

#### WHERE MEN ARE EQUAL.

"At first each tower seemed to me a huge cylinder of white with a frieze or coping of mighty black birds. As I continued to look the birds sprang into life. They raised their heads and craned their necks, and I thought they imagined us corpse bearers. A moment later, a funeral made its way up the hill, and I saw that they were gazing at it. In front came the two carriers of the dead and upon their shoulders lay the corpse of a baby, which was clad in white. The carriers had their faces covered, and behind them came mourners on foot, in white clothing. All Parsees walk to their funerals and they dress much the same. There are no differences of condition at the Towers of Silence.

"Naked we came into the world and naked we must depart from it," said my old Parsee guide. "The bones of us all go into these reservoirs, and the flesh of the rich and the poor feed the same vultures."

#### A PHOTOGRAPHER'S LUCK.

Resulting in a Picture of Attempt at Assassination.

One of the most remarkable photographs ever obtained was that of

## Fashion Hints

#### SEEN IN PARIS SHOPS.

Tailored coats reach to the hip. The use of dark fur edging is effective.

Bead bags and purses are shown in great profusion.

The bordered chiffons in "ombre" effect are extremely smart. We often see plain and fancy braids on the same garment.

Skirts are narrow and straight goth for practical and dressy wear. Lace tunics are predicted, and also broad lace collars in sailor shape.

Narrow bands of fur trim gowns of silk, satin, velvet, chiffon, or cloth.

Marabout trimmings are effective on soft satins and chiffons.

Yokes are seen as much as ever. It is rarely that they are made of a single material.

The newest corsets are lower in the bust and have more fullness above the waist line.

For dancing, skirts just escape the floor, and for walking they just escape the ground.

Satin gowns are frequently faced up on the inside with chiffon of the same shade.

Barbaric effects in bead work are sought for and striking results are often obtained.

For street wear in shoes the light suede top with patent leather vamp is the correct thing.

Nets, both plain and beaded, are extensively used for over corsages and tunics worn over velvet gowns.

The tunic effect is in vogue, and the models show the two sides of the skirt widely different in design.

For morning frocks silk warp henrietta, combined with English waterproof crepe, is greatly used.

Wide, splashy bands of satin are much used as trimming on frocks of chiffon, serge, or almost any material.

Chiffons in yellow tones—changing from the deepest gold to faintest buttercup yellow—are extremely pretty.

There is a continued favor of the kimono sleeve—not only on corsages, but on quite a number of the new jackets.

Pretty frocks of nets and marquises, stenciled in a simple design in soft colors, and the design outlined in beads.

Plain white net, pin dotted net, filet lace, and Venetian lace are popular for the round or square yoke and high collar.

#### NOT ALL SUNSHINE IN JAPAN.

Wages and Working Conditions of Girls in Mikado's Empire.

Japan is not quite such a paradise of prosperity as you may have been led to think. There seems every reason to suppose that the labor conditions in that go-ahead country are not all they should be. The rapid progress the "little folk" have made in keeping pace with the world has brought the world's ills in its train, and the particular evils that beset the industries of the West have come in as an adjunct to their successful invitations.

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sary repeat the application.  
When repairing wall paper do not put on a square patch, but cut the edges as much as possible after the pattern. On a plain paper it is a good plan to tear the paper, as this makes a thinner edge, which adheres closely.

The temperature of a child's sick room should never be below 60 degrees nor above 65. Hang the thermometer behind the child's bed and out of the draught.

If wardrobe space is limited, stand a hat box on a shelf, but before doing so open the sides so that when the cover is raised the side will drop down. In this way the box need not be taken down each time the hat is required.

When getting ready for a week's general sweeping, if you take down your lace curtains and the portiers, shake them and lay them aside till you are through, then put them in place again, they will keep clean much longer.

#### VALUE OF BIRDS.

**Earn Toll They Take of Fruit by Work Rest of Year.**

J. Simpson of St. John's Nurseries, Chelmsford, England, in a lecture to the Ipswich Gardeners Association cited some remarkable facts relating to birds and their effect on farms and gardens, says the London Standard.

Jackdaws, he said, were of special utility, one that was shot this year having been found to have no fewer than thirteen wire-worms and four chafer grubs in its mouth. A barn owl he pronounced to be worth its weight in gold.

Examination in relation to a pair of owls resulted in the discovery of the remains of 997 field voles, 726 mice, 469 cockchafers, 205 rats and 97 sparrows, beside a number of frogs, etc. F. Woolnough, curator at Ipswich Museum, replying to one member who said he had a row of plum trees that was absolutely ruined each year by bullfinches until he had to cut down the trees, stated that in March he examined the crops of thirteen bullfinches and in twelve cases the contents consisted entirely of insects and only one had traces of buds.

He believed blackbirds and thrushes thoroughly earned the toll they took of fruit by the way they helped the gardener all the rest of the year. The blackheaded gull he had found one of the most valuable birds in England, as it was especially fond of "leather jackets," a most injurious insect with a life of four years as a root eating larva before it became metamorphosed into a cockchafer.

#### MEAT DISHES.

**Roast Beef with Creole Sauce.**—Take a piece of shoulder, chuck, or rump. Put three tablespoonsfuls of flour on top of meat and half fill pan with hot water. Cut onion and one or two tomatoes in one end of roaster. When meat is half cooked, turn. Bake in a moderate oven. Meat will be tender and gravy delicious.

**Steak.**—Take round, shoulder or chuck steak. Fry quickly until slightly brown on each side. Remove from skillet and season. Make a flour and water gravy and return meat to skillet. Put skillet on back of stove and allow meat to simmer in the gravy from thirty to forty-five minutes.

shape all the time is the man who is investing his money where it will bring him liberal returns. The key of the year to successful dairying is to breed better, to feed better and to butcher the boarders.

#### COWS AND ROUGHAGE.

The farm can best produce roughage, and the dairy cow can best use it says Dr. J. B. Lindsay, of Massachusetts Experimental Station. There are four principal roughage crops—hay, corn, clover and alfalfa. I sometimes think that we pamper our animals too much by feeding them grain rather than roughage. We should educate our cows to consume large amounts of roughage. But for all that we must feed a certain amount of grain. I believe in buying high-grade by-products and mixing feed at home. Many of our proprietary mixed feeds are composed of low grade by-products and are being sold to farmers at high prices. Stick to the high grade concentrates, such as cotton-seed meal, linseed meal, gluten and distillers' grains.

As a rule, one cannot afford to feed more than five pounds of grain per day. A good combination would be a pound and a half of cottonseed meal, a pound and a half of wheat middlings, together with a bushel and a half of silage and all the hay that would be eaten clean.

#### BELIEVING AND BELONGING.

The risen Saviour calls us  
And we His word obey;  
Our all upon His altar  
With willing hearts we lay.  
We would be ever serving  
With heart or brain or limb;  
For we believe in Jesus  
And we belong to Him.

To purchase our redemption  
His precious blood was shed;  
To matchless heights of glory  
By Him we shall be led.  
We shall be with the angels  
And shining seraphim;  
For we believe in Jesus  
And we belong to Him.

We rest in His salvation,  
His teachings we embrace:  
We by His strength are girded  
To run the Christian race.  
We fear no foes that threaten  
Though fierce they be and grim;  
For we believe in Jesus  
And we belong to Him.

We would be ever striving  
His message to proclaim,  
Until the whole creation  
At length shall know His name.  
We wait the welcome summons  
To rise our lamps to trim;  
For we believe in Jesus  
And we belong to Him.

By words and acts of kindness  
May we His truth declare,  
Until our Lord shall call us  
To meet Him in the air.  
His matchless glory shineth  
Where once the light was dim;  
For we believe in Jesus  
And we belong to Him.

**T. WATSON.**  
Uniondale, Ont., 1910.

"Are you going to throw rice after the bride and bridegroom?" "I should say not," replied the thrifty friend. "If we have any groceries to toss away we'll box 'em up and send 'em around when they start housekeeping."

#### A PHOTOGRAPHER'S LUCK.

**Resulting in a Picture of Attempt at Assassination.**

One of the most remarkable photographs ever obtained was that of the actual exploding of the bomb which was thrown at the King and Queen of Spain on the occasion of their wedding.

It was secured by an operator for one of the largest firms of press photographers and according to the Strand has proved a veritable gold mine, appearing in close on 3,000 publications.

The photograph was secured more or less by a piece of good luck. The operator was on a stand with his camera in the place allotted to him by the police, waiting for the procession to appear. The camera was placed facing down the street up which the procession was to come.

From the moment it came in sight until the royal carriage was within about thirty yards of him the operator secured three pictures. He then readjusted the camera so as to get a good picture of the King and Queen in their carriage, which was about ten yards from him.

At the instant that the operator pressed the ball and exposed a plate a dark object was hurled at the royal carriage from a balcony window, and then followed instantly a blinding flash and a noise like a thunderclap. The operator was hurled half stunned to the ground, his camera following him. When he was able to stand he saw a terrible scene below him. The large crowd was stampeding in all directions.

Any one luckless enough to fall in that storm of rushing humanity was instantly trampled to death, and several did fall. Some thirty people in all were killed on that occasion, of whom at least half were simply crushed or trampled to death in the panic that followed on the explosion. It is very remarkable that all the plates in the operator's camera were broken with the exception of the last one he had exposed, which depicted the actual scene at the moment of the explosion.

#### A RADIUM SAFE.

Radium, being incomparably more costly than gold,—its present price is quoted at \$3,000,000 an ounce, although no one is prepared to furnish so great a quantity of it,—naturally has to be carefully guarded, and a special safe for this most precious of metals has just been constructed for the British Radium Corporation. The safe-maker had, like Caesar at Alesia, to face his defenses both ways. To defy burglars' tools he had to have walls of steel, and to keep the radium emanations from escaping he had to construct an interior cage of lead, lead being practically the only metal not penetrable by the rays. Another difficulty to be overcome was the construction of a door that would prevent the loss of emanations when it was opened. Valves are fixed in the door, through which tubes of mercury can be passed for the collection and storage of the emanations.

**Belle**—Why on earth do you always burst into tears when you're at a wedding? Nell—I don't know. I suppose it's to make up for my irresistible impulse to giggle at funerals.

rapid progress the "little folk" have made in keeping pace with the world has brought the world's ills in its train, and the particular evils that beset the industries of the West have come in as an adjunct to their successful invitations.

In consequence, the Japanese workman complains of being overtaxed, under paid, and exploited by the capitalist. Women are being drawn into employment in the factories in larger numbers year by year, and work at less wages, while many thousands of children under fourteen are working under unsatisfactory conditions.

According to Mr. S. Katazama, a Japanese Socialist, an industrial depression has set in during the past year. Wages have sunk from fifteen to thirty per cent., and the country is filled with the unemployed. Fifty years ago the landowners bore the cost of national expenditure, to-day they pay only one-sixth of the budget. The country's law-making is controlled by the large landowners, and the workers have no say in the matter. They are exploited in Japan not only by the landlords and the capitalists, but also by the lawgivers, and their condition is becoming worse every year.

It is in the weaving and silk work done at home, which is a common form of industry in Japan, that the sweating system is most rife. Fourteen to fifteen hours a day, miserable food, and unhealthy workshops are rather the rule than the exception. In spite of the reports that the wages paid in the textile industry are good, there is another side to the picture.

In many factories women and girls are employed under most unhappy conditions. They work in two shifts, which are changed every fourteen days. They are kept during the intervals between their spells of work, in prison-like dormitories inside the premises of the manufactory. They are sought out in remote parts of the country and forced to agree to a contract of at least three years for a wage of about \$30 a year. In many cases the girls, after paying their board and lodging, draw from two to ten cents a day.

#### PLANTS HAVE FEVER.

**Like Human Beings, Consume Reserve of Organic Matter.**

Not only animals but plants may suffer and die of fevers, says Monsieur Leclerc du Sablon. When a human being has fever he loses flesh on account of the increased combustion, the quantity of carbonic acid respired from the lungs being augmented from 70 to 100 per cent. A plant attacked by fever, which may be caused by a wound, rapidly consumes its reserves of organic matter and becomes enfeebled, sometimes sufficiently to cause its death. Monsieur Leclerc du Sablon has experimented with potatoes rendered feverish by cutting them. The temperature soon rises about one degree, and the quantity of carbonic acid given off increases several hundred per cent. If the potato survives, its "respiration" after a few days becomes normal, but it falls into an enfeebled state, resembling that of a person convalescent from a long fever.

If you would retain a friend, do things his way instead of yours.

**"For Tea You Can't Beat Lipton's"**

Blended by the World's Greatest Experts.  
Packed Only in Airtight Packages.

## LIPTON'S TEA

## OPENING OF PARLIAMENT

### Speech From the Throne Promises That Hudson Bay Line Will be Rushed

A despatch from Ottawa says: Through a cold wind on a dull November day the Governor-General drove in state on Thursday afternoon to open the third session of the eleventh Parliament. The Senate Chamber presented a brilliant scene. Nearly all the members of the House of Commons were in their places. Having already taken the oath of allegiance to King George Fifth, his Excellency spoke as follows:—

"When I prorogued Parliament in the month of May last," said Earl Grey, beginning the address from the throne, "I was about completing the term usually allotted to the office of Governor-General, but it has pleased his Majesty King George V. to continue me as his representative in Canada, and therefore it is my great pleasure again to greet you at the opening of this new session.

"I meet you under the shadow of the calamity which has befallen this country and the whole British Empire, in the demise of our beloved Sovereign King Edward VII. His death is mourned, not only by his subjects the world over, but by all civilized nations, who had learned to appreciate the many gifts and qualities which had earned for him the name of Peacemaker, by which he will be known in history.

"It is with great pleasure that I congratulate you on the ever-growing prosperity of this favored land. Trade and commerce are advancing in all directions with rapid strides. The total volume of imports and exports far exceeds all previous records and the growth of our industries and internal trade keeps pace with the development of our external commerce.

#### COUNTRY IS PROSPEROUS.

"Whilst in certain of the Western Provinces the crops did not realize the sanguine expectations which had been formed in the early spring, yet the total yield was reasonably satisfactory, and the Eastern Provinces in this regard have been more than ordinarily blessed. The conditions now existing over the whole country conclusively demonstrate

promote peace and friendship between us and our neighbours, but also to further the practice of settling international questions by means of arbitration.

"Marked progress is being made in the construction of the National Transcontinental Railway, and a large quantity of grain in this season finding an outlet from the West to the Great Lakes over this new highway. It is hoped that ere long a satisfactory arrangement can be made for the operation of the finished portions of the line, pending the completion of the road from Moncton to Winnipeg.

"The construction of a line of railway to Hudson Bay, which has occupied the attention of the people for many years, has assumed practical shape. Already a contract has been awarded for the construction of a bridge forming part of this railway across the Saskatchewan River at Pas Misi, and the work is now in progress. During the present session a measure will be laid before you providing for the prosecution and completion of this work with all possible speed. The connection of the Great West with the eastern portion of Canada, and also with the overseas markets by this new rail and ocean route, will only open up a new section of Canada, but will greatly assist in the development of trade and thus benefit both producers and consumers.

"The construction of the bridge across the St. Lawrence River at Quebec, the largest work of its kind ever undertaken, has been receiving the careful attention of my Government, and the utmost care is being observed so that success may be assured. The substructure is now under contract. Tenders for the erection of the superstructure have been received from four responsible companies, and are now being considered. It is expected that the contract will shortly be awarded and the work pushed forward to completion.

#### COMMERCIAL ARRANGEMENTS

"While recognizing the importance of the Canadian home trade and the value of markets for our

policy is now favored by the neighboring country, and that the Government at Washington express a desire to establish better trade relations with the Dominion.

Following the negotiations which took place some months ago between the President of the United States and my Government, the results of which were at the time communicated to Parliament, a further conference between representatives of the two countries has been held at Ottawa. While no conclusions have been reached, and no formal proposals made, the free discussion of the subject that has taken place encourages my Government to hope that at an early day, without any sacrifice of Canada's interests, an arrangement may be made which will admit many of the products of the Dominion into the United States on satisfactory terms.

#### TRADE WITH WEST INDIES.

"A very careful inquiry into the conditions of trade and transportation between the British West Indies and Canada has been held by a Royal Commission, appointed by his late Majesty, including among its members two of my Ministers. The report of the commission will be laid before you.

"In view of the Imperial Conference on copyright, at which unanimous conclusions were reached in favor of harmonious legislation on this subject throughout the Empire, a bill to revise and consolidate the law on copyright will be submitted to you.

"A measure will be submitted to you in furtherance of the provisions of the treaty recently passed with the United States on subject of contiguous waters.

"Bills will also be introduced respecting banks and banking, terminal elevators at the head of Lake Superior, and with regard to the investigation and betterment of industrial and labor conditions and other subjects."

#### BRAVE OPERATOR DROWNED.

Jumped Overboard in Attempt to  
Rescue a Passenger.

A despatch from Detroit says: While the steamer Maine was passing through Lake Superior on Sunday Robert McCall, aged 22, the wireless operator, jumped overboard in an effort to rescue Rose Gardner, a passenger who had been swept off the deck by an immense wave. McCall was never seen again and was probably rendered unconscious by being dashed against the side of the boat. Miss Gardner was rescued. McCall's home is in Marquette.

#### MURDERED WITH AN AXE.

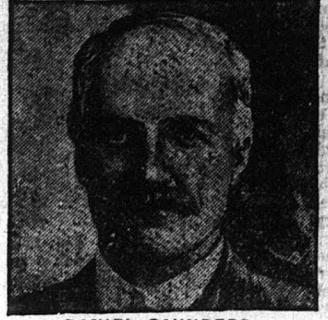
Brother of Man Under Arrest Identifies the Weapon.

A despatch from Halifax says: The Coroner's inquest on the body of Edward McGregor was concluded at Digby on Monday morning. The jury returned a verdict that McGregor came by his death on or about the 18th of October by the use of a hand axe in the hands of some party or parties unknown to us. They recommend a thorough and searching investigation by the authorities. The hand axe found near the body was covered with blood and hair.

#### HEAD CRUSHED TO PULP.

## STOMACH TORTURE

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" BROUGHT RELIEF



DANIEL SAUNDERS

Shoal Lake, Man., June 11th, 1910

"For years I was bothered with persistent Dyspepsia and Indigestion, having severe pains after meals and I tried everything that I could get but the pain in my stomach became no better.

A druggist recommended "Fruit-a-tives." I did not give up any foods I was in the habit of eating nor stop smoking—yet "Fruit-a-tives" has done wonders for me and I strongly advise all my friends to use it."

(Signed), DANIEL SAUNDERS  
"Fruit-a-tives" is sold at 60c a box, 6 for \$2.50 trial size, 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

## CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

### HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

#### CANADA.

Last year's fisheries were the largest in Canada's history.

Fire insurance companies report lowest fire loss rate in 41 years.

The marine insurance, which expires on November 30, has been extended for five days.

The Dominion Government is gathering information upon seeds preparatory to new legislation.

Three Senators and several members of Parliament are on the list of Sheldon's creditors.

With the new borrowings contemplated Montreal will have a civic debt of \$58,000,000.

The Legislature of Saskatchewan will meet in the new Executive Building on December 15.

Albert Dow of Toronto was committed for trial at Hamilton on a charge of passing bogus coin.

An important conference of Premiers has been called to meet in Ottawa next month.

The body of an unknown man was found hanging to a tree in the woods about five miles west of Brantford.

Luther Baker was acquitted of the charge of shooting Mrs. Washington, a colored woman, at Niagara Falls.

Hydro-electric power plants have disappeared from the City Hall at London, Ont., and it is supposed they have been stolen.

The Minister of Marine has ordered the Government steamer Lady of the Lake to go from Kirk to the relief of the Wolverine and other vessels frozen in in Lake Winnipeg.

George O'Hara was picked up insensible on the street at the Soo on Friday, and died in the hospital.

THE

REPO

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REPO

Whilst in certain of the Western Provinces the crops did not realize the sanguine expectations which had been formed in the early spring, yet the total yield was reasonably satisfactory, and the Eastern Provinces in this regard have been more than ordinarily blessed. The conditions now existing over the whole country conclusively demonstrate that even with lesser production at some points, the vastness and variety of our resources ensure at all times a high degree of progress for the whole country.

Negotiations for the acquisition from the Admiralty of the two cruisers, Niobe and Rainbow, have been carried on with his Majesty's Government, and the two ships have now arrived, and are stationed in Canadian waters, in pursuance of the policy adopted last session for the creation of a naval service.

#### HUDSON BAY LINE AND G.T.P.

The Hague Tribunal, to which was referred the controversy between Great Britain and the United States with reference to fisheries in Canadian and Newfoundland waters, has rendered a decision which has been accepted by all parties interested as a fair and equitable adjustment of this long pending dispute. The result is gratifying, inasmuch as it will tend not only to

satisfactory, and the Eastern Provinces in this regard have been more than ordinarily blessed. The conditions now existing over the whole country conclusively demonstrate that even with lesser production at some points, the vastness and variety of our resources ensure at all times a high degree of progress for the whole country.

While recognizing the importance of the Canadian home trade and the value of markets for our staples in the United Kingdom my Government feel that they should avail themselves of every opportunity to promote friendly commercial relations with the British colonies and foreign countries, so that our surplus products may be admitted into the markets of these countries on the most favorable terms. In pursuance of this policy commercial arrangements involving reductions of our Customs duties have been made with Italy and Belgium and a reduced schedule of duties has been granted to the Netherlands.

#### RECIPROCITY NEGOTIATIONS

The desirability of more equitable tariff arrangements between the United States and Canada has long been felt on this side of the border. The commercial policy of the Republic has not hitherto favored imports from Canada. We have bought largely from the United States, but they have bought much less from us in return. It is gratifying to find that a more liberal

about the 18th of October by the use of a hand axe in the hands of some party or parties unknown to us. They recommend a thorough and searching investigation by the authorities. The hand axe found near the body was covered with blood and hair.

#### HEAD CRUSHED TO PULP.

Strathcona Man Got His Head in Way of Descending Pile Driver.

A despatch from Strathcona, Alta., says: Luke McDonough, aged 23, while working on a pile-driver on the C. P. R. high level bridge between the two cities, on Monday, got his head in the way of the descending hammer, weighing 2,200 pounds, and was crushed to pulp. His widowed mother and family live at Lacombe, Alberta.

#### CELEBRATES 100TH BIRTHDAY

Aged Woman Able to Read Fine Print Without Glasses.

A despatch from Windsor says: Still hale and hearty and able to read fine print without the aid of glasses. Mrs. Charles Larribee of Colchester South celebrated her one hundredth birthday on Sunday. She is a native of Essex county, having been born within a short distance of her present home. She can recall many stirring incidents of the American Civil War although at the conclusion of these hostilities she was a woman well advanced in years.

#### DIED ON MARKET SQUARE.

Chatham Woman Exoired While Walking With Daughter.

A despatch from Chatham says: Mrs. O. Anderson dropped dead on the Market Square while walking along in company with her little daughter, on Monday. She complained of feeling ill, and as she was about to sit down on the steps of a building, she suddenly succumbed and fell dead. Death was due to heart failure.

#### LOST IN LAKE MICHIGAN.

Steamer Panther Said to Have Founded Off Garden Island.

A despatch from Detroit says: The steamer Panther, upbound with coal, is reported to have founded off Garden Island, in the Northern end of Lake Michigan.

#### FIGHTING IN MEXICO.

Many Killed and Wounded, but Federalists Victorious.

A despatch from Mexico City says: Reports have just reached this city from Puebla stating that a clash occurred on Friday night between anti-re-electionists and Federal forces, in which many persons were killed and wounded. It is stated that the Federal forces have the upper hand.

#### CUT IN COST OF FLOUR.

Montreal Millers Reduce Prices 20 Cents Per Barrel.

A despatch from Montreal says: All millers on Saturday reduced prices of flour 20 cents per barrel, making first patents \$5.60; seconds \$5.10 and strong bakers \$4.90 per barrel in bags. There was also a decline of \$1 per ton in shorts to \$21.

they have been stolen.

The Minister of Marine has ordered the Government steamer Lady of the Lake to go from Selkirk to the relief of the Wolverine and other vessels frozen in in Lake Winnipeg.

George O'Hara was picked up insensible on the street at the Soo on Friday, and died in the hospital. It is not known how he was injured.

Winnipeg Board of Control may take action to cancel the C. P. R. tax exemption on the ground that the company is not carrying out the agreement regarding stockyard accommodation.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

The Cunard Line plans to build a steamer greater than the Olympic.

The first division of the United States battleship fleet has reached Portland, Eng.

The British Peers are beginning to show signs of surrender. Lord Lansdowne has issued new proposals for readjusting the relations between the two Houses.

Mr. Asquith in the House of Commons on Friday announced that unless the House of Lords passed the veto bill without amendment Parliament would be dissolved on November 28.

Dr. Crippen, condemned to death for the murder of his wife, has issued a statement that he is resigned to his fate and that had he had more money he could have proved his innocence.

#### UNITED STATES.

Relations between the United States and Mexico are very much strained.

The Federal authorities in New York have raided a big financial corporation and arrested the chiefs on a charge of using the mail to defraud investors.

Mr. Henry Martyn Hoyt, one of the United States representatives who recently visited Canada in connection with the reciprocity negotiations, died on Sunday at Washington.

Mr. E. S. McPhail of the Census Bureau at Ottawa is at Washington inquiring into census-taking methods used by the United States Government.

A Roumanian who has escaped from the Cleveland City Hospital tells that he was kept a prisoner there for three years, and was operated on, in spite of his protests, about twenty times.

Alleging that false invoices have been used, the United States Customs authorities are accusing a number of woollen importing firms of fraud, and are taking action to recover upwards of \$10,000,000.

#### GENERAL.

A tariff schedule rectifying a number of anomalies has been presented to the Australian Parliament.

Two thousand Mexican revolutionists have crossed the Rio Grande to Mexico.

The death of Count Leo Tolstoi has evoked widespread sorrow throughout Russia.

Affairs in Mexico are still unsettled and it is difficult to obtain authentic information as to the movement of troops.

**Shiloh's Cure**  
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

## THE HUDSON BAY RAILWAY

Tenders Will be Called in January for Construction of the First 150 Miles

A despatch from Ottawa says: It is announced that the construction of the Hudson Bay Railway from the Pas Mission to Split Lake will be proceeded with without waiting for a decision as to whether Fort Nelson or Fort Churchill is to be a terminal port. Tenders will be called for the construction of the first 150 miles, probably in January.

No less than four large interests will compete for this contract. Mr. J. D. McArthur, one of the largest

contractors for the National Transcontinental, will tender for the construction of the Hudson Bay Railway; so also will Mr. M. J. O'Brien, of Renfrew. Another tender is expected from a powerful syndicate. A fourth tender, and probably the successful one, will be made by the Canadian Northern Railway. The Canadian Northern will have the advantage of owning a railway line to the Pas, and rival tenders must figure upon getting in their supplies over the Canadian Northern line to that point.

## LIQUOR ON LODGE TABLES

Important Ruling of the Ontario License Department

A despatch from Toronto says: From now on no liquor may be placed upon the refreshment tables of secret, fraternal or other societies without making the individual members liable to prosecution for breaking the liquor license act. This is the view taken by the Ontario License Department of a recent decision in the courts, and on Wednesday definite action was taken by the department upon the case in point. Some weeks ago the caretakers of one or more of the public buildings were warned that they must be careful in permitting the consumption of liquor, but they had no idea that the order meant the barring of intoxicants from the refreshment tables of secret societies.

A second circular was sent out on Wednesday to the caretakers of all the public buildings (about one hundred in number) in Toronto defining clearly the law upon the point. The department is acting upon a decision given by Judge Widdifield at Owen Sound in the case of Beckett v. Cahoon, and is of far-reaching importance, for it will have the effect of stopping the supply of liquors by fraternal and other societies to the membership. The case was tried at Owen Sound, and was an appeal from the decision of the Magistrate, who dismissed the case. His Honor ruled that a room in which eight men were found drinking came within the act, and a conviction and fine were recorded.

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## THE WORLD'S MARKETS

## REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRE.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

## BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Nov. 22.—Flour—Winter wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$3.35 to \$3.40 outside, in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flours—First patents, \$5.70; second patents, \$5.20, and strong pakers', \$5, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern at 97½c, Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern, 94½c, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—85 to 86c outside for No. 2 white and red Winter.

Barley—Malting, 56 to 58c outside, and feed 50c outside.

Oats—No. 2 white, 36c on track, Toronto, and 33c outside; No. 2 W.C. oats, 38½c, Bay ports, and No. 3 at 36½c, Bay ports.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 59c, Toronto freights; No. 3 yellow, 58½c, Toronto freights; No. 3 quoted at 54c, Midlanda.

Peas—Good No. 2, free from bugs, 86 to 88c outside.

Rye—No. 2 at 62c outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2 at 46c outside.

Bran—Manitobas, \$19, in bags, Toronto, and shorts \$22, in bags, Toronto. Ontario bran, \$19.50, in sacks, Toronto, and shorts, \$22.50, in sacks

## COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$3 to \$4.50 per barrel.

Beans—\$1.00 to \$1.70 f.o.b. per bushel, Western points. Small lots, \$1.85 to \$1.90.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 10 to 11c per lb.; No. 1 comb, wholesale, \$2 to \$2.25 per dozen; No. 2 comb, wholesale, \$1.75 to \$1.85 per dozen.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at \$12 to \$13 on track, and No. 2 at 10.50 to \$11.50.

Baled Straw—\$6.50 to \$7, on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Car lots 52 to 55c per bag.

Poultry—Chickens, alive, 11 to 12c per lb.; fowl, 9 to 10c per lb.; ducks, 11 to 12c per lb.; turkeys, 17 to 18c per lb., and geese, 11 to 13c per lb. Dressed, 1 to 2c more.

## THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Dairy prints, 22 to 22½c; do., tubs, 19 to 21c; inferior, 18 to 19c. Creamery quoted at 26 to 27c per lb. for rolls, 24½ to 25c for solids, and 22 to 23c for separator prints.

Eggs—Case lots of pickled 26c; cold storage, 26 to 27c; selected, 30c, and strictly new-laid, 35c per dozen.

Cheese—Large, 12c, and twins at 12½c.

## HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 14 to 14½c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$24 to \$24.50; short cut, \$27.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 18c; do., heavy, 17 to 17½c; rolls, 14 to 14½c; shoulders, 12½ to 13c; breakfast bacon, 18½ to 19c; backs (pea meal), 19 to 20c.

Lard—Tierces, 14½c; tubs, 14½c; pails, 15c.

## BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

## CHOLERA ON ROYAL GEORGE.

Illness of One of the Passengers Diagnosed as Dread Scourge.

A despatch from Quebec says: The steamer Royal George, of the Canadian Northern Railway, which was detained by fog in the Lower St. Lawrence, being due here last Monday evening, arrived in port at an early hour on Thursday morning and moored at the breakwater at 9 o'clock. Her passenger list consisted of 17 first, 7 second and 260 third-class passengers. The latter were landed as soon as the steamer moored, but shortly after, as the steerage passengers were undergoing examination in the Immigration Building, one of the passengers, a Russian, bound for Wisconsin, became suddenly ill, his condition being noticed by Dr. Bailey, of the United States Immigration Department, who pronounced the case as that of cholera, and his opinion was confirmed by the other physicians.

All the steerage passengers were put back on board the steamer and the Immigration Building fumigated. A lengthy telegraphic correspondence was held with the immigration authorities at Ottawa, and, as a result, the Royal George was ordered back to the Grosse Isle Quarantine, and left at 7 o'clock in the evening with cabin, intermediate and steerage passengers.

## RALPH JOHNSTONE KILLED.

Daring Aviator Fell Five Hundred Feet at Denver.

A despatch from Denver, Col., says: With one wing tip of his machine crumpled like a piece of paper, Ralph Johnstone, the brilliant young aviator, holder of the world's altitude record, on Thursday dropped like a plummet from a height of five hundred feet into the enclosure at Overland Park aviation field and was instantly killed. When the spectators reached him his body lay beneath the engine of the biplane, with the white planes that had failed him in his time of need wrapped about it like a shroud.

Nearly every bone in his body was broken. Johnstone had gambled with death once too often, but he played the game to the end, fighting coolly and grimly to the last second to regain control of his broken machine. Fresh from his triumphs at Belmont Park, where he had broken the world's record for altitude with a flight of 9,714 feet, Johnstone attempted to give the thousands of spectators an extra thrill with his most daring feat, the spiral glide which has made the Wright aviators famous. The spectators got their thrill, but it cost Johnstone his life.

## BURNED EMPLOYER'S BARN.

Brandon Man, Who After Arrest Attempted Suicide, Pleads Guilty

A despatch from Brandon, Man., says: Frank Wiltshire, of Virden, in the Police Court on Wednesday morning pleaded guilty to arson, and was remanded for a week for sentence. Wiltshire, on September 23, frightened the Soras family, by whom he was employed, by threatening them with a loaded shotgun. The man burned the barn, and before being arrested shot himself in the jaw. He has been in the hospital here since, and was not able to appear in court till Wednesday.

MADE IN CANADA

**GILLET'S LYE**

PERFUMED

Is the Standard Article  
READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY  
For making soap, softening water, removing old paint,  
disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other  
purposes. A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.  
Useful for 500 purposes—Sold Everywhere.  
E. W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

## FOURTEEN YEAR'S MYSTERY

Scientific Expedition Killed and Eaten by Solomon Islanders

A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says: A mystery of fourteen years, concerning the fate of the Austrian scientific expedition from the ship Albatross in the Solomon Islands, is cleared up by the finding of the remains of the expedition in the Solomon Islands. The discovery was made by Dr. Northcott Deck, of the South Sea Evangelical Mission. News of the finding of the remains of the party was received on Wednesday by the steamship Zealandia, from Australia. The expedition from the Albatross was headed by Baron von Norbeck, and included Lieut. Budick, Midshipman de Beaufort, and nine sailors. Dr. Deck found evidences of a massacre on Tatuve Island, and from the

natives learned the details of the slaughter.

The Austrians, according to the natives, were surprised by the blacks. Baron von Norbeck was tomahawked by a savage who crept up behind him. The sailors fought off the blacks after several were wounded, and made camp, where the Baron died. During the night the camp was again attacked, and only three of the men escaped. They made their way to the coast without learning the fate of their fellows who fell into captivity.

Remnants of the remains east aside after a cannibal feast leads Dr. Beck to believe that the captives fell prey to the inhuman practices of the savages.

## THREE YEARS' SENTENCE.

Ex-Sergeant Mountford Stole Government Funds.

A despatch from Prince Albert says: Ex-Sergeant Mountford of the Mounted Police, whose arrest on the charge of stealing Government funds caused a sensation here several weeks ago, was sentenced by Judge Forbes on Wednesday morning to three years in the penitentiary. Owing to the fact that all the money stolen from the Government, for which Mountford was Veterinary Inspector, had been refunded, amounting to over \$5,000, the sentence was much lighter than it would have been. Albert Morgan, a confederate, got a similar sentence.

## KING TO VISIT INDIA.

Expects to Take Part in the Durbar in 1912.

A despatch from London says: It is officially announced that the King and Queen hope to visit India and hold a coronation during the Durbar at Delhi on January 1, 1912.

## SMALLPOX AT OTTAWA.

Virulent Case Discovered in Woman Who Recently Arrived.

ago, and on Friday morning was found to be suffering from a very bad type of smallpox. There is great alarm in the city, and it is proposed to have every school child vaccinated.

## SMALLPOX IS SPREADING.

Fifteen New Cases Reported From Michigan.

A despatch from Detroit, Mich., says: The smallpox situation showed but little change on Thursday. Six deaths and fifteen new cases were reported in the infected district. The town of Vassar, about a hundred and fifty miles north of Detroit, has been ordered quarantined against freight, express, baggage, and the travelling public. An ordinance based by the Town Council makes the vaccination of all residents compulsory.

## MAROONED ON AN ISLAND.

83 Shipwrecked People Cut Off from Outside World.

A despatch from Cordova says: Eighty-three persons, comprising the eight passengers and crew of the wrecked steamship Portland, which was beached in the mouth of the Katalla River on an island. Few persons live on the island, and the food supply is small. The tene-

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10. in case lots; mess pork, \$24 to \$24.50; short cut, \$27.50.  
Hams—Light to medium, 18c; do., heavy, 17 to 17½c; rolls, 14 to 14½c; shoulders, 12½ to 13c; breakfast bacon, 18½ to 19c; backs (pea meal), 19 to 20c.  
Lard—Tierces, 14½c; tubs, 14½c; pails, 15c.

#### BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 22.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 40½ to 40½c; extra No. 1 feed, 39½ to 39½c; No. 3 Canadian Western, 39 to 39½c; No. 2 local white, 38½ to 38½c; No. 3 local white, 38 to 38½c; No. 4 local white, 27 to 37½c. Barley—Manitoba No. 4, 48 to 48½c; Manitoba fed barley, 47 to 47½c. Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80; do., seconds, \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$4.85 to \$5.10; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.10; straight rollers, \$4.40 to \$4.60; do., in bags, \$2.05 to \$2.15; extras, \$1.75 to \$1.80. Feed—Ontario bran, \$18.50 to \$19; Ontario middling, \$22.50 to \$23; Manitoba shorts, \$22; pure-grain mouillié, \$31 to \$32; mixed mouillié, \$25 to \$28. Cheese—Westerns, 11½ to 11½c; éasters, 11 to 11½c. Butter—Choicest, 25c; seconds, 24 to 24½c. Eggs—Selected stock, 29 to 30c; No. 1 stock, 25 to 26c; No. 2 at 19 to 20c.

#### UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Nov. 22.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, \$1.06½c; No. 1 Northern, cash, \$1.05½c; December, \$1.02. May, \$1.05½c. Flour—First patents, \$4.85 to \$5.35; second patents, \$4.75 to \$5.25; first clears, \$3.25 to \$3.60; seconds clears, \$2.20 to \$2.75.

Buffalo, Nov. 22.—Spring wheat—No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, \$1.11½c; Winter, No. 2 red, 94c; No. 3 extra red, 90; No. 2 white, 92c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 58½c; No. 4 yellow, 57½c; No. 3 corn, 57c; No. 4 corn, 56c; all on track, through billed. Oats—Firm. Barley—Feed to malting, 82 to 87c. Rye—No. 2, track, 81c.

#### LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Nov. 22.—Steers sold all the way from \$3.50 for ordinary stock to \$5.25 to \$5.50 for choice; cows, \$2.75 to \$4; bulls, \$2.75 to \$3.75. Sheep brought \$3.75 to \$4, and lambs \$6 to \$12. Hogs were slightly weaker at \$7 to \$7.40; sows, \$6 to \$6.40. Calves—From \$3 to \$10. Toronto, Nov. 22.—Eight butcher heifers sold at \$5.85 and a number of good quality cattle brought \$5.50 to \$5.65. There was a very heavy run of sheep and prices were about 5 or 10c lower and weak. Hogs were steady at the low quotations of the first of the week.

#### COUNT TOLSTOI IS DEAD.

Passing of the Great Russian at Astapova.

A despatch from Astapova, Russia, says: Count Leo Tolstoi died peacefully on Monday morning. Countess Tolstoi was at his side when the end came. It was recognized long before that his case was hopeless, and at 5 o'clock in the morning after the Countess had been summoned and the other members of the family had gathered in an adjoining room, the physicians issued a bulletin announcing that the activity of the heart had almost ceased and that Tolstoi's condition was extremely critical. Several of the physicians were greatly overcome by the approaching death of Russia's great writer.

and was remanded for a week for sentence. Wiltshire, on September 23, frightened the Soras family, by whom he was employed, by threatening them with a loaded shotgun. The man burned the barn, and before being arrested shot himself in the jaw. He has been in the hospital here since, and was not able to appear in court till Wednesday.

#### CRIPPEN'S FATHER DEAD.

#### Pathetic Plight of Old Man After Son's Arrest.

A despatch from Los Angeles, California, says: Myron Crippen, father of Dr. H. H. Crippen, condemned to die in London for the murder of his wife, died here on Friday in a rooming house. The only person at the aged man's bedside was the woman who managed the place. Hawley Crippen, a son of Dr. Crippen, was with his grandfather during the night, and left before death came. Dr. Crippen was the sole support of his aged father, and since the son's flight from London with Ethel Leneve no remittance had come. Facing actual starvation, he was helped by a few persons whom he had come to know during his residence in Los Angeles. The rooming house kept him rent free, and a restaurant keeper, at whose place he had been accustomed to buy his meals, continued to supply them but charged nothing.

#### Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs • • • 20 cents

A despatch from London says: It is officially announced that the King and Queen hope to visit India and hold a coronation during the Durbar at Delhi on January 1, 1912.

#### SMALLPOX AT OTTAWA.

#### Virulent Case Discovered in Woman Who Recently Arrived.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A case of virulent smallpox has been discovered in Ottawa. Mrs. Quinn, of 418 Bay street, came to this city from North Bay ten days

#### 83 Shipwrecked People Cut Off from Outside World.

A despatch from Cordova says: Eighty-three persons, comprising the eight passengers and crew of the wrecked steamship Portland, which was beached in the mouth of the Katalla River on an island. Few persons live on the island, and the food supply is small. The telephone line, the sole means of communication with the island, went down on Wednesday, and the stranded passengers are cut off from the outside world.

# MEAT MAY ENTER FREE

## German Government Proposes to Remove the Duty on Live Stock

A despatch from Berlin says: It was unofficially announced on Wednesday that the Imperial Government contemplates the early opening of the frontiers for the importation of foreign live stock in order to counteract the high price of meat. Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg has already given permission to the Governments of Baden and Alsace Lorraine to import a considerable weekly amount of French animals. The Bavarian Government also intends to admit French live stock and will appeal to the Berlin authorities to modify the restrictions

on the Danish frontier. It is said that Baron Schorlemmer, the Prussian Minister of Agriculture, proposes to open all the frontiers except the Russian. However, sanitary restrictions will be maintained to the extent that all animals imported must be immediately slaughtered. The yielding disposition of the Government is described as due to the fact that the Socialists are profiting from the present agitation over the famine prices for meat. The Government finds it advisable to take the wind out of the Socialists' sails before the general elections to the Reichstag.



## This Concrete Root Cellar Costs Less Than Wood and is Much More Durable

Cement is particularly adapted to the construction of Root Cellar floors and walls.

Experience proves that for the farmer, Concrete is superior to wood in every point of comparison.

Concrete permits of a desirable degree of coolness without freezing. There is no question as to its durability. Concrete lasts, not for years, but for ages; and needs no repair.

Anyone who has scooped vegetables from the old plank floor will appreciate the fact that Concrete offers a smooth, continuous surface with no projecting plank ends or nails to damage the scoop or ruffle the temper of the

The various uses to which Concrete may be profitably put, on the farm, are plainly and simply in our 160-page book,

### "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete"

which shows how the following farm buildings and utilities can be constructed of concrete:

Barns, Cisterns, Dairies, Dipping Tanks, Foundations, Fence Posts, Feeding Floors, Gutters, Hens' Nests, Hitching Posts, Horse Blocks, Houses, Poultry-Shelter Walls, Stables, Stairs, Stalls, Steps, Tanks, Troughs, Walks, and so forth.

Send for it—it's free—though it regularly sells for 50c. Write to-day.

### CANADA CEMENT CO., Limited

50-35 National Bank  
Building,  
MONTREAL



You  
may send  
me a copy  
of "What the  
Farmer Can Do  
With Concrete."

Name.....

Address.....

## The Napane Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 6¢ per line for each insertion if in ordinary type. In black type the rates will be 12¢ per line each insertion.

E. &amp; J. HARDY &amp; CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

## TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

## CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe ..... \$1.75

THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star ..... \$1.75

THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig ..... \$1.75

THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness ..... \$1.75

THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun ..... \$1.75

Any three of the above papers ..... \$2.40

THE NAPANE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star ..... \$2.25

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

## PATENTS

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COPYRIGHTS & C.

Any one sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain the opinion free of charge, and it is probably the only reliable communication strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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## Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific paper. Terms for Canada, \$1.50 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all booksellers.

MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York  
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

## Cambridge's Bakery and Confectionery



THE SIGN OF GOOD BREAD.  
is the eagerness with which people eat it.  
Try a loaf of ours on your table.

YOU WILL BE SURPRISED

how quickly it will disappear, even though your family are not generally big bread eaters. That's a sign the bread is much better than they are used to getting. It is no reflection on you that our bread is better

## Does Not Stimulate

Ayer's Sarsaparilla does not stimulate. It does not make you feel better one day, then as bad as ever the next. It is not a strong drink. No reaction after you stop using it. There is not a drop of alcohol in it. You have the steady, even gain that comes from a strong tonic and alterative. We wish you would ask your doctor about this. He knows. Trust him. Do as he says. *J.C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

What are Ayer's Pills? Liver Pills. How long have they been sold? Nearly sixty years. Do doctors recommend them? Ask your own doctor and find out.

## Barrett Wendell's Pun.

When Professor Wendell of Harvard entered upon his Sabbatical year he remained in Cambridge some weeks after his leave of absence began and persisted in taking part in the departmental meeting. The head of the department protested.

"Sir," said he, "you are officially absent. You are non est."

"Oh, very well," replied Professor Wendell; "a non est man is the noblest work of God."—*Success Magazine*.

## A Matter of Choice.

An old darky servant devoted to General Jackson waited on him in the general's last hours. Right after the general's death a preacher asked Rastus if he thought Jackson would go to heaven.

"I doan' know, boss, ef 'e'll go foah sure, but he can of he wants to," replied the darky.—*Independent*.

## With Due Care.

Dignity is a very proper sort of thing, but don't put on too much of it, or you may be taken for the butler.—*Lippincott's*.

Constancy of purpose is certainly one of the secrets of success.

## Austrian Bulls.

Here are a few "bulls" that have been perpetrated from time to time in the Austro-Hungarian Parliament:

"One most important point of the agricultural question is the maintenance of the breed of horses to which I have the honor to belong."

"We are here for the weal and woe of our constituents."

"Gentlemen, consider this question in the light of a dark future."

"The eye of the law weighs heavily on our press legislation."

"There, gentlemen, is the ever-changing point of which the opposition has made a hobbyhorse."

"This taunt is the same old sea serpent which for years and years has been groaning in this assembly."

## Yabbergrass.

"Give him some yabbergrass, insistis," was the advice of an old rag and bone man recently to a mother whose child was ailing in a mid-Derbyshire village. The remark was puzzling until Ophelia's "There's a rue for you; we may call it herb of grace o' Sunday" came to mind. Rue, it seems, is still called "herb of grace" in Derbyshire.—*London Family Herald*.

Asthma Catarrh  
WHOOPING COUGH CROUP  
BRONCHITIS COUGHS COLDS  
Vapo-Resolene

ESTABLISHED 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment for bronchial troubles, without dosing the stomach with drugs. Used successfully.

The air rendered strongly antiseptic, inspired with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough, assuring rest. Vapo-Resolene is invaluable to mothers with young children, and a boon to sufferers from Asthma.

## What Other Papers Say.

## Winnipeg Tribune.

Curling is in full blast in Scotland, and yet they think over there to Canada as a cold country.

## Hamilton times.

Evidently the coal dealers have not heard of much-bulletined "decline in the cost of living," or they do not recognize it as affecting coal.

## Windsor Record.

This seems to be what is known as the psychological moment for the Liberals of Great Britain to go out and settle the question of titled and irresponsible privilege once for all.

## Kingston British Whig.

Kingston should have a better means of publicity than it has, because it has advantages to advertise. Just as a business cannot be made to succeed without advertising, neither can the advantages of a city be known without some means of publicity being employed.

## Exchange.

A New York woman mangled and ironed a dirty bill and it was so nice that a banker declared it was counterfeit and sent it to Washington. Chief Wilkie sent it back, saying the only matter with it was that it was clean. Would that all bills were the same!

## Victoria Colonist.

The only people who seem to have the least doubt about the permanence and solidarity of the British Empire are those who profess to be the greatest champions of Imperialism. The rest of us take such things for granted and go on empire-building, not with words, but with deeds.

## Kingston Standard.

Lord Strathcona has given another large sum for the promotion of physical and military training in the Canadian schools. If this gift had been for the purpose of building and equipping technical school for the education of our mechanics it would have been received with a good deal more acclaim by all classes of citizens.

## Goderich Signal.

George E. Foster has abandoned his appeal against the adverse finding of the jury in his libel suit against The Globe. It would be interesting to hear now from the Conservative papers, The London Free Press included, which gave Mr. Foster notice that unless he vindicated himself in the courts his usefulness as a political leader was gone. Speak up, gentlemen.

## Bobaygeon Independent.

The Ontario Government has discovered another batch of lawyers who

## "BILL SIKES, SCIENTIST."

The Old Jimmy Is Not Enough Now for the Housebreaker.

The burglar of forty years ago carried a "James," or crowbar, and a set of "twirls," or skeleton keys. With these he was ready to tackle any safe of the old-fashioned sort.

Safe-making became a science, and the "jimmy" useless, so Bill Sikes of the next generation provided himself with dynamite cartridges, or small charges of "soup," or liquid nitroglycerine, which he forced into the crack under the safe door and fired by means of a small pocket-battery, says Knowles.

The safe-makers took a step in advance, and, behold, the cracks were stopped, and no cranny or crevice left into which any form of explosive could possibly be injected. It seems as though Bill would have to reform.

But chemistry and electricity have both come to his aid. Whenever a burglar can manage to strip electric light wires, he has at hand a simple method of producing a degree of heat sufficient to pierce the hardest steel. He uses a carbon pole, safely insulated, and produces an arc powerful enough to melt anything.

On August 31st last an attempt was made on a safe belonging to a firm of Birmingham jewellers which contained £40,000 worth of diamonds and other valuables. A great hole had been melted through two inches of solid steel, and if the thieves had not been disturbed at their work they would infallibly have secured the "swag." These men used the oxy-hydrogen blowpipe flame, which produces the most intense heat known to man, next to the electric furnace.

All that is necessary is a small cylinder of compressed oxygen, such as doctors use for patients suffering from pneumonia, a length of india-rubber tubing, and a blowpipe. The india-rubber tube is connected with the nearest gas-jet, the oxygen is turned on, and mixed with the gas, and the result is a flame with a temperature of over 2,000 degrees Fahrenheit, which will melt the Harvey steel of a battleship.

Another dodge of the up-to-date safe-robbler is the use of a chemical compound known as thermit. This consists of a finely powdered mixture of aluminium and oxide or rust of iron.

At a certain temperature, well known to Bill, the aluminium begins to combine with oxygen, and the latter is taken up from the iron, and the result is oxide of aluminium and metallic iron.

The heat involved by this chemical action is so terrific that under its impact steel runs like melted sealing-wax.

Fortunately for the public at large, thermit has, from the burglar's point of view, two formidable drawbacks. Magnesium must be employed to light the cartridge, and burning magnesium produces a brilliant glare of light. Again thermit, itself, in process of combustion, sends off huge columns of stifling smoke, which is apt to betray the operations of the safe-breaker.

Some little time ago, a policeman arrested a suspicious-looking character leaving a house in Brondesbury, Eng., at an early hour of the morning.

"It's just as well to tell you I'm a burglar," said the fellow.

This man had in his possession a bottle of methylated spirits, another of some other chemical, and a brass apparatus with a blow-pipe attachment. The use of the latter puzzled the police, but the burglar frankly explained its use.

"You see," he said, "I just smear the glass of the window above the catch with the stuff in this bottle, then I turn the flame of a soldering lamp on it by means of the blow-pipe. As soon as the glass melted, I put this hooked blade through, pull back the catch and there you are."

**THE SIGN OF GOOD BREAD.**  
is the eagerness with which people eat it.  
Try a loaf of ours on your table.

#### YOU WILL BE SURPRISED

how quickly it will disappear, even though your family are not generally big bread eaters. That's a sign the bread is much better than they are used to getting. It is no reflection on you that our bread is better than that you take. It ought to be. We bake hundreds of loaves where you bake one. And the practice has made us perfect.

**W. M. CAMBRIDGE,**  
Next door Robinson Co.  
Phone 96. Napance.



#### Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section along side his homestead. Price, \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry including time required to earn homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead rights and cannot obtain a pre-emption may buy a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

## Kingston Business College

Limited.

KINGSTON, CANADA.

#### "Highest Education at Lowest Cost."

Twenty-Sixth year.  
Fall term begins August 30th.  
Courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Civil Service and English. Our graduates get the best positions. Within short time over sixty secured positions with one of the largest railway corporations in Canada at good salaries. Enter any time.

Call or write for information.

H. F. METCALFE,  
Principal.

## Robert Light

DEALER IN—

Lumber,  
Lath,  
Shingles,  
and Cedar Posts.

MANUFACTURER OF—

Tanks, and all  
kinds of Sash  
Factory & Plan-  
ing Mill Goods

Cordwood and Blocks for sale.

Telephone 53.

**vapo-cresolene**

ESTABLISHED 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment for bronchial troubles, without dosing the stomach with drugs. Used with success for thirty years. Cresolene is a powerful expectorant. Inhale with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. Cresolene is invaluable to mothers with young children and a boon to sufferers from Asthma.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet.

10c

#### ALL DRUGISTS

Try Cresolene. Anti-septic Throat Tablets for the irritated throat. They are simple, effective and antiseptic. On your discharge or from us, 10c in stamp.

Vapo Cresolene Co.

Leeming—Miles Bldg.

MONTRÉAL



gave Mr. Foster notice that unless he vindicated himself in the courts his usefulness as a political leader was gone. Speak up, gentlemen.

#### Boobayeon Independent.

The Ontario Government has discovered another batch of lawyers who had been missed in the distribution of K. C. titles. There is no reason, however, for the Attorney-General closing down on his little prize gift enterprise. Municipal Councillors have charge of the King's highway, and there is no earthly reason why a municipal Councillor should not be a King's Councillor.

#### Simeco Reformer.

Gordon Waldron, a Toronto writer, told the Canadian Club of that city last Monday that the farmer of Ontario has been reduced to penury. The question is how did a man capable of making so silly and palpably untrue a statement ever get the opportunity of wasting the time of any sort of a club save it might be the Ananias organization of T. Roosevelt. Since the day the first axe rang in the forests of this Province its rural population has never been as prosperous as it is to-day.

#### Saskatoon Phenix.

Objection has been taken by not a few who felt that the naval project undertaken by the Government of Canada was not worthy of the greatness of this country and of its financial capacity to do its share. But it is open for future Governments and Parliaments to make larger appropriations for naval expenditure if they consider that the provisions made by the Laurier Government were not sufficiently generous. We believe that it is entirely probable that, no matter what Government holds office at Ottawa, provision will have to be made within a decade by which the Canadian navy on the Atlantic and Pacific will be so added to in ships and men as to constitute within a very short time a fighting squadron on the north Pacific and north Atlantic which will be regarded as fit squadrons of the British navy acting in connection with the British Admiralty in all matters of strategy and defence.

#### The Word Alp.

In Switzerland the word alp does not mean a mountain, but is used to indicate the little valleys in the higher altitudes, where peasants take their cows in summer and where in small huts and stables the attendants and animals remain for several months in the year. The cows thrive on the tender grass, and their milk is converted on the spot into cheese and butter.

#### Politely Put.

"Jinks told Bangs he was a harr struck by lightning."

"Where's the point?"

"It took quite a using up of gray matter for Bangs to discover that Jinks had called him a blasted liar."

#### Method In Her Badness.

"Why in the world did you try to evade the payment of duty?"

"I expected all the time to pay it," replied the star.

"But the horrid customs men went through your trunks."

"Of course they did, and found several gowns worth \$800 apiece. I couldn't have given the figures to the reporters myself, could I?"

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the  
Signature of *Chat H. Fletcher*

explained its use.

"You see," he said, "I just smear the glass of the window above the catch with the stuff in this bottle, then I turn the flame of a soldering lamp on it by means of the blow-pipe. As soon as the glass melted, I put this hooked blade through, pull back the catch and there you are."

#### Incurable.

"I do think," said Mrs. McGoozle, "my husband is the most persistently argumentative man I ever saw. He'll controvert any proposition, no matter what it is. This morning while we were waiting on a platform of one of the elevated railway stations for a train he saw the sign 'Out of order' on one of those chewing gum slot machines.

"I'm willing to bet a cent it isn't out of order," he said.

"And he dropped a coin in the slot. He didn't get any stick of gum and he didn't get his money back."

"There," I said, "I hope you're satisfied now."

"That doesn't prove anything, Al." Al grunted. "The machine isn't out of order; it's built that way on purpose."

"But that's Lysander all over."

#### Smoothered In Roses.

The Sybarites slept on beds stuffed with rose leaves; the tyrant Dionysius had his couch filled with them; Verus would travel with a garland on his head and around his neck, and over his litter he had a thin net, with rose leaves intertwined; Antiochus luxuriated upon a bed of blooms even in winter days and nights, and when Cleopatra entertained Antony she had roses covering the floor to the depth, it is said, of an ell.

We are told that Heliogabalus supplied so many at one of his banquets that several of his guests were suffocated in the endeavor to extricate themselves from the abundance—victims of a surfeit of sweet odors.

#### Her Birthmark.

"I hear," said the count, "that you are going to marry a girl who has a birthmark."

"Yes," replied the marquis, "the report is true."

"I hope she is not badly disfigured."

"Not a bit, my dear fellow. For your enlightenment I will make a drawing of her birthmark. It is like this—\$."

#### Well Developed.

Phrenologist (examining subject)—This bump indicates caution. I should say you are a very cautious man.

Subject—You're right there. I'm very cautious now. I got that bump falling downstairs.

## CURED OF CONSTIPATION

**Mr. Andrews praises Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.**

Mr. George Andrews of Halifax, N.S., writes:

"For many years I have been troubled with chronic Constipation. This ailment never comes single-handed, and I have been a victim to the many illnesses that constipation brings in its train. Medicine after medicine I have taken in order to find relief, but one and all left me in the same hopeless condition. It seemed that nothing would expel from me the one ailment that caused so much trouble, yet at last I read about these Indian Root Pills.

That was indeed a lucky day for me, for I was so impressed with the statements made that I determined to give them a fair trial.

They have regulated my stomach and bowels. I am cured of constipation, and I claim they have no equal as a medicine."

For over half a century Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills have been curing constipation and clogged, inactive kidneys, with all the ailments which result from them. They cleanse the whole system and purify the blood. Sold everywhere at 25c. a box.

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## Children Cry for Fletcher's

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITTELL

Pumpkin Seed  
Alv. Senna  
Rockelle Salts  
Anise Seed  
Peppermint  
El Carbome Soda  
Worm Seed  
Curdled Sugar  
Watercress Flavors

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher,  
NEW YORK.At 6 months old  
35 Doses—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

The Kind You Have  
Always BoughtBears the  
Signature

of

Chas. H. Fletcher  
In  
Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## For Falling Hair

You Run No Risk When You Use This Remedy.

We promise you that, if your hair is falling out, and you have not let it go too far, you can repair the damage already done by using Rexall "93" Hair Tonic, with persistency and regularity, for a reasonable length of time. It is a scientific, cleansing, antiseptic, germicidal preparation, that destroys microbes, stimulates good circulation around the hair roots, promotes hair nourishment, removes dandruff and restores hair health. It is as pleasant to use as pure water, and it is delicate, being perfumed. It is a real toilet necessity.

We want you to try Rexall "93" Hair Tonic with our promise that it will cost you nothing, unless you are perfectly satisfied with its use. It comes in two sizes, prices 50c. and \$1.00. Remember you can obtain Rexall Remedies in this community only at our store—The Rexall Store.—T. B. Wallace

## GERONIMO IN ACTION.

The Indian Chief's Story of How He Whipped the Mexicans.

About noon we began to hear them speaking my name with curses. In the afternoon the general came on the field, and the fighting became more furious. I gave orders to my warriors to try to kill all the Mexican

## Tasteful Truth.

"I appeal to Mr. Verity, whose truthfulness nobody doubts," said the outraged hostess, with a glitter in her eye. "Mr. Verity, do you think I supply my boarders with bad butter?"

The others looked eager attention to see how Mr. Verity would get out of it.

"Madam," he answered, with a bow, "the truth on which you compliment me forces me to declare that your butter is one of your strong points"—Baltimore American.

## Bites.

The safest way to measure your maximum bite longitudinally is to lay it out on an ear of corn. To get the depth of the bite, measure it in a slice of watermelon.—Boston Globe.

And the best way to determine the capacity of your bite is to watch you eat beans.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## Serious.

Mother—Oh, Effie! What has happened to your dolly? Effie—The doctor says it's a nervous breakdown. He prescribed mucilage.—Life.

Sorrow is a school of virtue. It corrects levity and interrupts the confidence of sinning.—Atterbury.

## At the Wrong Door.

"My health and digestion are perfect, doctor," began the caller in the office of the medical man. "I haven't an ache or a pain. The trouble with me is that I cannot sleep at night."

"Well, if that is the case, sir," said the learned physician, "I suggest that you consult your spiritual adviser rather than me."—Lippincott's.

## Greatly Overrated.

"Mrs. Gaswell, while you were in Venice did you see the Bridge of Sighs?"

"Oh, yes; I saw what they called that; but, my land, I've seen bridges ten times its size without ever going out of Pennsylvania!"—Chicago Tribune.

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"Mrs. Gaswell, while you were in Venice did you see the Bridge of Sighs?"

"Oh, yes; I saw what they called that; but, my land, I've seen bridges ten times its size without ever going out of Pennsylvania!"—Chicago Tribune.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat  
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

Pain in  
Heart

"For two years I had pain in my heart, back and left side. Could not draw a deep breath or lie on left side, and any little exertion would cause palpitation. Under advice I took Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy and Nervine. I took about thirteen bottles, am in better health than I ever was, and have gained 14 pounds."

MRS. LILLIE THOMAS,  
Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

For many years Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy has been very successful in the treatment of heart troubles, because of its tonic effect upon the heart nerves and muscles. Even in severe cases of long standing it has frequently prolonged life for

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MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE

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Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Et

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN

DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened and office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near

Madden's grocery.

STR. REINDEER

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Daily, Sundays Excepted. Effective Monday April 11th, 1910. Subject to change without notice.

	A. M.	P. M.
Napanee	Leave 6:00	
Dundas	7:15	
Hough's	7:20	
Thompson's Point	7:40	
Glen Island	8:00	
Glenora	8:10	
Picton	Arrive 8:30	
Picton	Leave 9:30	
Thompson's Point	10:00	
Hough's	10:20	
Deseronto	Arrive 11:00	
Deseronto	Leave 1:45	
Hough's	2:35	
Thompson's Point	3:00	
Picton	Arrive 4:00	
Picton	Leave 4:20	
Glenora	4:25	
Glen Island	4:45	
Thompson's Point	5:15	
Hough's	5:30	
Napanee	Arrive 6:30	
	Stop on signal.	

CONNECTIONS.

At Deseronto with Bay of Quinte and Grand Trunk Railway. Trains for all points East, West and North; with Steamer Ella Ross for Upper Bay Ports. At Picton with Central Ontario Railway.

W. F. BRISTOW, Captain.

Lake Ontario and Bay of Quinte

Steamboat Co., Limited.

Str. CASPIAN



# CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER

Makes Home Baking  
Successful and Easy

You will produce Biscuit, Cake,  
Crusts, in freshness, flavor and  
cleanliness surpassing any that  
can be bought ready made.

## PORTRAYED AS KING.

Mr. Henniker Heaton Mistaken For  
Edward the Seventh.

Although Mr. Henniker Heaton M.P. has announced his approaching retirement from Canterbury, which he has represented for twenty-five years, his agitation for cheaper cable rates shows that he is as active as ever in the matter of postal reform. The country has to thank him for the establishment of penny postage throughout the Empire and to the United States, and will one day have to thank him for the extension of the system to France. The City of London conferred its freedom upon him eleven years ago, and successive Governments have pressed a K.C.M.G. upon him. But Mr. Heaton has four times declined the honor. There is a joke in connection with Mr. Heaton's friendship with Mr. Marconi which might bear repetition. When he was made a Freeman of the City of London Mr. Marconi accompanied him, and when the latter's turn came he received the freedom of Rome, he insisted that Mr. Heaton should return the compliment by going with him to Rome. Some little time before this Sir Benjamin Stone had photographed them together on the terrace of the House of Commons, in the costumes of their respective courts.

Mr. Marconi sent a copy of this to an Italian newspaper, and the latter published it on the day Mr. Marconi received the freedom of Rome over the inscription: "Mr. Marconi and King Edward the Seventh." One of Mr. Heaton's most treasured possessions—and he only received it during his election campaign this year—is a letter from Mr. Chamberlain wishing him success. Lord Desborough has chosen the following extract from it as an inscription for Mr. Heaton's tomb:

stone: "It has been given to few men to promote reforms independently, and to see them adopted in their own lifetime with universal approval." There is an amusing anecdote in connection with a Parliamentary chess match which the famous postal reformer got up between Great Britain and America in 1907. It was played by cable, and at one stage of the game everything pointed to the defeat of the new world players. Realizing this, they wired: "You're too good for us; we'll play you at poker!" The game, however, ended in a draw, and the offer to play poker has not been accepted.

## Ireland's Surnames.

The impression is general that at least nine out of every ten men in Ireland are named Pat Murphy, and for once there is some real ground for the popular impression, for, if you call every person you meet in Ireland "Murphy," you will be right once in every eight times. If the others are not named Murphy, the chances are two in seventeen that they are Kellys. A strong and growing rival of Murphy and Kelly, however, is Smith. In both England and Scotland Smith is far in the lead, and in Wales beats Jones by a narrow margin.

The number of typical English names in Ireland is surprising. Messrs. Baker, Cooper, Long, Small, Turner, etc., are frequently encountered, but, despite this invasion and the equally vigorous attack of Welsh Joneses, there are enough left of the Aherns, Riordans, Fagans, and Moynihan to keep alive the traditions of the land.

Any Murphy in Ireland, or out of it, can tell you that "Murphy" is a concession to the poor, ignorant English, who found difficulty in pronouncing—the saints help them!—a simple name like MacMurrough—the name of the ancient kings of Leinster, of whom Dermot was the last.

## She Hugged the Weather Van.

A rare example of feminine nerve comes from England. Anxious to obtain unique photographs for sale in connection with a church, Miss Lydia Akiens, nineteen, climbed a steeple-jack's ladder to the top of the spire of St. Mark's Church, Leicester, which is more than 200 feet high. Having reached the top, Miss Akiens, camera in hand, coolly walked around the narrow, unprotected staging and snapped some fine views of the town. So awe-inspiring was the sight that many of the crowd below walked away, declaring they could watch her no longer. Finally the intrepid snapshotter caused tremendous excitement.

Dad started up the Hill with Tommy God Carter as lookout in the envoi of restored vitality are attained.



## ODDITIES OF NAMING.

Process by Which Things Receive Their Designations.

Besides port and sherry, other wines indicate the districts or countries from which they are obtained by their names are madeira, champagne, moselle, and the town of Cognac, in France, is inseparably connected with good brandy. It may not be so generally known that the word "grog" was derived from the nickname of Admiral Vernon, who introduced the mixture into the navy, and who was called "Old Grog," from the grogram breeches he wore.

Another textile derived from the name of a place is calico, from Calicut, in India; and the province of Ulster has given its name to the long overcoat with a cape much in vogue a few years ago; while millinery is generally supposed to be derived from "Milan," a trader in Milan goods.

Wellington and Blucher boots obtain their names from the two famous generals who took so prominent a part in the Battle of Waterloo, and Hessian and Balmoral boots were named after places. Names of vehicles which originated from names of persons are hansom, after its inventor, Joseph Aloysius Hansom; brougham, after Lord Brougham; and Victoria, after her late Majesty, Queen Victoria. The name of Charles Macintosh is preserved in the waterproof coat invented by him, and of John Loudon Macadam in the word macadamize, the process of mending roads by rolling in broken fragments of granite or other stones, which he invented.

currant takes its name from Corinth, from the neighborhood of which the small dried grape is exported; cayenne pepper from the province of Cayenne, in French Guiana; peach is the Persian fruit, damson the Damascene or Damascus plum, but the so-called Jerusalem artichoke has no connection with the capital of Palestine, being a corruption of the Italian girasole (sun-flower), a plant which it much resembles in growth.

Kidderminster, Axminster, Turkey and Brussels give their names to special kinds of carpets, and the last-named to Brussels sprouts; Gruyere, Cheddar, Stilton, to special kinds of cheese; Manila and Havana, to well-known brands of cigar; while Cochin-China and Guinea are represented in the names of farmyard fowls, and the latter also in the now obsolete coin at one time minted from Guinean gold.

Personal names given to roses and other flowers and plants, to pears, apples, and other fruits, to names of towns, rivers, mountains, and other geographical features are too numerous to mention. Among names of countries and states the following, however, are worthy of notice: America, after Amerigo Vespucci, who did not discover America; Columbia, after Christopher Columbus, who did; Victoria and Queensland, after her late Majesty Queen Victoria; and amongst the latest creations Rhodesia after the late Cecil Rhodes.

## Prints Own Dictionary.

Mr. Edward Dwelly, of Herne Bay, better known by his pen-name of Ewen MacDonald, is now completing the self-imposed task of compiling, printing and publishing a Gaelic dictionary entirely by his own labor. To extend his knowledge of Gaelic he joined various Scottish regiments, and for the last fourteen years he has worked at the production of "Faclair Gaidlig" in monthly parts. Unable to afford to pay for publication in the ordinary way he decided to print the work himself. He taught himself the art, and after compiling a list of a million words giving their meanings and local variations, and drawing a thousand illustrations, he turned to composing, plate-casting, printing, trimming and binding, finally posting the parts to subscribers. Next year he

to health like a short period of treatment with "ASAYA-NEURALL." It feeds the nerves, induces restful sleep, quickens the appetite, aids digestion, and soon buoyancy of spirits and the sense of restored vitality are attained. A few doses convince. \$1.50 a bottle. Obtain from the local agent.

E. E. JESSOP.

## YOU PAY WHEN CURED Drs. K. & K. TAKE ALL RISKS



Cured by the New Method Treatment

NO NAMES OR PHOTOS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT

### NERVOUS DEBILITY

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through **Early Indiscretions, Excesses and Blood Diseases**. If you have any of the following symptoms consult us before it is too late. Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, speckled before the eyes, with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, basiflul dreams and losses, sediment in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, listless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, weak manhood, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, sore throat, etc.

### YOU WILL BE A WRECK

Our New Method Treatment cures you and makes a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the blood purified, so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers disappear, the nerves strengthened as steel, so that nervousness, basiflulness and despondency vanish. The eye becomes bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the body and the moral, physical and sexual systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no bodily waste from the system. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard-earned dollars. We will cure you or no pay.

### EVERYTHING PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

READER: No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion **Free of Charge**. Books Free—**"The Golden Monitor"** (Illustrated) on **Secret Diseases of Men**. QUESTION LIST FOR HOME TREATMENT SENT ON REQUEST

## Drs. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

### NOTICE

All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

## Letter Heads Statements— Bill Heads Envelopes Cards Cards Envelopes Bill Heads Statements Letter Heads

The Napanee Express Job Department does anything and everything in the way of high-grade commercial printing. Our assortment of job type is complete, our press facilities of the best, and our workmen true typographical artists. This tells all the story of our facilities for doing job printing of the right kind at right prices.

Cards  
Envelopes  
Bill Heads  
Statements  
Letter Heads

Cards  
Envelopes  
Bill Heads  
Statements  
Letter Heads

St. Mark's Church, Leicester, which is more than 200 feet high. Having reached the top, Miss Akiens, camera in hand, coolly walked around the narrow, unprotected staging and snapped some fine views of the town. So awe-inspiring was the sight that many of the crowd below walked away, declaring they could watch her no longer. Finally the intrepid snapshotter caused tremendous excitement among the onlookers when she climbed another ladder and reached the weather vane, on which she rested for some minutes. Miss Akiens claims the championship as woman steeplejack of the world.

feat of losing a snow plow. Anyone who has ever seen a wing-plow will concede that something akin to genius would be required to lose such an unwieldy piece of property, for it weighs about forty tons, is about the size of a box car, and has wings that cut a swathe sixteen feet wide through the snow drifts.

Dad started up the Hill with Tommy Cod Conger as lookout in the cupola of the snow plow and the usual crew inside to work the wings and the flanger. He bowled along at the usual speed for a couple of miles with the usual clouds of snow flung back against the cab windows and obscuring the view. He knew by instinct when he reached the tunnel, two miles and a quarter, from Field, and there he eased up on the throttle and the cut-off. When he emerged from the tunnel he "dropped her down" and opened the throttle for the encounter with the drifts to be expected there; but things did not seem to be going right, so he opened the window and looked out.

The snow plow was gone!

Dad stopped, got down, and walked up to the pilot and felt of the draw-bar before he could convince himself of this incredible fact. Then he started back slowly, he and the fireman keeping a sharp lookout on both sides. He back up all the way to Field without finding any trace of the lost plow or its crew. It was so astounding that Dad went into the telegraph office and asked if anyone could tell him whether he really had started out with a snow plow or not.

With a volunteer searching party in the cab, Dad started up the Hill again in quest of the last plow. Near the west portal of the tunnel a voice was heard. Tommy Cod was discovered floundering laboriously up the Hill bemoaning his hard fate with many a picturesque invective. The snow plow, he reported, was lying at the river's edge three hundred feet below. When it had left the rails he had been thrown out of the cupola window on to a rock, from which he ricochetted to another, from which he went bounding down the Hill in series of graceful parabolas with the snow plow in hot pursuit, until both landed in a deep drift from which he had great difficulty in escaping. None of the crew was hurt to speak of, but they would all be much obliged to anyone who would kindly dig them out.

Just how that snow plow came to leave the track, and how it managed to disappear without attracting the attention of the engineer or fireman on the locomotive behind it, is a mystery that no one on the Canadian Pacific has ever been able to solve.

More frequently the down-trip was the exciting one in spite of innumerable precautions. Three or four safety-switches were set in the main line, which were never opened until the engineer signalled that he was coming in good order at a speed less than eight miles an hour. By these switches a train exceeding the limit was turned on to short lines up the mountain side, where wrecks could take place without hindering traffic, but the circumstances of their operation were not always foreseen.

### Fatal Affection.

A scientist who lost his pet dog put a little notice in the paper headed "Warning," which charitably described the animal as having "strayed" and added:

"It is of no value, not even to the owner; but, having been experimented upon for scientific purposes with many virulent poisons, a lick from its tongue—and it is very affectionate—would probably prove fatal."

The dog came back the next day—London Tit-Bits.

### Wholesale Packing.

A man was arrested and taken before a judge. The charge was fighting. The judge asked:

"What is your occupation?"

"I'm a wholesale packer, your honor."

"A packer," exclaimed the judge in surprise. "Hogs?"

"Yes, mostly," was the reply. "I'm a street car conductor."

Gadlig" in monthly parts. Unable to afford to pay for publication in the ordinary way he decided to print the work himself. He taught himself the art, and after compiling a list of a million words giving their meanings and local variations, and drawing a thousand illustrations, he turned to composing, plate-casting, printing, trimming and binding, finally posting the parts to subscribers. Next year he hopes to have the work completed. Mr. MacDonald has been cheered and helped in his efforts by the grant of a civil list pension of \$250 early this year. Mr. MacDonald is a Welshman and speaks Welsh fluently as well as Scotch Gaelic. The work will be completed in three volumes.

### Drum Tap Messages.

Writing from German Africa, a European tourist says: "We found here in the dense forest, among people who know nothing of modern scientific discoveries, a good and practical wireless telephone. The natives have for purposes of ceremony, peaceful and warlike, drums of various dimensions, made of wood, and these, when beaten, emit sounds of about an octave in range. Aside from the ceremonies, the drums are used also as means of communication, and the manner of striking, the number of strokes, the pauses, etc., make up words and sentences which are readily understood for miles around. We had proof of this on one day. Our caravan was ready to start when our head servant stopped suddenly in his work, listened intently and then gave unmistakable signs of pleasure. We learned later that the indistinct sounds conveyed to him the news that a boy had been born to his brother in a neighboring village."

## AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

### Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her.

Toronto, Canada.—"I shall endeavor to describe to you how I felt before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I scarcely knew what it was to be well. I had awful bearing-downpains and usually before my monthly periods I suffered terribly and had to go to bed. I was not able to walk across the floor the pain was so bad. I doctored for a long time, but the doctor's treatment did not do me any good. I gave up all hopes of ever being well again

until one day my husband saw the Compound advertised in the paper. He decided to get me a bottle, and I am thankful he did. I had not taken one bottle before I began to feel better, and I kept on taking it until now I am a different woman. It also helped me during maternity and childbirth. I can thoroughly recommend your Vegetable Compound to any woman who is afflicted with female troubles."—Mrs. J. M. TWEEDALE, 138 Nassau St., Toronto, Canada.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulence, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.



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# SCIENCE CURES THE KIDNEYS

THROUGH "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

## The Famous Medicine Made of Fruit Juices

After careful consideration, it has been determined that "Fruit-a-tives" is a thoroughly scientific remedy. It is based on scientific facts and it cures in a scientific manner.

In fact "Fruit-a-tives" is known to be the most scientific remedy ever discovered for Kidney and Bladder Troubles. Mr. Placey thinks so, and his experience proves it:

Ulverton, P.Q., March 17th.

I suffered for many years with Kidney Trouble and Pain in the Back. I took every known kidney remedy and kidney pill, but nothing gave me relief. I was advised to try "Fruit-a-tives," and this fruit medicine cured me when every other remedy failed. I used fifteen boxes of "Fruit-a-tives." From the first, "Fruit-a-tives" gave me relief and I am now well—no pain, no suffering—and every symptom of Kidney Disease gone.

CLARENCE J. PLACEY.

50¢ a box, 6 for \$2.50; trial size, 25¢. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

## GRIMSBY'S BUSY HOUR.

It Is Grim But Profitable When the Catch Comes In.

Grimsby's (Eng.) busy hour means a lot.

A dark day, with mists rolling from the grey North Sea. Shriek hoots sounding from outside. A churning of oil water, and up race long, narrow fishing boats, the very latest in this scientific sea-scouring competition, captained by men equally up to date in language of the choicest.

But you've no time to look at darting, jumbled shipping. You're on the fish pontoon, a huge landing. Overhead electric lights, a low roof, a roof to which steel ladders run in darkness.

Along the vast landing sweating, toiling men—men heading fish, cleaning fish, men packing cases, men filling barrels, men fetching ice from that great building opposite. Outside, that long, panting line of steamers. All for fish!

You pause beside one shining heap. Watch a hand, watch a hundred hands, "gutting" with lightning rapidity; watch huge monsters jammed into barrels; watch the struggle for the many weighing machines; leap aside as some roaring giant, heading a shouting string of carriers, hurries past.

Now a train backs in; trolleys tear across the platforms; trucks are labelled for every town in the British Isles. You watch them fighting against time in this cold morning air; and an engine roars and sparks, gives a warning scream, and is gone. That doesn't matter. Here comes another! You are infected with the spirit; find yourself heaving with the best.

Here an auctioneer, surrounded by a mob, who have hardly time to bid; here a policeman taking a man, who's so busy that he hasn't time to discriminate, and has awkwardly got mixed over other people's property. Other boats back up; other huge scaly heaps are sorted. The crowd grows larger. Blue-jerseyed figures work in this rush and scurry like

## RECENT ART ROMANCES

### RUBBISH HEAP PICTURES THAT HAVE BROUGHT BIG PRICES.

Neubourg Grocer Gets a Raphael For Twenty-Four Shillings and Sells It For Four Thousand Pounds—A Rubens and a Gainsborough Turned Up In a Pawnshop and a Landseer In a Kitchen.

The Neubourg grocer who has been fortunate enough to pick up at an auction sale for twenty-four shillings a Raphael, the value of which is at least 4,000 times the price he paid for it, has had many recent predecessors in similar lucky experiences, the stories of which quite outstrip romance.

A short time ago a second-hand dealer purchased a deplorably dirty canvas from a poor widow for a few shillings—a sum which brought tears of gratitude and joy to the woman's eyes. After carefully cleaning the picture the dealer was delighted, although not altogether surprised, to discover that he was the possessor of an undoubted Gainsborough, for which he found an eager purchaser for £3,500.

A few weeks earlier a carpenter presented himself at the shop of a picture dealer in the Rue St. Lazare, Paris, offering for sale a large and dirty canvas for the modest sum of 20 francs. "I don't suppose the picture is worth anything," he said, "but the frame ought to be worth the money." The dealer, who was in want of a frame of similar size, paid the 20 francs, and, removing the canvas, he cast it aside in a corner of his shop.

Some weeks later an artist-customer chanced to notice the discarded canvas, and, after examining it, exclaimed, "Halloa! You've got a treasure here. It is a variant of one of Raphael's works, the Vatican 'Adam and Eve'." The news of the discovery spread, and within a few days the dealer had sold his 20-franc picture for 10,000 francs.

Another Raphael, "La Belle Jardiniere," was quite recently discovered at a second-hand shop in Paris, and purchased for 44 francs, probably less than a two-thousandth part of its real value; a Rubens, valued at £7,000, was picked up for a five-pound note at an auction-sale at Carnarvonshire; and 25 shillings was the price paid at an old curiosity shop in Barmouth for a sea piece, painted in oils on an oak panel, which when cleaned, proved to be a genuine Turner, worth at least £700.

More remarkable still was the good fortune of a picture-lover who strolled one day into a shop on the Paris boulevards, and noticing among a lot of lumber a study in red chalk purchased it for half a franc. On examining his purchase more carefully he found to his delight that he was the possessor of Raphael's original design for his famous picture, "La Disputa del Sacramento," now in the Vatican, the value of which is little short of £1,000.

A romantic story was told a short time ago of a widow who took an old picture to a second-hand dealer, begging him to buy it as she wanted a few shillings to pay the expenses of visiting some friends. The dealer examined the proffered canvas, which was covered with generations of dirt, and reluctantly offered 30 shillings for it. When the canvas was cleaned it proved to be a very fine example of Gainsborough, worth at least £5,000.

A year or two ago an East Ham pawnbroker advanced £15 on seven old pictures to a needy client, lending the money, as he said, "mainly on the value of the frames, one of which contained quite £3 worth of gold." When the agreement expired the unredeemed canvases were consigned to the lumber room and practically forgotten, until one day an antique dealer chanced to see them, and on his

## DISTRIBUTION OF SEED GRAIN AND POTATOES.

By instruction of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture a distribution is being made this season of samples of superior sorts of grain and potatoes to Canadian farmers for the improvement of seed. The stock for distribution has been secured mainly from the Experimental Farms at Indian Head, Sask., Brandon, Man., and Ottawa, Ont. The samples consist of oats, spring wheat, barley, field peas, Indian corn (for ensilage only), and potatoes. The quantity of oats sent is 4 lbs., and of wheat or barley 5 lbs., sufficient in each case to sow one twentieth of an acre. The samples of Indian corn, peas and potatoes weigh 3 lbs. each. A quantity of each of the following varieties has been secured for this distribution:—

Oats.—Banner, Abundance, Danish Island, Wide-Awake, Thousand Dollar Improved Ligowoo—all white varieties.

Wheat.—Red varieties:—Marquis and Early Red Fife (early beardless sorts of high baking strength), Red Fife (beardless), Preston and Huron (early, bearded). White varieties:—White Fife (beardless), Bobs (early, beardless).

Barley.—Six-rowed: Mensury and Manchurian (a selection from Mensury). Two rowed: Standwell and Invincible.

Field Peas.—Arthur and Golden Vines.

Indian Corn (for ensilage).—Early sorts: Angel of Midnight, Compton's Early and Longfellow. Later varieties: Selected Leading, Early Mastodon, and White Cap Yellow Dent.

Potatoes.—Early varieties: Rochester Rose, and Irish Cobbler. Medium to late varieties: Gold Coin, Carman No. 1, and Money Maker. The late varieties are, as a rule, more productive than the earlier kinds.

Only one sample can be sent to each applicant, hence if an individual receives a sample of oats he cannot also receive one of wheat, barley, peas, Indian corn or potatoes. Applications on printed cards or sheets, or lists of names from one individual, or applications for more than one sample for one household, cannot be entertained. The samples will be sent free of charge through the mail.

Applications should be addressed to the Dominion Cerealist, Experimental Farm Ottawa, and may be sent in any time from the 1st December to the 15th of February, after which the lists will be closed, so that the samples asked for may be sent out in good time. Applicants should mention the variety they prefer, with a second sort as an alternative. Applications will be filled in the order in which they are received so long as the supply lasts. Farmers are advised to apply early to avoid possible disappointment. Those applying for Indian corn or potatoes should bear in mind that the corn is not usually distributed until April, and that potatoes cannot be mailed until danger from frost in transit is over. No postage is required on mail matter addressed to the Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

WM. SAUNDERS,  
Director of Experimental Farms.

## Causes Sickness

Good Health Impossible With a Disordered Stomach.

There is nothing that will create sickness or cause more trouble than a disordered stomach, and many people daily contract serious maladies simply through disregard or abuse of the stomach.

We urge every one suffering from any stomach derangement, indigestion or dyspepsia, whether acute or chronic, to see them, and on his

## KIDNEY TROUBLE

Suffered Ten Years—Recovered in Three Months Thanks to PE-RU-NA.



G. E. FIZER  
C. B. FIZER, Mt. Sterling, Ky., says: "I have suffered with kidney and bladder trouble for ten years past. Last March I commenced using Peruna and continued for three months. I have not used it since, nor have I felt pain."

## TAMWORTH.

Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds, Arden, were married at the parsonage, on Monday last by Rev. Mr. Dixon.

The Presbyterian tea meeting, held in the Town Hall, on Wednesday last was a grand success; proceeds over \$60.

W. J. Paul, has had the Sheffield factory put into first class shape with cement walls and floors.

John Hunter has added a large commodious shed for his implements and harvest machinery.

## STELLA.

Many of the farmers have completed their ploughing.

W. G. McGuinness, Emerald, is buying hay. The presses are at work. He expects to ship to the west before the close of navigation.

H. Sandwith, is putting up a grist mill, which will be a great convenience to the islanders.

J. Beaubien, who been very sick for two weeks, is slowly recovering.

Miss Maggie Tait, is a sufferer from sciatica.

Mrs. D. H. Preston, ailing from some time is not much improved in health.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Brown have returned home from Chatham.

Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Tugwell, left last week for the west to visit their daughter, Mrs. H. Findlay.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Cochrane, spent Sunday with R. Fleming, Kingston Mills.

Stella cheese factory will close for the season, on Tuesday.

The Presbyterian missionary meeting was held in St. Paul's church, on Wednesday,

## YARKER.

(For last week.)

The last shipment of hogs, by M. Foster, bought \$6.50. This is quite a drop from prices paid in September.

Miss Clark received an urgent call to return home to Arden, owing to illness of her relatives. Miss Peterson left with her, and went to her home at Northbrook.

Calvin Locke took a trip to Water-town, N. Y.

John Ewart, confined to his home, is able to be in his place of business again.

Mrs. A. Baxter, visiting her brother, William Herrington, of Richmond, is home again.

P. Delaney, his mother, and Master Henry, of San Francisco, Cal., are at C. Emery's.

A Sunday School Institute will be held here in the Methodist church, Fri-



# HIGH LIFE BELOW STAIRS

ENGLISH SERVANTS APE THEIR MASTERS.

The Reign of the Snob as Seen in a Recent Review of Society.

Well known in the society of both continents, Frederick Townsend Martin has just been revealing pictures of the life of the idle rich.

"I have sometimes come into contact with snobs," admits the author. "Everyone knows the clever description of snobs given by Thackeray, who found them in every rank of life, from the highest to the lowest grade. And my experience proves that snobs still live, and, in my opinion, will continue to live as long as the world lasts—and in all ranks of life.

"I was once spending a few days with a powerful earl who has three beautiful country seats in England. The party was not a large one, and it rather surprised me at dinner that as soon as a course was served the servants all disappeared. While they were in the room the noble earl and his family were most cold and reserved in their conversation; but as soon as the servants left the room he became natural and talked in the most free and friendly manner, discussing all subjects of the day.

## NEVER FORGOT POSITION.

"When the time came to remove the plates for another course the earl rang a little bell; the two butlers and four valets marched in, and the conversation, which had been so pleasant during their absence, seemed to freeze up, and formality reigned till they left the room again. At each course the same thing happened. When dinner was over the noble lord laughingly said to me:

"You know that I never am at my ease before the servants, for one has to keep up the standard of one's position, and everything discussed at the table is afterwards discussed in the servants' hall. For that reason we must never forget the position that we have been born to."

## WHAT MAKES SNOBS?

"Keeping up the position," Mr. Martin goes on to explain, "makes snobbery. King Edward realized it. While he was dining with Lady Paget at one time, speaking of some Americans who were making a position for themselves, he smiled, and said: 'Ah, Lady Paget, it is not getting up to the top of the tree, but it is holding on after you get there.'

"And where I hear people talking about certain ladies and gentlemen having reached powerful positions in life, and I hear the old phrase, 'They have got to the top of the tree,' I am more than ever convinced in my mind of the truth of that remark that it is not getting to the top of the tree that entails the greatest sacrifice, but holding on after you get there. And to hold on successfully one must be a snob. Otherwise so many hands are reaching up to pull you down."

## FIND THEM EVERYWHERE.

"I have found it most interesting to study the snobbery of the people

# IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Oppresses in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

The honorable secretaries of King Edward's Hospital Fund for London have received at the Bank of England the sum of \$50,000 from an anonymous contributor.

With a catch of 215,000 herrings the steam drifter Light has beaten all records at Southwold, Suffolk. The catch, representing one night's work, sold for \$1,375.

The members of the Sunbury Fire Brigade have decided to resign in a body at Christmas unless grievances between them and the superintended are adjusted.

This year's hop crop in England is estimated, in a preliminary statement issued by the Board of Agriculture, at 302,675 cwt., as compared with the yield of 214,484 cwt., in 1909.

Sacred selections are played on a large gramophone, and brief addresses on the music and composers are given by the vicar at the services in St. Michael's church, Stourbridge, Willesden.

Attacked with a poker by an inmate of the military hospital Tilsworth Barracks, Salisbury Plain, Private William Williams, of the Royal Army Medical Corps, died from the effects of his injuries.

It was announced in a recent "gazette" that Colonel Robert Pringle had been appointed Director-General of the Army Veterinary Service, and Hon. Major General, vice Hon. Major General F. Smith, retired.

For having unsound pork in his possession, George Harrison, a butcher, of London road, Brighton, was recently fined \$75. Thomas Baldock, a carrier of Wivelsfield, Sussex, who sold the meat, being fined the same amount.

The removal of the Marconi wireless station at Waterloo, near Liverpool, to the Seaforth Barracks, has proved quite satisfactory, and ultimately the Admiralty will take over the station to be utilized solely in the interests of coastal defence.

The six months old child of Thomas Thompson, a laborer of Wymondham, Norfolk, was burned to death while sleeping in a perambulator in front of the fire. Some sheets hung before the fire were ignited and the flames spread to the child.

## FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irish men.

Out of 57 designs submitted for additions to the University buildings, Belfast, that of Mr. W. H. Lynn, N. Belfast, was accepted.

Lord Grenville, owner of the town of Mullingar, has signified to the town tenants that he is not at present in a position to sell the town

# DOGGER BANK FISHERMEN

THEY ARE INURED TO DANGER FROM EARLY LIFE.

Hardships of the Crews That Man the Small Trawling Smacks.

Not long ago a tramp steamer out of Hull, England, and bound for Riga sighted a little trawling smack which had been swamped by the great seas that, breaking aboard, put out the fires. The crew was saved, but the really remarkable thing about it all was that when observed by the rescuers those toilers of the deep had their nets out and were about their usual business.

Trawling off the Dogger, a submarine bank 170 by 70 miles, are fleets of from 100 to 150 vessels, each manned by a crew of five or six men. The fish are sent to Billingsgate and Shadwell and through those great distributing centres find their way to English breakfast tables. Each fleet is commanded by an admiral, whose vessel is readily distinguishable by a flag at the forestay. The smacks are ketch rigged, 65 to 95 feet, and are worked by companies and by individual owners.

The crews get small standing wages and a percentage. They have no outfit to speak of, anything strong and warm serves as clothing. The mission to deep set fishermen provides sea boots, stockings, steering gloves and similar articles at nominal prices. The mission also supplies sound tobacco and equally sound reading matter, and from the same source men receive

## FREE MEDICAL TREATMENT.

The process of trawling, writes Henry Waterman in Zion's Herald, is simply ground fishing or fish dredging. A smack tows a large net which is attached to a trawl beam between 50 and 60 feet long, at each end of which is a heavy iron band that keeps the trawl beam swinging about three feet clear. This apparatus is dragged along the bottom of the water. The gear is raised to the surface by means of a small steam engine. In the old days the trawl was raised by hand, a process which meant a terrible strain at the capstan for two hours. To-day the task is accomplished in half an hour.

A fleet of a hundred vessels will readily care for an area of ten miles. The necessity of all obeying the admiral's signals as to when to haul the net or when to sheet it is evident, as, failing good discipline, the smacks would be in constant danger of collision and fouling one another's gear. The smacks lay to haul the nets, and when trawling in a good breeze sail at a rate of about three to four knots, as the fish lie close to the bottom in twenty to thirty fathoms of water, thus making it necessary to pay out some eighty fathoms of trawl rope. Fishing is carried on almost wholly at night, and when it is good the men often have to be satisfied with three hours sleep in the twenty-four. Each fleet is accompanied by steam carriers, one of which leaves each morning for London, Hull or Grimsby with the catch of the previous night. Sometimes the fleets

# PAPER OF MANY KINDS

ITS USE MAY BE INDEFINITELY EXTENDED.

PAPER THREAD AND BRICKS ARE FOUND IN INDUSTRY — IMITATION PORCELAIN.

While there is nothing like linen for paper making, many other things will serve as substitutes. For instance, patents have been issued in Europe and this country for the manufacture of paper from barley, oats, rice, Indian corn, peas, beans, sugar cane refuse, jute, moss, seaweed, tobacco, lichens, potatoes, and other equally strange things.

In most cases the price of manufacture is excessive when we consider the quality of the product. The great bulk of our paper—not the best, but that most commonly used—is made from the wood of certain trees. Paper can be made from nearly anything, and nearly anything can be made from paper. With compressed paper are made wheels, rails, cannons, horseshoes, polishers for gems, bicycles and asphalted tubes for gas or electric wires.

## BRICKS FROM PAPER.

Berlin has made an attempt to make artificial bricks with wood pulp and zinc sulphate. After subjecting them to an enormously high pressure they are baked for forty-eight hours. These have been used for paving streets. In similar fashion, roofing tiles and water pipes are being made. Telephone poles of rolled sheets of paper are hollow, lighter than wood, and resist the weather well.

In Japan the following are made of paper:

Clothing, window frames, lanterns, umbrellas, handkerchiefs, artificial leathers, etc.

In the United States and Germany are made paper barrels, vases and milk bottles. Straw hats may now be bought into which enters not an atom of straw. They are made of narrow paper strips, dyed yellow.

## ARTIFICIAL SPONGES.

Artificial sponges are made of cellulose, or paper pulp.

M. Clavez, a French inventor, has taken out a patent for paper thread to be used in sewing shoes, and a well known French silk thread is made on a basis of paper pulp.

The use of paper in industry may be indefinitely extended. It is employed to make imitation porcelain, for boats, for bullets, shoes, billiard table cloth, sails for boats, boards for building, impermeable bags for cement and powdered substances, boats and water vessels. There has even been made a paper stove, which is said to have stood the test well. Cellulose may be used to prepare a waterproof coating that may be applied like paint. Whole houses in Norway have been built of paper as well as in other countries, in Norway, too, is a church holding 1,000 persons, built entirely of paper, even to the belly.

## THE QUEEN'S OWN.

There can be no doubt that the loyalty of many a British subject is strengthened by such incidents as the one recently recounted in

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Ace Magpie which of which trader W. T. Labrac narrates his history.

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the top of the tree that entails the greatest sacrifice, but holding on after you get there. And to hold on successfully one must be snob. Otherwise so many hands are reaching up to pull you down.

#### FIND THEM EVERYWHERE.

"I have found it most interesting to study the snobbery of the people in the fashionable world, and it can be traced down through every grade of life to the very joy of the bootblack in having as regular customers what he calls 'howling swells.' Few people appreciate what snobbery exists in the realm of the servants' hall.

"I was once visiting Baron Ferdinand de Rothschild when my valet came to me and asked if he could go to London by the morning train and get back in the afternoon. I said to him:

"Why do you want to go?"

"Oh, sir," he replied, "as we were stopping here only a few days I did not put in my evening suit, and last night, you being a foreigner, I found myself ranked above all the others and had to take precedence of those who were travelling with dukes, earls and viscounts. I ranked them all, and took in the housekeeper to dinner, and my mortification was great when I noticed that every one of the men around the table was in evening clothes, and I alone was in my ordinary black suit!"

#### SERVANTS TAKE MASTERS' RANK.

"By the way, sir," he continued, "perhaps you, being an American, don't know that in the Servants' Hall the valets and maids are always called after their masters' and mistresses' names. They don't call them Lady or Lord So and So, but simply by the last name. Thus, Earl Cork's servant would be called Cork, and in the Servants' Hall they are seated at the Housekeeper's table in exactly the same grade and rank as that observed by their masters and mistresses upstairs."

"The other day I met a friend of mine, an elderly lady, at dinner, and said to her: 'Your maid you have had so many years has taken splendid care of you, for you look remarkably well and young.'

"'Oh, Mr. Martin,' she replied, 'what do you think! Elizabeth, whom I treasured and thought so much of, has left me!'

"I'm astounded to hear that," I replied. "Why, you are the kindest mistress in the world."

#### WAS QUEEN OF SNOBS.

"That is just what Elizabeth remarked when she gave me a month's warning," replied my friend. "She said: 'Madam, you are the kindest mistress in the world, and yet I must leave you. For you are continually visiting in house parties throughout the year, and,' she added, 'you are only a plain Mrs. and when we go in to dinner in the Servants' Hall I am always the last in the line, and am looked upon as nobody in the realms of the Housekeeper's Room!'"

"My dear friend then added: 'I have seen certain ladies pointed out to me as being the queens of snobs, but I certainly think that my old Elizabeth--much as I valued her in all other respects--was the Queen of the Servant's Hall!'"

Praying may be a costly thing when it is a refuge from paying.

He who worries over his words to ~~soon~~ soon loses his word for men.

#### men.

Out of 57 designs submitted for additions to the University buildings, Belfast, that of Mr. W. H. Lynn, N. Belfast, was accepted.

Lord Grenville, owner of the town of Mullingar, has signified to the town tenants that he is not at present in a position to sell the town property.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company has placed orders with Harland & Wolff, Belfast, for five large passenger steamers for the South American trade.

At a temperance mission opened recently at St. Michael's parish in Limerick by the Capuchin Fathers, the pledge was administered to over 5,000 women.

A motor fatality occurred in Dame street, Dublin, when a man named Paul Boland, aged about 50, while crossing the street, was knocked down and killed.

A barrel containing a large quantity of butter in an excellent state of preservation has been dug out of a County Derry bog, where it was buried at the depth of six feet.

Dr. McDonnell, who was recently elected by the Dingle Guardians, medical officer for the Ventry district, has cabled from Kimberley, South Africa, refusing the position.

A burning accident with fatal results recently occurred in Protestant street, Limavady, the victim being a little boy aged one year and nine months, the only child of Mr. and Mrs. James Calaghan.

Thomas Conroy, of Moate, now residing near Manchester, England, is described as a coming Irish tenor. He has recently passed the singing and piano-examination of the London College of Music.

The now famous "Form IV." is being circulated in Ireland. The form is slightly different from that in England, as several of the clauses have been found to be unnecessary in view of information already possessed by the Valuation Office.

Patrick McGovern, baker, William street, Belfast, who has already received a testimonial from the Royal Humane Society for rescuing William Doherty from drowning at Castle Derg, Tyrone, has been forwarded \$25 by the Carnegie Hero Fund.

The remains of Mr. George Short, aged 88, were accorded a military funeral at Belfast. Six of deceased's sons are serving under the Crown, five of them in the navy and one in the Constabulary. Their total service, including that of their late father, amounts to 142 years.

#### BUTTER AND THE SOIL.

Expert butter-tasters in France maintain that a flavor of the soil on which the cattle browse is always distinctly perceptible in butter, no matter what the special race of the cows producing it may be. Normandy cows sent into Poitou show a change in the flavor of their butter approaching that characteristic of the butter produced in that region, although the resemblance is never complete. Thus they say that just as there are different crus of wine, depending on peculiarities of soil and climate, so there are corresponding crus of butter arising from peculiarities of nourishment and pasturage. The immediate influence of the soil is shown by the fact that in winter, when the cows are nourished on concentrated food, not taken directly from the land, the characteristic flavors ascribed to the

wine vanish.

eighty fathoms or more long, being carried on almost wholly at night, and when it is good the men often have to be satisfied with three hours sleep in the twenty-four. Each fleet is accompanied by steam carriers, one of which leaves each morning for London, Hull or Grimsby with the catch of the previous night. Sometimes the fleets are as far off as

THE COAST OF DENMARK, and were it not for these carriers much time would be lost. Then too ice would be a necessity in the absence of the carriers, an item of no small importance.

In the "old days," prior to 1881, the deep sea fishers were little cared for by mission, board of trade or philanthropist. The prevailing conditions at that time beggar description, and the lot of those men was anything but happy. While yet boys they began as cooks or apprentices and life was a squalor between fifty days at sea and seven days on shore. For pleasure they depended on the Dutch coper, a small vessel which was always near a fleet, and was a veritable curse to the North Sea. The coper dealt in cheap tobacco and cheaper liquor, and, not content with that, peddled prurient books and obscene pictures. Terrible tales are told of fights and other disgraceful episodes on board the copers. I recall one weird story of a drunken lot trying to rouse a still drunker comrade. Failing to do that they saturated his clothes with turpentine and applied a match. The man was burned to death, the ship took fire and was barely saved.

The mission to deep sea fishermen changed all that. The mission took the position, that attention to bodily welfare is the first thing to consider. It has smacks of its own which fish alongside the fleets and the revenue so raised goes toward the support of the mission. Such revenue, however, is at best but incidental, and

#### VOLUNTARY SUBSCRIPTION

had to be resorted to. The expense of such work is heavy, the mission maintaining nine smacks in the North Sea as well as carrying on work in British North America. Each smack combines church, temperance league, library and club. In addition four well equipped hospital boats make extra demands for money.

The smacksmen make excellent sailors under all conditions. Inured to danger from early life, living in an atmosphere of constant danger, they fit into any berth and show a dash and hardihood that are little short of the sublime.

To a genuine landman the call of the deep is a mystery. Occasionally some curious investigator takes a trip to the Dogger Bank. One trip is generally enough. The smacks are necessarily dirty, the smell of fish is everywhere and everything is covered with fish scales and gurry. The fetid air of the cabin makes the forecastle of a coasting brig a sweet resting place in comparison.

#### NUTS TO THE BOVINES.

In Mexico they feed the fighting bulls on English walnuts. Whole shiploads of these nuts are brought to Mexican ports from Bilbao and Santander in Spain. The nuts are distributed through the City of Mexico to the various ranches. The Mexico City Bull Ring Association feeds forty or fifty bulls on this cheese fare.

church holding 1,000 persons, built entirely of paper, even to the belfry.

#### THE QUEEN'S OWN.

There can be no doubt that the loyalty of many a British subject is strengthened by such incidents as the one recently recounted in the London Athenaeum. One day, toward the end of Queen Victoria's life, the queen was passing through a naval hospital, and paused at the bedside of a dying sailor. With tears in her eyes, she asked him if she could do anything for him.

"No, your Majesty," was the reply, "I am past that; but will you thank the nurse who has been so kind to me?"

Upon the instant her majesty turned to the watching nurse, and raising her voice, that all the ward might hear, said, "I thank you very much for your kindness to my son."

#### PRINCE WOULDN'T DRINK.

#### Protested Against Drinking Laws of Students.

The German Crown Prince gave the first proof of individual development when, as a student, he refused to submit to the terrible drinking laws which oblige the younger students to swallow an enormous quantity of beer at the command of the older ones. This rebellion was considered by his fellow-students as a breach of sacred tradition, and a report was drawn up and presented to the Emperor, stating the revolutionary behavior of his son. The Emperor is not a very lenient father, but on this occasion he took the side of the Crown Prince, and only the other day he lectured to the students on the evil effects of this custom of excessive drinking.

The Crown Prince has not made a stir in the world, although once he delivered a public speech in which he called the social Democrats "miserables." This, of course, was a blunder, for the German Social Democratic party is made up of several millions of members, and the future Emperor must not offend a powerful party, except in a case of urgent necessity. The newspapers were almost unanimous in their denunciation of this speech, and the prince was silent for years.

One knows only that he is an excellent sportsman, and that he assumes no airs. He treats the pompous festivities of the court as "humbug," and he charms the people who approach him by the natural easiness and simplicity of his manners. He is very slender, graceful in his movements, and a remarkable horseman. He is interested in the theatre, and he went seven times to see one comic opera. The political education of the prince was confided to the secret counsellor, Von Falkenhayn.

MAKE ARTIFICIAL MARBLE.

They are now making artificial marble with much success in Sicily. The manufactory is in the shadow of Mount Etna and there common blocks of sandstone are put in a tank containing volcanic asphalt and coal tar and boiled for thirty-six hours. The stones are then taken out and polished and it is said that it takes an expert to tell them from black marble.

To be dead sure of too many things is a fatal kind of certainty.

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## A Laughable Story From Far-away Labrador.

A certain ox of the village of Magpie, Labrador, has a habit which has led to an excellent story, of which he is the hero. When the trader who told the tale to Dr. C. W. Townsend, the author of "A Labrador Spring," concluded the narrative, he confidentially assured his hearer the next day that the story was entirely and exactly true. If it is not, it ought to be.

The ox used to wander along the little road that leads to the river because the pastureage was good there, and being of a social disposition, and having no friends of his own race with whom to associate, —for it was the only ox in the village, and much petted and familiarly conversed with,—he was wont to welcome all human beings passing along the road. If they stopped, he would nose up against them in the most friendly manner; if they walked, he would sedately walk beside them; if they ran, he would run, too, and he could run well, very well, for an ox. The villagers understood and appreciated him.

One day there passed along this road a stranger on the march for the Hudson Bay post of Mingan, an elderly man of timid disposition, and ignorant of the customs of the Magpie ox, and indeed not familiar with any horned cattle.

As he approached the bridge that crosses the river near the cascade, he perceived the ox, grazing by the roadside, and quickened his pace, for he did not much relish such close proximity to a great beast with long horns, and these with such sharp points.

Our friend, the ox, stops grazing, and steps out rather quickly in order to say bon jour, so to speak, to the traveller.

He, poor man, starts to run to escape what he believes to be an animal of vicious intentions, and to his terror the beast runs after him.

Away they go, faster and faster, down the hill toward the bridge.

Just before reaching this point, the road turns sharply to the left at the river's brink. The man, terrified as he is, has enough wits left to take the turn successfully, and gains the bridge; but the ox, in the ardor of his desire for social intercourse, and the slowness of his mind and of his huge bulk, is unable to turn quickly enough, but crashes through the single rail, over the bank, down—down—down into the Magpie River.

The good man, relieved of the pursuit of this ravenous beast, but trembling like a leaf in every limb, tells his beads and gives thanks to the bon Dieu. Across the bridge he goes; but he is suddenly struck stiff with horror at the reappearance of the ox, which, having risen from his plunge, like a veritable plongeur that he is, has swum the river, and clambered out on the rocks on the opposite shore.

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## WON'T WORK—WON'T LEAVE.

Troublesome Variation of the Servant Girl Puzzle.

An unusual phase of the servant girl problem was presented by a man who applied to Magistrate Francis at Westminster Police Court, London, England, for ad-

## ODD CLUES TO MURDERS KING OF THE NASHWAAK KILN DRIED AIR SAP LIFE

## MOST CRIMINALS ARE FOOLS, DETECTIVE SAYS.

## Trivial Cases Upon Which Great Criminal Cases Have Turned.

Criminals are very forgetful persons. The famous series of frauds on the Bank of England by the Benson brothers a generation ago was terminated by the fact that the forgers of the drafts forgot to take the last one presented. This almost incredible blunder led to the breakup of the most dangerous band of criminals England has ever known, says Pearson's Weekly.

An uneasy conscience gave away Dougal, the Moat Farm murderer. He had presented a forged check on his victim's banking account, and the clerk, not recognizing the signature, asked Dougal to wait a few moments. Convinced that it was a trick to detain him until the police were summoned, the wretched man bolted, and that set in motion a train of suspicions that eventually resulted in the discovery of one of the most cold-blooded crimes in the history of murder.

Any detective of experience will tell you that most criminals are fools, which is a good thing in the long run for those whose business it is to detect crime.

There was a case in the midlands nearly twenty years ago which concerned a man who spent many days planning

A WOMAN'S MURDER and disguising his own personality so that nobody could ever suspect him of the crime. Then, when his plans were completed, he lured the unfortunate woman to a lonely place and murdered her.

He was more than astonished to find himself under arrest within an hour of the discovery of the dead body, but it was no wonderful feat of detection after all. In his haste and confusion the murderer had actually left his visiting card on his victim's body.

A child's penny toy lantern directly led to the hanging of Fowler and Milsom for the Muswell Hill murder. It was a lucky clue, that finding of the child whose toy had been left behind in the house with the body of Mr. Smith, the murdered man. It was the property of Fowler's little brother, and the child's innocent pleasure at the recovery of his lantern was the culminating stroke in one of the greatest tragedies of the last fifty years.

Clothes played a prominent part in the Yarmouth Beach murder case of nine years ago, but it was a boot lace that finally fastened the crime on Bennett. That trivial boot lace had been used to strangle the poor woman who died where so many had found holiday happiness; and those who attended the trial will never forget the

## PROFOUND IMPRESSION

created by the production of the string.

Upon a certain occasion a prominent merchant and railway magnate was talking in the street to a friend of his, who was eminent in the service of the State. A young man passed by and, to the astonishment of the former, his com-

## THE RISE AND FALL OF ALEXANDER GIBSON.

## Close of Life and End of Fortune of New Brunswick's Lumber King.

According to New Brunswick papers the property of the Gibson Railway and Lumber Company, at Gibson and other points in the province, is to be sold to satisfy mortgages aggregating half a million dollars. With this sale will depart from the hands of the veteran Alexander Gibson, the last of the great estate which he assembled and at least nominally directed during a longer working life than is granted to ninety-nine men in a hundred.

The majority of the people of New Brunswick may be described as farmers, but they are nearly always lumbermen first of all.

The spruce log has been the mainstay of the province for half a century, as the pine log previously was, and among the men who have brought the forest reserves of New Brunswick down to the danger point, Alexander Gibson is easily first.

## HIS WONDERFUL CAREER.

He was the big toad in the comparatively small puddle. Even J. R. Booth on the Ottawa, having regard to the extent of his field of operations, loomed hardly so large as Alexander Gibson, along the St. John River. To use a phrase coined and current in New Brunswick, and not unknown elsewhere, derived from the name of another large lumber operator, who preceded him, he was for a generation "the main John Glasier" of his province.

Born in the last year of the reign of George III. it was little past the middle of the century when Mr. Gibson had made a fortune as a lumber operator on the shore of the Bay of Fundy. In those days there is said to have been a crudity about his book-keeping. Whether he kept any books at all or not it was noticed that he usually tore up his receipts. But he was young and vigorous, and there was a large margin of profit in lumber, and therefore he prospered. When the timber along the bay shore had been pretty well cut or burned away, about the end of the United States civil war, he moved 100 miles up the St. John River. There, opposite Fredericton, where the Nashwaak joins the main stream, Alexander Gibson built first a lumber mill, then a church, then the town of Marysville. He became the "King of the Nashwaak." His lumber operations exceeded those of any single operator in that part of the world either before or since.

There have been those who cut more logs, sawed more feet of plank or board, or shipped more wood products abroad, but Mr. Gibson did the whole business himself.

## BIG DEPARTMENT BUSINESS

His men felled his trees on his timber limits, his stream drivers brought the logs to his mills, he himself owned the tugs and scows that rafted the sawn product to the seacoast, he chartered the steamships that freighted it to the European market. When he acquired

## SCHOOL PRINCIPAL WHO BELIEVES IN FRESH AIR.

## Devitalized Atmosphere of Modern Ventilation Systems is Denounced.

The kiln dried child is the latest sin against nature.

There are no lazy men or women in the world.

Kiln dried houses and schools are killing 200,000 babies every twelve months.

"No heating system I know of is right to-day."

These were only a few of the things Principal Watt, of Graham School, Chicago, asserted in an address before a Furnace Manufacturing Convention.

## AIR DEVITALIZING PUPILS.

Ventilating engineers remove "bad air" by means of an outlet in the floor. But he said that the dangerous carbon dioxide, which children exhale from their lungs, arises to the ceiling. As it cools it descends into the breathing zone again, being again and again pushed back and forth between children's lungs and the ceiling day after day, unless the room is aired out.

"Now man is becoming a devitalized soul. We shut ourselves in and coddle our children until we are weakened beyond the power of human aid.

"The earth is getting warmer, not colder. Radium emanations are constantly flying in the open air. They are responsible for the warmth of the earth.

## CAUSE VILE AIR DISEASES.

"Dry air, with its radio-activity destroyed, produces catarrh, swollen tonsils, adenoids, diphtheria, and the whole vile troop of vile air diseases. Little children are whipped for not learning in school when their parents and teachers ought to be clubbed for sending them into such air."

"As we expect a one-legged man to enjoy and win a foot race as expect a child, kiln dried, to have natural activity and desires. They become devitalized but not lazy."

## DUNCES MADE NOT BORN.

"Many a child has worn the dunce cap and has been derided by mates and vituperated by teachers all because he was submerged in dead air so much of the time that he could not rouse himself to grasp vigorously."

Principal Watt is the originator of the "open air school," is said, in Chicago. Even in winter he has thrown open windows of his rooms after the children pupils have been bundled up in their wraps. And he has long denounced present heating and ventilating systems.

## \* HOW TO SPOIL A BROOM.

Here You Find also How to Use It to Best Advantage.

"It makes me sad," said a broom maker, "to see the way people use brooms. The life of a broom could be twice prolonged by proper usage, and used properly it would be vastly easier to use."

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## WON'T WORK—WON'T LEAVE.

### Troublesome Variation of the Servant Girl Puzzle.

An unusual phase of the servant girl problem was presented by a man who applied to Magistrate Francis at Westminster Police Court, London, England, for advice about a girl he had hired the previous day. She came to the house in the afternoon, but absolutely refused to do any work, nor would she leave. At present she was in her room and likely to remain there. She demanded money, but he had offered her what he thought was a reasonable amount.

"May I use a certain amount of force, sir?" asked the applicant.

Mr. Francis (the magistrate): "I am afraid you must manage your own affairs and get rid of her as best you can."

The applicant (smiling): "Can I get hold of her and turn her out?"

Mr. Francis—"Don't use any more violence than necessary. Try persuasion first. You must do the best you can."

The more a bore the church is the less hole it makes in the world.

That religion is a sad failure which succeeds only in making us sad.

When the preacher is trying to make a hit he often comes to with a bruise.

When a man makes his faith into a fort he quarantines himself from truth.

The test of life is not in great things, but in taking all things in a great spirit.

Platitudes are popular because their edges are worn too smooth to hurt.

## LONDON HAS 7,537,196 SOULS.

### New Statistics Give Good Idea of City's Vastness.

A kaleidoscopic glimpse of the vastness of London is to be obtained in the twentieth annual volume of "London Statistics," just published by the London County Council.

In 1902 the population of greater London was 6,705,770. In 1909 the figures were 7,429,740. This year the estimate is 7,537,196. The annual income of London's charitable agencies is £12,875,616.

More than 6,000 additional tenements have been provided for the working classes during the last twelve months. In a year 32,000 London children are now taught to swim, while more than 7,000,000 free meals are provided for hungry little ones.

## FORESTS OF CANADA.

### Only One Acre in Twenty Covered With Trees.

An English paper gives 100,000,000 acres as the forest area of Canada. This seems a ridiculously small estimate. It is only about a quarter the area of Ontario, or one-fifth the area of Quebec. But this figure is given on the authority of an American expert, who allows the United States seven times as much.

The same paper gives the standing timber of New Zealand at 20,000,000 acres. This would mean that a quarter of New Zealand is covered with forests, and only a twentieth part of Canada. Perhaps the figures for New Zealand are from an American source also. There is nothing like getting information first hand.

## PROFOUND IMPRESSION

created by the production of the string.

Upon a certain occasion a prominent merchant and railway magnate was talking in the street to a friend of his, who was eminent in the service of the State. A young man passed by and, to the astonishment of the former, his companion nodded pleasantly to him. "Who was that?" asked the railway director, thinking he might have been mistaken.

"Oh, that is Mr. Blank, the well known philanthropist."

Now the gentleman of the railways knew Mr. Blank by another name and in a different capacity; in fact he was one of the clerks in the employ of the railway of which he was director. Examination of the books confirmed the worst suspicions, for the pseudo philanthropist had been robbing his employers for years in order to gratify his ambition to get into society. Had it not been for that casual recognition in public the company would have lost thousands more than it did.

That was trivial chance of course, but it was more than this which caused Mrs. Dyer, the Reading baby farmer, to wrap one of the bodies of her victims in a piece of brown paper bearing

## HER OWN NAME AND ADDRESS

It broke away and floated to the top of the river.

But all great criminal cases have turned more or less on trivial things. A railway ticket played a prominent part in the recent trial at Newcastle of Alexander Dickman, charged with the murder of Nesbit, the colliery cashier. It bore the name of one station and was given up at another.

Half an addressed envelope convicted a murderer twenty years ago, although the name and address had nothing to do with him except that the other half was found in his bedroom. A piece of file convicted a murderer named Orrock, who is now forgotten, but whose crime excited tremendous interest some years ago. Armed with half of a common file the police tracked him down after one of the finest feats of detective work in the annals of detection.

## TO THE SCRAP HEAP.

### British Admiralty Has Condemned Six Battleships.

The British Admiralty has ordered that six battleships of the Royal Sovereign class, the first batch of armored ships laid down under the naval defence act of 1889, are to be partly dismantled and removed to the Motherbank, Spithead, otherwise known as "Rotten Row."

They are all at present in the Fourth Division of the Home Fleet at Devonport, manned with one-fifth of their full complements. Their names and cost as originally given are:

	Launched.	Cost.
Royal Sovereign	1891	£ 839,136
Royal Oak	1892	1,014,934
Repulse	1892	907,843
Ramilles	1892	952,550
Empress of India	1891	902,788
Resolution	1892	929,267

Total cost ..... £5,546,532  
They have a displacement of 14,150 tons, their armament consists of four 13.5-in. and ten 6-in. guns, but from the main turrets the sides forward and aft are not armored.

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## BIG DEPARTMENT BUSINESS

His men felled his trees on his timber limits, his stream drivers brought the logs to his mills, he himself owned the tugs and scows that rafted the sawn product to the seacoast, he chartered the steamships that freighted it to the European market. When he acquired timber limits remote from sizeable streams, he built saw mills in the woods, and also 200 miles of railway from the Nashwaak to the Gulf of St. Lawrence to land the output of these at the nearest waterway.

Thirty years ago he built one of the largest cotton mills in Canada, at Marysville. He ruled his town with an iron hand. It was well for everyone to go to his Methodist church, it was certainly bad for anyone to be seen the worse for liquor. In politics he took a keen, though intermittent interest. Under ordinary conditions York has always been rather even fighting ground, but when Mr. Gibson saw fit to go into the contest his candidate was always a strong favorite. At such times, of the 400 electors in Marysville, about 373 usually voted his way.

Several years ago he sold his railroad, and it is now part of the Intercolonial; soon after it was built his cotton mill went into the combine, and not long afterwards all his property went into the hands of trustees. Indeed the forthcoming sale is a logical event in the sequence of his later life. In his last decade or two success forsook him. Perhaps a system suited to the conduct of larger affairs didn't naturally evolve from his early methods of doing business. Perhaps age didn't bring with it increased sagacity. Now, in his ninety-second year, this lumber king, cotton spinner, railroader, and local dictator, is left with nothing but the consolation that he did great things in his day and generation.

## BEAR CHARMED LIVES.

### Reason Why Doctors Do Not Catch Disease.

The reason doctors do not catch disease is because they never think about it. They very seldom take any precautions to secure this amazing immunity, beyond, perhaps, a cold sponge bath regularly, smoking, a pinch of snuff, gargling the throat with some well-known disinfectant, or washing their hands in an antiseptic solution before and after attending to a patient. A doctor may carry disease from one house to another without contracting it himself.

An Army surgeon had to cope single-handed with a terrible outbreak of cholera. People were dying around him by the score. When the rush was over, the medical man, absolutely exhausted, sank on to a bed which a short time previously had been occupied by a bad cholera case, and slept for forty-three hours. Yet he did not contract the complaint, although he had taken no preventive measures. He simply didn't think about it. And that is the whole secret!

When a man climbs up to rob his neighbors he often uses a ladder labeled patriotism.

The thing that worries some about heaven is that there will be no opportunities for distinction by means of millinery.

## Here You Find also How to Use It to Best Advantage.

"It makes me sad," said a broom maker, "to see the way people use brooms. The life of a broom could be twice prolonged by proper usage, and used properly it would be vastly easier to use."

"You've seen people sweeping ahead of them, pushing stuff with the broom? Why, the best broom that ever was made, of the best and most perfectly seasoned broomcorn stock that ever was put into a broom wouldn't stand such treatment as that."

"With such landing splints will break off. The splints remaining, jagged and uneven, bear unevenly on the surface. You never can sweep clean with it after that."

"Then you know the majority of sweepers always sweep with the same side of the broom to the front, and in this way they soon get the broom lopsided, so that they can't use it any other way. There couldn't be a worse way."

"Used in this manner the points of the splints get bent all one way and then they meet together at their ends. They don't bite, they don't take hold of dust as they are meant to do, they don't sweep clean; and when a broom has come to this condition the sweeper is less careful of it, for then it is not so good a broom. Such a broom the sweeper feels that he may pass ahead of him; and when he does this with it the broom is finally and irretrievably ruined."

"Of course the correct way to use a broom is with the handle, in its initial position, held vertically, so that all the splints in the face of the broom will take hold at the same time and evenly. In sweeping the broom should be swung back and forth from a point back of the sweeper to a point back of the sweeper to a point at an equal distance in front. That is the proper way to use a broom, and then every day the sweeper should turn the broom around, so as to sweep with a different side daily. Used in this manner and turned daily the broom wears down evenly."

"I have seen—a delight to the professional eye and a comfort to everybody who likes to see any implement used to the best advantage—I have seen brooms that had been so used that had worn down almost to the binding threads but that still bit beautifully. I am perfectly well aware that brooms carelessly used, as commonly they are, wear out faster, with a corresponding benefit to broom manufacture; but still I do really hate to see anybody misuse a broom."

## PERFORATED STAMPS.

We are now so accustomed to perforated sheets of stamps that it is hard to realize that the process of perforation was unknown sixty years ago. Until January, 1854, postage stamps were issued in sheets, which the purchaser had to cut up in any way he found convenient. The perforating machine was invented by an Irishman named Archer. When it was submitted to the English Government, the Treasury offered him £600 for his patent rights. As Archer had spent over four years in perfecting his machine, this offer was indignantly rejected. Eventually the matter was referred to a House of Commons committee, and Archer was awarded £4,000 for what certainly is one of the most useful minor inventions ever made.

**FOR SALE.**

**FOURTY FAMOUS ENGLISH SONGS, FIFTY cents.** Fifty Great Scottish Song, Seventy-five of the best. Fifty Great Irish Song, Seventy-five Songs, Words and Music. Ashdown's Music Store, 144 Victoria Street, Toronto.

**AGENTS WANTED.**

**DAKTRANTS WANTED** to run hand knitting machines, making up knitted goods for the trade at your home, whole or spare time; experience not necessary. For all particulars address Canadian Wholesale Distributing Co., Ottawa, Ont. Dues, W.

**WANTED. ACTIVE SALESMEN OR WOMEN** for Holiday Books that sell at sight. Salary \$250 per day. Guaranteed and Commission Outfit Free. Write immediately. J. L. Nichols Co., Limited, Toronto.

**CANVASSERS WANTED.** WEEKLY SAL. £50.00. Alfred Tyler, 886 Clarence St., London, Ont.

**WANTED.**

**WANTED—SOUTH AFRICAN WARRANTS.** Highest price paid. Write us for information. Messrs. Ross, Stock Brokers, Scott St., Toronto.

**EARN THE BARBER TRADE—NEW** system—constant practice—careful instruction—few weeks complete—comparatively free. Graduates earn twelve to eighteen dollars weekly. Write for catalogues. Meler Barber College, 21 Queen East, Toronto.

**CANCER, Tumors, Lumps, etc.** Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

**DYING! CLEANING!**

For the very best, send your work to the

**"BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO."** Look for agent in your town, or send direct. Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

**\$15,000 FARM**

Adjoining fine town east of Toronto, railway and steam communication at the door. Will be

**Sacrificed for \$10,000**

180 acres fine soil and buildings. Could be divided.

TERMS VERY EASY

W. E. DYER, 114 King W., Toronto

ASK ME WHAT

**RAW FURS**

ARE WORTH

**W. C. GOFFATT**  
ORILLIA, ONTARIO

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the

**"OTTO HIGEL"**

Piano Action



**DYOLA**

ONE ORE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS

JUST THINK OF IT!

Dyes Wool, Cotton, Silk or Mixed Goods Perfectly with the SAME Dye—No chance of mistakes. Fast and Beautiful Colors 10 cents, from your Druggist or Dealer. Send for Color Card and STORY Booklet, 76 The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal.

**FASHIONS IN ENGLAND.**

It would be interesting to trace the progress of fashion in England from the days of King Alfred, when commerce having extended the arts and sciences and opened up communication with the rest of the world, men began to grow rich and women to study the art of dress. For some centuries England set her own fashions: indeed, it would appear that it was not until after the French revolution that Parisians

# THE SECRET OF HER POWER;

## Or, A TRUTH NEVER OLD.

### CHAPTER IX.—(Cont'd)

"Come, Dolly, your guests are not only so very serious, are they? I never knew you so prim before."

Then she in turn feels angry. She always steadily adheres to the convenient fiction that she knows nothing whatever of the amorous filaments which bind her guests together in pairs, as turtle doves might be tied together by blue ribbons.

"If you only desire to reawaken the sentiments of Mme. Sabaroff in your favor, that you may again make sport of them, you must excuse me if I say that I cannot assist your efforts, and that I sincerely hope that they will not be successful," she says, with dignity and distance.

"Do you suppose his are any better than mine?" asks Gervase, irritably, as he waves his hand toward the window which looks on the west gardens. Between the yew and cedar trees at some distance from the house, Blanford is walking beside Xenia Sabaroff; his manner is interested and deferential; she moves with slow and graceful steps down the grassy paths, listening with apparent willingness; her head is uncovered; she carries a large sunshade opened over it made of white lace and pale rose-like; she has a cluster of duchess of Sutherland roses in her hand. They are really only speaking of recent French poets, but those who look at them cannot divine that.

"He is not my cousin, and he does not solicit my assistance," says Dorothy Usk, seeing the figures in her garden with some displeasure. "Je ne fais pas la police pour les autres; but if he asks me what you ask me I should give him the same answer that I give to you."

"He is probably independent of my assistance," says Gervase, with irritable irony.

"Probably," says his hostess, who is very skilful at fanning faint flame, "he is not a man whom I like myself, but many women, most women, I believe, think him irresistible."

Thereon she leaves him without any more sympathy or solace, to go and receive some country people who have come to call, and who converse principally about prize poultry.

### CHAPTER X.

Lord Gervase was eight years younger when he wrote those letters than he is now, and he has unpleasant recollections of unpleasant passages in them which would compromise him in his career, or at least get him horribly talked about, were they ever made sport of in the world. Where are his letters? Has Mme. Sabaroff kept them? He longs to ask her, but he dare not. He does not say to his cousin that

she knows all about him and the Princess Sabaroff, and that there is something very dreadful in it—much worse than the usual history of such relations. Everything is possible in Russia, she says, and has a way of saying this which suggests unfathomable abysses of license and name.

No one has the slightest idea what she means, but no one will be behind any other in conjecturing; and there rises about the unconscious figure of Xenia Sabaroff a haze of vague, suggested, indistinct suspicion, like the smoke of the blue fires which hide the form of the Evil One on the stage in operas. Blanford perceives it and is deeply irritated.

"What is it to me?" he says to himself, but says so in vain.

Fragments of these ingenious conjectures and imaginary recollections come to his ear and annoy him intensely; annoy him the more because his swift intuitions and unerring perceptions have told him from his own observation that Xenia Samaroff does not see in Gervase altogether a stranger, though she has greeted him as such. Certain things are said which he would like to resent, but he is powerless to do so.

His days have been delightful to him before the arrival of this other man at Surrenden; now they are troubled and embittered. Yet he is not inclined to break off his visit abruptly and go to Scotland, Germany, or Norway, as might be wisest. He is in love with Xenia Sabaroff in a manner which surprises himself. He thought he had outlived that sort of boyish and imaginative passion. But she has a great power over his fancy and his senses, and she is more like his earliest ideal of a woman than any one he has ever met.

"Absurd that I should have an ideal at all at my age!" he thinks to himself, but as there are some who are never accompanied by that ethereal attendant, even in youth, so there are some whom it never leaves till they reach their graves.

Therefore when he hears these vague, floating, disagreeable jests he suffers acutely, and finds himself in the position which is perhaps most painful of all to any man who is a gentleman, that of being compelled to sit silent and hear a woman he longs to protect lightly spoken of because he has no right to defend her, and would indeed only compromise her more if he attempted her defense.

People do not venture to say much before Usk because he is her host and might resent it, but nevertheless, he too, hears something, and thinks to himself: "Didn't I tell Dorothy that foreigners are never any better than they should be?"

But Dulcie Waverley is here, and her languid and touching ways, her delicate health, and her soft sympathies have an indescribable sorcery for him at all times, so that

"What can he care, either, for a person he has known a few days? Whereas the attachment of Gervase to her is of a very long date and most romantic origin. He has loved her hopelessly for eight years."

Usk gives a grim guffaw.

"The constancy has had many interludes, I suspect! Now I see why you took such a craze for the lady, but you might have said what you were after to me, at any rate. I could have hinted to Blanford how the land lay, and he wouldn't have walked with his eyes shut into her net!"

"Her 'net'? She is as cold as ice to him!" replies his wife, with disgust, "and were she otherwise, the loves of your friend are soon consoled. He writes a letter, takes a voyage, and throws his memories overboard. Alan's temperament is far more serious."

"If by serious you mean selfish, I agree with you. There isn't such another d—egotist anywhere under the sun," and, much out of temper, Usk flings himself out of the room and goes to Lady Waverley, who is lying on a sofa in the small library. She has a headache, but her smile is sweet, her hand cool, her atmosphere soothing and delightful, with the blinds down and an odor of attar of roses.

(To be continued.)

### CORRECTED.

Bob was telling about his visit to the country. While there he had acquired some rustic idioms, and his mother was correcting these as he proceeded:

"Well, we goes up—"

"Went up."

"Went up on the farm—"

"To the farm."

"To the farm, and there we see—"

"We saw."

"We saw a little kid—"

"Little child. Now, begin again and tell it properly."

"Well, we went up to the farm, and there we saw a goat's little child." (Further narration suspended.)

### TEACH CHINESE AT OXFORD.

Great Britain has begun to realize the possibilities of trade with China, and the desirability of the rapid increase of relations between the west and the people of the Celestial Empire has been singularly emphasized by the addition of the Chinese language to the curriculum of King's College.

### ARE KNOWN AS THE FARMER'S FRIEND

### DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS DOING GREAT WORK IN THE PRAIRIES.

Michael Anderson joins the throng who are shouting their praises—They cured his Gravel and Rheumatism.

Pine Valley, Man., Oct. 31 (Special).—Michael Anderson, a well-known farmer living near here is added to the number of those who have sent the cry echoing over

from the days of King Alfred, when commerce having extended the arts and sciences and opened up communication with the rest of the world, men began to grow rich and women to study the art of dress. For some centuries England set her own fashions; indeed, it would appear that it was not until after the French revolution that Parisians began to set the fashions for English women. Once more the signs of the times seem to point to a growing desire in this country to originate our own modes—a desire which the leading London firms are happily in a position to encourage. —The Gentlewoman.

It's easier for some men to paint word pictures than it is for them to tell unvarnished truth.

**Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes.**  
Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 60c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

A thousand dollars given to charity will not counterbalance a 10-cent theft.

"A Little Cold, You Know," will become a great danger if it is allowed to reach down the throat to the lungs. Nip the peril in the bud with Allen's Lung Balsam, a sure remedy containing no opium.

Jack—I went gunning in the country one day last week. Tom—Bag anything? Jack—Nothing but my trousers.

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best.  
Mathias Foley, Oil City, Ont.  
Joseph Snow, Norway, Me.  
Charles Whooton, Mulgrave, N.S.  
Rev. R. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N.S.  
Pierre Landers, seur, Pokemouche, N.B.  
Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N.B.

Under certain circumstances a woman will admit anything—except her age.

**Tearing Down Signals** does not delay storms. Opium-laden "medicines" may check coughing, but the cold stays. Do not trifle; when you begin to cough take Allen's Lung Balsam, free from opium, full of healing power.

It is better to make an excuse than to blame the innocent.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

"Wounder, is there anything between you and the pretty Miss Spudlong?" "Er—yes; you mustn't say anything about it, old chap, but every time I've called at the house lately there's been a savage bulldog."

ters than he is now, and he has unpleasant recollections of unpleasant passages in them which would compromise him in his career, or at least get him horribly talked about, were they ever made sport of in the world. Where are his letters? Has Mme. Sabaroff kept them? He longs to ask her, but he dare not.

He does not say to his cousin that he has more than once endeavored to hint to Xenia Sabaroff that it would be sweet to him to recall the past, would she permit it. But he has elicited no response. She has evaded without directly avoiding him. She is no longer the impressionable, shy girl whom he knew in Russia, weighted with an unhappy fate, and rather alarmed by the very successes of her own beauty than flattered by them. She is a woman of the world, who knows her own value and her own power to charm, and has acquired the talent which the world teaches, of reading the minds of others without revealing her own; Saul pleurer! the Petersburg court ladies had used to call her in those early times when the tears started to her eyes so quickly, but no one ever sees tears in her eyes now.

Gervase is profoundly troubled to find how much genuine emotion the presence of a woman whose existence he has long forgotten has power to excite in him. He does not like emotion of any kind; and in all his affairs of the heart he is accustomed to make others suffer, not himself. Vanity and wounded vanity enter so largely into the influences molding human life that it is very possible, if the sight of him had had power to disturb her, the renewal of association with her would have left him unmoved. But as it is, he has been piqued, mortified, excited and attracted; and the admiration which Blanford and Lawrence Hamilton and other men plainly show of her is the sharpest spur to memory and to desire.

Whenever he has remembered Xenia Sabaroff, at such rare times as he has heard her name mentioned in the world, he has thought of her complacently as dwelling in the solitudes of the Baltic forests, entirely devoted to his memory. Women who are entirely devoted to their memory men seldom trouble themselves to seek out; but to see her courted, sought, and desired, and more handsome than ever, and apparently wholly indifferent to himself, is a shock to his self-esteem and galvanism to his dead wishes and slumbering recollections. He begins to perceive that he would have done better not to forget her quite so quickly.

Meanwhile, everybody staying at Surrenden, guided by a hint from Nina Curzon, begin to see a quantity of things which do not exist, and to exert their minds in endeavoring to remember a vast deal which they never heard with regard to both himself and her. No one knows anything or has a shadow of a fact to go on, but this is an insignificant detail which does not tie their tongues in the least. Nina Curzon has invention enough to supply any lacunae, and in this instance her imagination is stimulated by a double jealousy; she is jealous of Lawrence Hamilton, whom she is inclined to dismiss, and she is jealous of Blanford, whom she is inclined to appropriate.

Twenty-four hours have now elapsed since the arrival of Gervase before she has given a dozen people the intimate conviction that

and might resent it, but nevertheless, he too, hears something, and thinks to himself: "Didn't I tell Dorothy that foreigners are never any better than they should be?"

But Dulcia Waverley is here, and her languid and touching ways, her delicate health, and her soft sympathies have an indescribable sorcery for him at all times, so that he thinks but very little since her arrival of anything else; Usk likes women who believe devoutly that he might have been a great politician if he had chosen, and who also believe in his ruined digestion; no one affects both these beliefs so intensely as Lady Waverley, and when she tells him that he could have solved the Irish question in half an hour, had he taken office, or that no one could understand his constitution except a German doctor in a bath in the Bochmerwald, whether she goes herself every autumn, she does altogether and absolutely anything she chooses with him.

His wife sees that quite well, and dislikes it, but it might be so much worse, she reflects; it might be a woman out of society or a public singer or an American adventuress; so she is reasonable and always makes bonne mine to Dulcia Waverley with her nerves, her cures and her angelic smiles. After all it does not much matter, she thinks, if they like to go and drink nasty waters together, and poison themselves with sulphur, iron and potassium. It is one of the odd nineteenth century ways of playing Antony and Cleopatra.

Notwithstanding the absorption of his thoughts, Usk, however, one day spares a moment from Lady Waverley and his own liver to put together words dropped by different people then under his own roof; to ponder on them; and finally to interrogate his wife.

"Did you know that people say they used to carry on tog-her?" he asks, without preamble.

"Who?" asks the Lady of Surrenden, sharply.

"Mme. Sabaroff and Gervase," he growls. "It'd be odd if they hadn't as they've come to this house."

"Of course I know they were friends, but there was never anything between them, in the vulgar sense which you should imply renders them eligible for my house," replies Dorothy Usk, with the severity of a woman whose conscience is clear, and the tranquility of a woman who is telling a falsehood.

Usk stares at her.

"Well, if you knew it, you rode a dark horse, then, when you asked her here?"

"Your expressions are indecent," returned his wife. "If I wished two people to meet when both are free, who had had a certain sympathy for each other when honor kept them apart, there is nothing very culpable in it! What is your objection?"

"Oh, dear, I have no objection; I don't care a straw," says her lord, with a very moody expression. "But Blanford will, I suspect; she's certainly encouraged him. I think you might have shown us your cards."

"Lord Blanford is certainly old enough to take care of himself in affairs of the heart, and experienced enough, too, if one is to believe all one hears," repulses his wife.

Michael Anderson joins the throng who are shouting their praises—They cured his Gravel and Rheumatism.

Pine Valley, Man., Oct. 31 (Special).—Michael Anderson, a well-known farmer living near here is added to the number of those who have sent the cry echoing over the Prairies, "Dodd's Kidney Pills are the farmer's friend." And truly Mr. Anderson has reason to praise the great Canadian Kidney remedy. Listen to his experience: "A strain and a bad cold started my troubles," says Mr. Anderson, "and for twelve long years I was a victim of Kidney trouble, Rheumatism and Gravel. Doctors attended me and I tried many medicines, but they did not cure me. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me in less than one month."

It is easy to do anything when you know how. Mr. Anderson went right to the root of his trouble. He cured his Kidneys by using Dodd's Kidney Pills and with the root gone the other diseases disappeared. Dodd's Kidney Pills always make healthy kidneys and with healthy kidneys, you can't have Rheumatism or Gravel.

#### JUST STRUCK ONE.

It was an old custom among highwaymen to stop prosperous looking men on the street at night and inquire the time, and then, when the obliging party had pulled out his watch and named the hour, to snatch the watch and run off with it.

One night one of these footpads accosted an athlete.

"What time is it?" inquired the footpad.

The athlete dealt the crook a hard punch on the jaw.

"Just struck one," said the athlete, as the footpad went down before his stinging blow.

"Gee," said the crook, as myriads of stars were clouding his vision, "I'm glad I didn't meet you an hour ago."

Blabb—Why do large women so often marry small men? Crabby—They can't intimidate the big ones.

After a Gold Drive don't fail to take a teaspoonful of Painkiller mixed with a glass of hot water and sugar. It surely prevents chills. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Perry Davis—\$3.00 and 50¢.

Some men are always looking for a chance to earn money and some are satisfied if they merely get it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Coughs in Cows.

#### PARTIALLY SUCCESSFUL.

Once there was an old goat that tried to pass himself off for a sheep.

The watchful shepherd at once detected the imposture.

He killed the goat.

But he sold the flesh for mutton.



**Shiloh's Cure**  
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

Send for free sample to Dept. W. L., National Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto.

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## IMPOVERISHED BLOOD

### A Common and a Dangerous Trouble—You Must Enrich the Blood to Escape Danger

Anæmia is simply a lack of blood. It is one of the most common and at the same time most dangerous diseases with which growing girls suffer. It is common because the blood so often becomes impoverished during development, when girls are too frequently allowed to over-study, overwork and suffer from a lack of exercise. It is dangerous because of the stealthiness of its approach, often being well developed before its presence is recognized, and because of its tendency to grow so steadily worse, if not promptly checked, that it may run into consumption.

The value of the tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should be known to every mother in the land. These Pills make new, rich blood, tone the organs and nerves, bring a glow of health to pale, sallow cheeks, and drive away the weakness, headaches, faintness, heart palpitation and loss of energy so noticeable in young girls who are suffering from anæmia. To all such Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an actual life saver. Miss Mabel McTavish, Prince Albert, Sask., says: "In my case I can only say that life had lost its magic; all work was a trial, and even pleasure only a task. When I went up a flight of stairs I was ready to drop from sheer weakness, and I had begun to think life would be a continued burden. But all this is now changed, thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These were recommended to me, and after taking them for about a month I found my health renewed. I could sleep better, my appetite returned and I was so strong and well that housework was no longer a burden to me. My sister seemed to be going the same way last summer and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were at once sent for and two boxes made her as well as ever. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are now the prized medicine in our home, and doctor bills have been fewer since we discovered the virtues of this great medicine."

Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

#### To Swear or Not to Swear.

A woman was called before one of the New York police courts as a witness in a petty case.

"Swear the witness," said the judge. "I don't want to," she protested. "But you must." "Must I swear?" "Certainly; do not delay this trial." "Well," she said, "if I must I suppose I must—Daru!"—Saturday Evening Post.

#### At a Husking Bee.

Gin a body meet a body  
At a husking bee,  
Gin a body choose a body  
Need a body bee?  
Every laddie has a lassie—  
Every one I see—  
Yet all the girls they smile at me  
When at a husking bee.

Gin a body find a red ear

## DEAR MEAT IN ITALY.

### Feared That Prices will be Prohibitive Next Year.

The prices of meat, which are already high, are gradually rising, especially in Rome, where veal is sold at 48 cents per pound, and beef from 18 cents to 36 cents, according to quality.

Despite the high prices, the consumption of meat is increasing, even in Southern Italy, where previously the poorer people were practically vegetarians. The inevitable result is that the local supply is insufficient, and foreign importation is increasing.

It is feared that the prices of meat will become prohibitive next year, and several remedies are suggested, the foremost being special legislation for encouraging native production. Owing to the prevailing high taxes on beef farmers do not find it profitable to raise cattle for the market, preferring to slaughter the calves and thus evade the taxes and benefit by the high retail prices. It is now proposed to raise the taxes on veal, which is a rich man's food, and thus prevent the slaughter of calves.

But a more practical remedy consists in the importation on a large scale of Argentine foreign beef. A cold storage vault has already been built at Genoa, and arrangements are being made for the building of others in the principal cities. The sale of frozen beef will soon be undertaken at Bologna by the municipality, while Rome is likely to follow the example.

Meanwhile the Government has sent two army veterinary surgeons to the Argentine to study the beef question, while a delegate from the Argentine Government is now in Italy endeavoring to promote the importation of Argentine beef.

#### EDIBLE AND FRESH.

"Will you have some fresh mushrooms?" asked the hostess sweetly.

"Yes," faltered the guest, "if you're quite sure they're mushrooms and not toadstools."

"Oh, I'm quite sure," replied the hostess. "I opened the can myself."

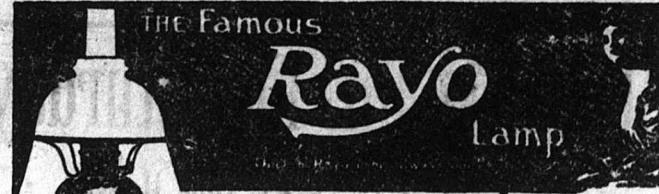
#### AFFORDING EXERCISE.

"I don't wish to say anything disrespectful about that spaniel of yours," observed the doctor, "but for a dog he is the worst busy-body I ever saw."

"If you had as many fleas as that dog has," said the professor, "you'd be a busy-body too."

### WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT BABY'S OWN TABLETS

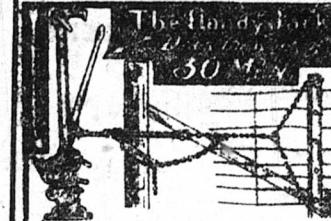
Mothers having once used Baby's Own Tablets for their little ones would not be without them. These Tablets are a never failing remedy for the little ills such as constipation, colic, worms, colds, etc., that afflict so many little ones. And then, too, they can be given with absolute safety to the youngest child for they are sold under the guarantee of a Government analyst to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. Concerning them Mrs. Chas. Whately, Peterboro, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little girl and have found them to be of great value. Others to whom



The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of

The Queen City Oil Company, Limited, Toronto.

## MAPLEINE



**Farmers!** This is the handiest thing on the farm. It lifts, stretches, pushes, pulls, or presses anything, everything. Investigate. Send for Booklet D.

A severing used the same as lamps or candles. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. It cost 30¢ for 7 oz. on bottle and recipe book, Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wash.

and upwards made by good men. No performance necessary. Full instructions given. Exclusive territory.

The "Handy" Lifting Jack is a combination Lifting Jack and Wire Fence Stretcher. Equals any stretcher on the market, costs less. Has a dozen other uses besides. Pulls posts, mends and stretches single wire, sets tires, heads barrels, lifts heavily loaded wagons, traction engines and small buildings. Easily operated. Weighs only 22 pounds. Guaranteed for five years. Thousands being sold. An energetic farmer or other good man wanted to represent us in every locality. Write at once before your territory is taken.

HANDY JACK MFG. CO., SARNIA, ONT.

**Forgotten.**  
Somewhere I thought  
That this would come.  
We moved and left  
Her wads of gum!  
—Detroit Free Press.

**Desperate.**  
"My brother has just written a poem  
which he thinks will outlive him,"  
said the man in the newspaper office.

"It certainly will if he brings it in  
here," said the fighting editor.—Yonkers Statesman.

**As to Expense.**  
Talk not of dresses lace embossed  
Or jeweled collars.  
She has a coat of tan that cost  
Two hundred dollars.  
—Pittsburg Post.

**Practical Girl.**  
Pearl—So Belle is engaged? Did she  
try and test his love when he placed  
the ring on her finger?  
Ruby—No; she ran right off and test-  
ed the ring.—Chicago News.

**Sociability Threatened.**  
If the reformers great would fix  
All trouble for the nation  
What would we do for politics  
To help out conversation?  
—Washington Star.

**HER NEED.**  
Lady—"No, I don't want no  
brushes nor no laces."  
Peddler—"Here you are, madam,  
'Grammar for Beginners,' only  
sixpence."

**Shiloh's Cure**  
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals  
the throat and lungs . . . 25 cents.

Muller (to friend whose wife has  
run away)—My poor friend, I sym-  
pathize with you. Huber—Why,  
have you heard that she has come  
back again?

The Japs Did It. They supplied the Menthol found in "The D & L" Menthol Plaster, which relieves instantly backache, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism and sciatica.

THE FLATTERER.



Warren, Ont.

Feb. 11th.

"I had a horse that had a Spavin for a long time and I had tried nearly every kind of medicine when a neighbor told me to use Kendall's Spavin Cure, which I did and it acted wonderfully."

M. ROSENTHAL.

Kendall's Spavin Cure is no untried experiment, but the world's standard remedy for all Swellings, Soft Bruises and Lameness in horse and man.

Used the world over for 40 years.

Every farmer, stockman, express-  
man, lively proprietor and horse  
owner generally should keep it  
always on hand.

\$1. a bottle—6 for \$5. Ask your  
dealer for free copy of our book "A  
Treatment On The Horse"—or write us

DR. E. J. HENDALL CO., 56  
Exeter Falls, — Vermont.



**BLACK KNIGHT**  
STOVE POLISH

"Black Knight" Stove  
Polish was made for women  
—made to save them work,  
worry and weariness.



# Shoe Bargains for Saturday

at The J. J. HAINES Shoe House

25 pair Men's Waterproof, 2 Buckle, Overshoes, all sizes.....	Saturday \$1.90
12 pair Women's Waterproof Button Overshoes, all sizes.....	Saturday \$1.69
50 pairs Ladies' Jersey Cloth Storm Overs, best quality.....	Saturday 98c.
50 pair Ladies' Plain Rubbers, wide and full fitting.....	Saturday 49c.

## THESE ARE NOT PUNCHED RUBBERS

30 pair Ladies' Fine Dongola Kid Blucher style Boots with Patent Tips, all sizes.....	Saturday \$1.25
17 pair Men's \$4.00 Gold Bond Boots, sizes 5½, 6 and 6½.....	Saturday \$2.49
13 pair Men's Walkover Patent Colt \$5.50 Boots.....	Saturday \$5.00

Boys' Warm Lined Mitts, 25c.

Great value in Men's Driving or Walking Mitts, at 50c.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.  
Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

## SYRUP AND MOLASSES

I have for sale Golden Syrup by the quart or pound. Also Barbadoes Molasses, not too dark and not too light, just the thing for cooking. Also New Orleans Molasses (black strap).

FRANK H. PERRY.  
Phone 130.

## MITTS!

We have a complete stock of

Men's and Boys' Lined Working and Driving Mitts and Gloves

We would call your attention to our

## 50c MITTS

Pig Skin Fronts, Split Horse Backs, Good Lining and Cuffs.

These are not \$1.00 Mitts, but when you see them you will say they are the best 50c value ever offered in Napanee.

LAZIER'S

—FOR—

## UNDERWEAR

That's what the people say all over these counties; that is, the majority of the people. There are some, no doubt, who have never yet been fortunate enough to come our way. They haven't been keeping step with their neighbors and are a little behind, but we expect them to arrive some day as surely as the sun shines. Why? Because we sell the very best lines of Underwear produced.

## Guaranteed Goods You Take No Risk.

**Hewson's** — Pure Wool, High Grade, very satisfactory.

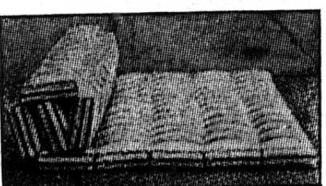
**Stanfield's** — A line everybody knows is good.

**Penman's** — A brand known from coast to coast.

**Wolsey** — The celebrated English Brand.

If you are like the man from Missouri just drop in and "WE'LL SHOW YOU."

## A.E. Lazier. FEATHERS



Your old beds made into modern and sanitary mattress.

Feathers cleaned by sanitary process.

Beds and Pillows disinfected and germ proof.

## Highest Price Paid For Feathers.

## Dominion Feather Co.

NAPANEE, ONT.

A few doors west of Campbell House.

Drop a card and our agent will call. 49d

See Dominion Feather Co., ad. in this issue.

The Daily Globe or Daily Mail from now until May 1st, 1911, only one dollar. Hand your subscription to A. E. Paul.

This regular monthly meeting of the W.C.T.U., will be held in the board room of the Public Library on Tuesday, Nov. 29th, at 3 o'clock.

The annual show of the Napanee Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Association will be held in the town hall, on January 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th, 1911.

The work of the Berkley Studio is such that our old patrons come back

Church of St. Mary Magdalene.

First Sunday in Advent, Nov. 27th, Holy Communion at 8 a. m., Matins and Litany at 10:30 a. m., Evensong at 7.

### Long Boots.

The balance of our long boots at reduced prices. Regular \$3.50 boots for \$3.00, regular \$3.00 boots for \$2.50.

Royal Shoe Store.

### Do You Wonder Why?

I advertise my coal?

I am human.

I have the best and want other people to know it.

F. E. VANLUVEN.

### A visitor from Montreal.

Will conduct a meeting at the Salvation Army Hall, on Tuesday next, Nov. 20th at 8 p. m. This being the first visit of Staff Capt. Barr to Napanee since his installation as Chancellor for this Province. All welcome.

### Special at Wonderland.

Mr. Jas. Foster, the enterprising proprietor of Wonderland, in Napanee has secured for his patrons lengthy films of the Eucharistic Congress held in Montreal recently. These interesting pictures will be shown on the afternoon and evening of December 3rd. Bear the date in mind and don't miss seeing them.

### Historical Meeting.

Mr. Alexander Fraser, M. A. Provincial Archivist, of Toronto, will deliver a lecture in Historical Hall, Library building, this Friday evening, at 8 p. m. His subject will be, "Provincial and Local Archives." This lecture is free to the public and every one will be welcome. Historical Hall, 8 p. m., to-night.

### Fruit Trees.

If you intend planting trees next spring you had better place your order early on account of the big demand for nursery stock. We are the largest grower of Peach, Apple, Plum and Cherry trees, also berry bushes and ornamental stock, in Canada. We make a specialty of Peach and Apple trees. Come and see us, or write for catalogue. Brown Bros. Co., Brown's Nurseries, Welland Co., Ont. 47-d.

### Ireland and the Irish.

Rev. W. F. Fitz-Gerald, Vicar of St. Paul's, Kingston, will lecture on the above subject at St. Mary Magdalene's Church hall, on Thursday evening, Dec. 1st, at 8 o'clock. Admission 15 cents. Mr. Fitz-Gerald is a very witty Irishman, a graduate of Trinity College, Dublin, and his audience may be quite sure of an exceedingly entertaining lecture.

### Institute Meetings.

Addington Farmer's Institute will hold Public meetings at the Town Hall, Centreville, on Monday, Dec. 5th, 1910, at 2 and 7:30 p. m. And in the Village Hall, Newburgh, on Tuesday, Dec. 6th, at 2 and 7:30 p. m. Two gentlemen, strangers, will address the meetings on farming, stock raising &c. Local parties will also give addresses. Everybody cordially invited.

J. W. MCGILL, J. B. AYLESWORTH, President. 50-b Secretary.

### Newspapers, Magazines.

Subscriptions taken for any newspaper or magazine. Mailed to any address anywhere. Special club rates.

A. E. PAUL.

### Firemen Had a Run.

Tuesday evening about 9:45 o'clock an alarm of fire was rung in from box 24, Campbell House corner, for a fire which had started in the building occupied by the Bell Telephone Co. The firemen responded promptly and located the blaze in the basement at the rear of the building. Large volumes of smoke was pouring out of the building and it had the appearance of a serious conflagration. However the firemen soon had three streams of

## REMOVAL NOTICE!

# 50c MITTS

Pig Skin Fronts, Split Horse Backs,  
Good Lining and Cuffs.

These are not \$1.00 Mitts, but  
when you see them you will say they  
are the best 50c value ever offered in  
Napanee.

## M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.  
Phone, 13.



## November

The days are growing shorter.

Your eyes are overtaxed by artificial light.

Come this month and have your eyes properly fitted. You will enjoy the long winter evenings reading and sewing in comfort wearing our highest grade spectacles, fitted scientifical-ly.

Our glasses restore the vision of youth.

## Smith's



## Peterboro Business College

is a link in Canada's Greatest Chain of High-Grade Colleges founded during the past twenty-six years. This chain is the largest trainers of young people in Canada and it is freely admitted that its graduates get the best positions. There is a reason; write for it. A diploma from the Commercial Educators' Association of Canada is a passport to success.

You may study partly at home and finish at the College.

Enter Any Day.

Fall Term opens August 29th

## Peterboro Business College

GEO. SPOTTON, - President  
21-14

Kodaks, Kodaks.

The genuine Kodaks and supplies are sold in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store.

Signed,

**Thos. Symington.**

Napanee, Sept. 14th, 1910.

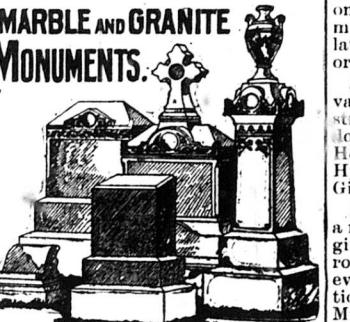
## REMOVAL NOTICE !

I beg to inform the public that I have moved my COAL AND WOOD OFFICE to Dundas St., opposite Campbell House.

## CHAS. STEVENS.

Yard : Foot of West Street. 1-1f

## MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.



### IN CHOOSING A GRANITE MONUMENT

you run a big risk in ordering from a picture, from the traveling salesmen.

I Have Large Stock on Hand to Pick From

You won't have to wait three or four months—then hurriedly done up.

V KOUBER, Napanee.

## Lehigh Valley ... Coal

is the best Anthracite Coal on the market to-day. Since I have been in the coal business I have handled Scranton and several other kinds of coal, and none can compare with the LEHIGH.

It burns longer, is cleaner, and the sizes are more even.

Leave your order for this season's supply and note the good results.

## J. R. DAFOE.

### Bargains in Marble.

I have on hand \$500 worth of marble monuments, blocky headstones and grave markers, to clear them out of my way in view of erecting a new shop. Corner post from \$1.00 each upwards. At the old stand

Dundas St.  
Napanee,  
V. KOUBER.

gorar. Hand your subscription to A. E. Paul.

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The work of the Berkley Studio is such that our old patrons come back and re-order, and also direct their friends to us for artistic photographs.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animalst used in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

The illumination of the town clock is completed and it was lighted up for the first time on Saturday evening. It was a decided improvement, but would be more so if the tower was raised about twenty-five feet higher.

The regular meeting of the County Council will be held at the court house on Tuesday, Dec. 6th. All accounts must be in the hands of the clerk not later than Wednesday, Dec. 7th, in order that they may be considered.

Jas. Gordon is moving into the store vacated by Chas. Stevens on Centre street, opposite the market, a few doors north of the Campbell House. He will have his usual supply of Bibles, Hymn Books and other literature. Give him a call.

Miss Hannah Paul, for many years a missionary at Fort Simpson, will give an address in the Sunday School room of Trinity Church, next Monday evening, Nov. 28th. A cordial invitation is extended to all to come and Miss Paul's interesting address. Silver collection.

Regular meetings of the Lennox Farmers' Institute will be held in the Town Hall, Bath, on Friday, Dec. 2nd, 1910, and in the Town Hall, Napanee, Dec. 3rd. Speakers—Mr. W. J. Kerr, of Woodroffe, Ont., and Mr. W. F. Kydd, of Simcoe. For further particulars see large bills.

Why do so many farmers read The Weekly Sun? Because it persistently advocates their cause; it faithfully supplies the practical farmer with valuable information on all agricultural topics, and is the most reliable barometer of market conditions to be found in Canada. Include The Farmer's Sun in your reading next year.

The Toronto Star points out that those who desire to see bars abolished ought to do all in their power to show that good hotels can be conducted without bars. Commercial travellers, not an unimportant section of the community by any means, complain of poor or no accommodation where the bars have been closed.

The proceeds of Wonderland performance Saturday afternoon, Nov. 19th, in aid of the Women's Hospital Society, amounted to \$102.25. The members of the society wish to thank Mr. Foster, proprietor of Wonderland, also the ladies who assisted with the musical programme, the press and all who helped in any way to make the entertainment so successful.

On Friday morning, November 18th, there passed peacefully away, Maria Hamilton, widow of the late Joseph Sproule, of Odessa, aged eighty-two years, eleven months. She leaves four daughters, Miss Martha, at home; Mrs. W. A. Baker, Mrs. E. R. Sharpe and Mrs. B. G. Hamm; also two sons, S. J. Sproule, Odessa, and Frederick, Saskatoon, Sask. She also leaves thirteen grandchildren and one great-grandson. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. G. W. McCall, of Napanee, her former pastor. Her six grandsons acted as pall-bearers. The remains were placed in the vault at Catarquai. Of a large family only one brother remains, J. Hamilton, of Millbrook, who was present at the funeral.

### Stationery in fancy boxes.

Fine English and American stationery in fancy boxes for both the child and the adult at The Medical Hall—Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.

Tuesday evening about 9.45 o'clock an alarm of fire was rung in from box 24, Campbell House corner, for a fire which had started in the building occupied by the Bell Telephone Co. The firemen responded promptly and located the blaze in the basement at the rear of the building. Large volumes of smoke was pouring out of the building and it had the appearance of a serious conflagration. However the firemen soon had three streams of water playing on the flames and in a short time the fire was out. Very little damage was done, only the rafters being burned a little. The telephone service was only out of commission for a short time, until the smoke cleared away, which was about half an hour. The origin of the fire is a mystery, as there was nothing in that part of the building which would cause a fire to start. This is the fifth time in the past few years that the firemen have been called to extinguish incipient fires in this building.

Call at the Berkley Studio and learn how for a very modest outlay you can delight your friends and escape the usual worry of selecting holiday gifts.

Mrs. McCleannan, an aged lady, died, Monday, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. Vine, aged eighty-one years. Deceased was the mother of Mrs. Edward Vine and Mrs. (Capt.) Skillen. The remains were taken to Picton on Tuesday for burial.

The Kingston Standard says:—"We should like to be on the side of the temperance people, as we are on the real temperance; but we must frankly say we cannot see eye to eye with some of the extremists who hold to it that it is wrong for a man to take a drink or that the only way to secure temperance is by the enforcement of a law which, we very much fear, will be honored as much in the breach as in the observance, as is the case now in some of the nearby local option districts."



## Where Style Comes From

The 20th Century Brand Designer and Assistant Designer, travel widely, watch every movement of the mode, and have produced styles that have helped largely to make 20th Century Brand Garments the style standard. Their styles are correct, authentic, and thoroughly metropolitan, as compared with the more or less less styles produced by small tailor shops.

Let us show you  
20th Century Brand  
Clothing.

## THE GRAHAM CO'Y., Napanee, Ont.

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YOU have probably been intending to try Red Rose Tea for some time but from "force of habit" have just kept on using another tea.

Break the Habit  
and buy Red Rose  
next time.



NEVER SOLD IN BULK

Your Grocer Will  
Recommend It**THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and  
TOBACCO STORE.**We think we can please you.  
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

**For Scranton Coal.**Call at office corner of Centre and  
Water Streets, or telephone 128.

P. GLEESON.

**Shoe Sale.**Men's and Women's shoes at reduced  
prices. See ad.

Royal Shoe Store.

**Are You Looking for Bargains?**Then don't neglect calling and  
examine our Steel, and Metal Ranges  
and Heaters. They are as good as the  
best; and as cheap as the cheapest.

43tf POTTER &amp; BLANCHARD.

**Stoves, Stoves.**When you want a good stove, one  
with a reputation and one with material  
that will stand, go to the people  
who know what stoves are.

BOYLE &amp; SON.

**Bargains in Monuments.**I wish to announce to the public,  
that I have a few very choice granite  
monuments in my yard at the rear of  
shop, that I will sell at very close  
figures. There is also an assortment  
of markers and posts that must be sold  
off regardless of cost. A call will con-  
vince you.

C. J. PAPINEAU.

**Public Meeting.**At the last regular meeting of the  
Napanee Cheese Board it was resolved  
that a public meeting of farmers and  
dairymen be held in the town hall on  
Dec. 3rd, at 1 p.m., for the purpose of  
electing delegates to attend the tariff  
convention to be held at Ottawa, on  
Dec. 15th. By orderS. C. SHOREY,  
Secty. 50-b**Remains Brought to Napanee.**Rev. Edward Costigan, L.S.T., for-  
merly of Deseronto, and well known**FALL and  
WINTER****Suits and  
Overcoats!**

The quality of Trimmings used, and the time and pains we take with the inner hidden parts give you a lasting shape-retaining garment.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

**TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH**

Sunday, Nov. 27th, 1910.

Regular services at 10.30 a. m., and  
7 p. m. Sermons by the pastor.  
Special music by the choir under the  
direction of Mr. W. J. Shannon. A  
full male chorus at the morning ser-  
vice.

**PERSONALS**

Mrs. Mina Carscallen returned to  
Vancouver, B. C., last week.

Mrs. S. Detlor is spending the winter in London with her son, Mr. George Detlor.

Mrs. Dr. C. M. Stratton spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Miss C. Johnston spent the past week visiting friends in Bath.

Mrs. J. G. Prout, Dorland, is visiting her sister in Northbrook.

Mrs. Stewart Daly was in Norwood last week attending the funeral of her uncle, the late John Finley, ex-M.P.

Mr. C. B. Creighton, Hawley, is attending the O.B.C., Belleville.

Mr. W. A. Rose spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Mr. Uriah Wilson, M. P., and Mrs. Wilson left last week for Ottawa, where Mr. Wilson will attend to his Parliamentary duties.

Mr. D. S. Collier, Kingston, was in town on Monday.

Master Wallace Roy while out walking with his companion on Sunday, had the misfortune to fall into the old quarry on Roblin's hill. He received a bad shaking up but will be all right in a few days.

Mrs. Fred Parrott, Belleville, is the guest of Mrs. J. M. Parrott, John street.

Mr. M. R. Reid, Sydenham, was in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. A. McNeil has returned from Toronto, where she spent the summer.

Mr. Luman Sherwood, C. E., Peterborough, spent a day this week with his father, Mr. H. B. Sherwood.

Mrs. H. M. P. Deroche and children leave next week for their home in Melville, Sask.

Rev. G. McCall attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Joseph Sproule in Odessa on Monday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Snider left Thursday last for his home in California. Mr. Snider is a son of the late Charles Snider, of Ernestown, near Wilton.

Mr. A. W. Benjamin, of Yarker,

**DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE.**

On Thursday afternoon, November 17th, the first meeting of the United Empire Loyalists Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire was held in the Historical Hall. There was a very gratifying attendance, and much interest was taken in the discussion of several schemes of work which were formulated at that meeting.

The following address was given by the Regent:—

"Ladies—Before proceeding with the business of the meeting, I desire to address a few words to you, at this, the first gathering of our Chapter since its formation, now ten days since, when we had the pleasure of greeting Miss Merritt here, and listening to her very able exposition of the aims and objects of the Order.

It is needless for me to say, how pleased I am that a Chapter was formed in Napanee, for, however many societies already exist here, there is certainly room for this one, which is unique in character, and stands alone, being both non-political and non-sectarian, existing not only for the highest expression of patriotism, but engaging also in philanthropic work, and sustained as well by the loyalty, devotion and self sacrifice of ten thousand of the representative women of Canada alone, besides those in other portions of the Empire.

May I ask, Ladies, for your loyalty, support and assistance in making this United Empire Loyalist Chapter, one of the most successful of the Order?

As for the work that we should undertake, may I suggest that we do not strive to do more than we can successfully carry out? Let us feel the ground under our feet, and walk, before we run!

There are I think, two or three worthy objects in which we might engage, (if the voice of the meeting so wills it,) which would I believe, arouse general interest, and at the same time, would not be too great a tax upon the Chapter in its initial stages, viz: the presentation of prizes at the Collegiate Institute, and Public School, for the best essay on a given Imperial subject, to be selected by this Chapter.

We shall be very pleased to hear any suggestions regarding this or other matters that any member may have in mind, at any time, as we should like to discuss the feasibility of the different plans proposed.

We trust that some of our members will contribute papers during the season, and that should members of other Chapters be visiting here, we should be most happy to welcome them, and gladly listen to any information they could give us, or any talk, that would doubtless prove both useful and interesting as to the work being done in their Chapter. We should also suggest our secretary getting into communication with Chapters in other parts of the Empire, as to their objects, also their social, climatic and other environments, which would no doubt excite the interest which novelty invariably commands.

In closing let me add it will be our aim to make our meetings as interesting and entertaining as possible—to which end we must ask all to work in unison."

**Grows Hair Abundantly.**

This is an age of new discoveries. To grow hair after it has fallen out today is a reality.

SALVIA, the Great Hair Tonic and Dressing, will positively create a new growth of hair.

If you want to have a beautiful hair of hair, free from Dandruff, use SALVIA once a day and watch the results.

SALVIA is guaranteed to stop falling hair and restore the hair to its natural color. The greatest Hair Vigor known.

Finnan Haddies, Bloaters, Kippered Herring, Sea Salmon and Codfish just in at FRANK H. PERRY'S.

**ROYAL**

**BAKING POWDER**

**Absolutely Pure**  
**The only baking powder**  
**made from Royal Grape**  
**Cream of Tartar**  
**No Alum, No Lime Phosphate**

**DOES PROHIBITION PROHIBIT?**

The general superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League asserted in his recent annual report that forty-one millions of the people in the United States are living in Prohibition territory. With the exception of Maine and Kansas, which have a population of less than two and a half millions, practically all the alleged "Prohibition" territory has been gained during the past ten years. In this period, the consumption of alcoholic beverages has increased about 25 per cent. faster than the total population!

In the light of these facts it is pertinent to ask, who, what and where does prohibition prohibit, and by what practical results can prohibition be justified?

See the new sanitary feather mattress made by the Dominion Feather Co.

**BIG VALUE FOR LITTLE MONEY.**

For the small sum of one dollar one can certainly get big value by subscribing to the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal. In the first place you get the greatest weekly paper on this continent, a newspaper magazine, and agricultural journal all in one. Then again, each subscriber this season has the chance of winning a free trip to the Old Country next June, with all expenses from his home in Canada to the Old Country and return and his spending money as well. This is no catch penny offer, as the Family Herald and Weekly Star's reputation would not allow any fake contest. Full particulars can be had at this office or by writing for a sample copy of that great paper. It is the best value in Canada beyond dispute.

**Toilet Sets and Ebony Goods.**

The best French make in hair brushes, manicure sets, hand mirrors, &c. at The Medical Hall—Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.



**The Most  
Popular**

Napanee Cheese Board it was resolved that a public meeting of farmers and dairymen be held in the town hall on Dec. 3rd, at 1 p.m., for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the tariff convention to be held at Ottawa, on Dec. 15th. By order

S. C. SHOREY,  
Secty. 50-b

#### Remains Brought to Napanee.

Rev. Edward Costigan, L.S.T., formerly of Deseronto, and well known in Napanee, passed away at his home in Toronto, on Monday, Nov. 21st, after a short illness of pneumonia. He was assistant-rector of the church of St. John the Evangelist, in Toronto. He is survived by his widow, who is a daughter of Mr. H. M. Deroche, K. C., and two children. Mr. W. P. Deroche and Miss Deroche went to Toronto on Monday and returned with the remains on Wednesday evening. The remains were placed in Riverside Cemetery vault.

#### Cement.

In order to receive credit for empty cement sacks the must be returned by Dec. 15th.

M. S. MADOLE.

#### Local Option Meeting.

A fair crowd gathered in the town hall on Tuesday evening to hear local option discussed by Mr. J. J. Mason, mayor of Bowmanville, (a local option town) and local speakers. The chair was occupied by Mr. Chas. Stevens, who introduced the various speakers. Mr. W. T. Gibbard was the first speaker who, in a short address, gave various reasons why local option should be carried in Napanee. Mr. Mason's address dealt with conditions as they are now in Bowmanville, after over a year under local option, and the speaker drew comparisons between the conditions now and those prevailing before local option was passed. Following are some extracts from his address: "Local option is a strong measure for the suppression of the liquor evil and should not be confused with the Scott Act, which was more limited in its provisions and powers of enforcement. It is much easier to enforce Local option than the old license law. There is less liquor sold in Bowmanville under local option than was illegally sold under license. The penalties for selling under local option are severe enough to prevent persons so inclined to take any chances of breaking the law. Some will go to other towns to get liquor but not frequently. The treating system is entirely abolished. The habitual drunkard is prevented from obtaining liquor, no one will trust him. There have been two agricultural fairs in Bowmanville since local option came into force and among thousands of visitors not one person was seen under the influence of liquor, a thing not known under former conditions. There is nothing in the cry that local option will hurt business, business in Bowmanville has increased rather than diminished. The hotels in Bowmanville are better than ever before. The value of town property is 25% higher than two or three years ago. I do not know a person who voted for local option who would vote to repeal it. Business men should be leaders in this movement, they will be the greatest gainers. Let us do our part to have Canada become the first country to totally abolish liquor." Rev. F. T. Dibb also gave a very forcible fifteen minute address, a strong plea for the abolition of the liquor evil and exposition of the many benefits to be secured thereby.

#### Books.

Special books for Christmas. New stock now in, come and make your choice early. We will keep them for you until you want them.

A. E. PAUL.

#### 250 Fountain Pens for \$1.50.

This fountain pen we guarantee equal to any \$2.50 pen procurable, no matter what make so sure are we of it. We refund the money if not satisfied. Sold in Napanee, only at Wallace's Drug Store.

borough, spent a day this week with his father, Mr. H. B. Sherwood.

Mrs. H. M. P. Deroche and children leave next week for their home in Melville, Sask.

Rev. G. McCall attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Joseph Sproule in Odessa on Monday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Snider left Thursday last for his home in California. Mr. Snider is a son of the late Charles Snider, of Ernesttown, near Wilton.

Mr. A. W. Benjamin, of Yarker, was in town Friday.

Mr. James McConnell and Mr. Alexander McConnell, of Harrowsmith, were in town last Friday.

Mrs. A. C. Sewell has returned to her home in Oswego, N. Y., after spending a few weeks the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Ferguson, Robert St.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Scott and Mrs. A. McDonald arrived home last Saturday from their trip to Mexico and Bermuda.

Mrs. John McEwen left Tuesday for McLeod, Alberta, after spending some months with friends in this vicinity.

Mr. T. B. German was in Bath on Thursday.

Mrs. W. T. Gibbard and Miss Gibbard gave an "At Home" on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Thos. Symington entertained her Sunday School Class on Thursday evening.

Mr. Geo. A. Guess and wife left on Wednesday for Peru, South America, after a few days spent with his father, Mr. C. W. Guess.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Parrott of Belleville spent last Sunday with his mother Mrs. M. Parrott Napanee.

Mr. C. W. Guess went to Belleville on Thursday.

Mr. Frank Wartman, of Colebrook, was in Napanee last Friday.

Mr. Shell Joyce, of Carman, Man., arrived home Tuesday to spend the winter with his family in town.

Mrs. M. Ryan, of Newburgh, attended the musical recital in Napanee and spent Sunday with friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Absalom Stover, Odessa, were in town Monday.

Mrs. Dr. Oldham, Yarker, spent a few days this week the guest of Mrs. C. H. Boyes, Kingston.

Mr. Earl Martin, Moscow, joined the staff of the Merchants' Bank this week as Junior.

Mrs. Jas. Taylor is the guest of Mrs. Dr. Ruttan, Woodstock.

Sell your old feather bed or have it made into a new sanitary mattress by the Dominion Feather Co.

#### BIRTHS.

MCWAIN—At North Frederickburgh, on Thursday, Nov. 24th, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. T. G. McWain, a son.

SILLS—At Richmond, on Saturday, Nov. 19th, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. Wellington Sills, a daughter.

DUPREE—At Richmond, on Thursday, Nov. 17th, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dupree, a son.

#### DEATHS.

SPROULE—At her home, at Odessa, on Friday, Nov. 18th, 1910, Mrs. Maria Sproule, relict of the late Joseph Sproule aged 82 years, 11 months.

COSTIGAN—At Toronto, on Monday, Nov. 21st, 1910, Rev. Edward Costigan, formerly of Deseronto, aged 41 years.

DAVERN—At Napanee, on Friday, Nov. 18th, 1910, Michael Davern, aged 82 years.

DEAN—At Toronto, on Thursday, Nov. 24th, 1910, Chas. W. Dean, of Napanee, aged 58 years.

#### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

#### The Best Christmas Card.

Hill's (English) Christmas cards are acknowledged to be the daintiest in both style and colors of any thing in the market. Sold only at The Medical Hall—Napanee's Largest Drug Store—Fred L. Hooper.



# The Most Popular Newspaper With the Women is the TORONTO DAILY STAR

Because it has so many special features for women. The woman who wants to keep posted on the world's happenings from day to day will find the news presented in a most readable way.

Then there are the most interesting of Home Pages—the daily chapters of an entertaining serial story—columns of bright social and personal news—Madge Merton's page—and illustrated daily fashion hints.

Every line sparkling with interest and information—nothing sensational—clean—wholesome—and reliable reading about most everything that appeals to women.

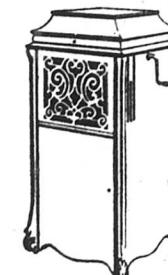
*Send your subscription to-day*

**\$1.50 a Year**

*This paper and the Toronto Daily Star for one year \$2.20*

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# The Amberola



**the newest**

## Edison Phonograph

The Amberola has the sweetness, clearness and faithful reproducing powers that characterize all Edison instruments and, in addition, a case that is a masterpiece of the cabinet-maker's art. It plays both Edison Standard and Edison Amberol Records. It comes in either Mahogany or Oak. Has drawers for holding 100 Records. The price is \$240.

Other types of Edison Phonographs, \$16.50 to \$162.50. Edison Standard Records, 40c. Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long), 65c. Edison Grand Opera Records, 85c. \$2.50.

There are Edison dealers everywhere. Go to the nearest and hear the Edison Phonograph play both Edison Standard and Amberol Records. Get complete catalogs from your dealer or from us.

National Phonograph Co., 100 Lakeside Ave., Orange, N.J., U.S.A.

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**R. B. ALLEN, Market Square**